**Network Video Recorder** 

**User Manual** 

### **User Manual**

#### **About this Manual**

This Manual is applicable to Network Video Recorder (NVR).

The Manual includes instructions for using and managing the product. Pictures, charts, images and all other information hereinafter are for description and explanation only. The information contained in the Manual is subject to change, without notice, due to firmware updates or other reasons. Please find the latest version in the company website.

Please use this user manual under the guidance of professionals.

### **Legal Disclaimer**

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### **Regulatory Information**

### **FCC Information**

Please take attention that changes or modification not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

FCC compliance: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

### **FCC Conditions**

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

### **EU Conformity Statement**

This product and - if applicable - the supplied accessories too are marked with "CE" and comply therefore with the applicable harmonized European standards listed under the EMC Directive 2014/30/EU, the LVD Directive 2014/35/EU, the RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU.



2012/19/EU (WEEE directive): Products marked with this symbol cannot be disposed of as unsorted municipal waste in the European Union. For proper recycling, return this product to your local supplier upon the purchase of equivalent new equipment, or dispose of it at designated collection points. For more information see: www.recyclethis.info



2006/66/EC (battery directive): This product contains a battery that cannot be disposed of as unsorted municipal waste in the European Union. See the product documentation for specific battery information. The battery is marked with this symbol, which may include lettering to indicate cadmium (Cd), lead (Pb), or mercury (Hg). For proper recycling, return the battery to your supplier or to a designated collection point. For more information see: www.recyclethis.info

### **Industry Canada ICES-003 Compliance**

This device meets the CAN ICES-3 (A)/NMB-3(A) standards requirements.

### **Safety Instruction**

These instructions are intended to ensure that user can use the product correctly to avoid danger or property loss.

The precaution measure is divided into "Warnings" and "Cautions"

Warnings: Serious injury or death may occur if any of the warnings are neglected.

Cautions: Injury or equipment damage may occur if any of the cautions are neglected.

A			⚠	
Warnings Follow	these	Cautions	Follow	these
safeguards to prevent	serious	precautions	to	prevent
injury or death.		potential in	jury or	material
		damage.		



### Warnings

- Proper configuration of all passwords and other security settings is the responsibility of the installer and/or end-user.
- In the use of the product, you must be in strict compliance with the electrical safety regulations of the nation and region. Please refer to technical specifications for detailed information.
- Input voltage should meet both the SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) and the Limited Power Source with 100~240 VAC or 12 VDC according to the IEC60950-1 standard. Please refer to technical specifications for detailed information.
- Do not connect several devices to one power adapter as adapter overload may cause over-heating or a fire hazard.
- Please make sure that the plug is firmly connected to the power socket.
- If smoke, odor or noise rise from the device, turn off the power at once and unplug the power cable, and then please contact the service center.

### **Preventive and Cautionary Tips**

Before connecting and operating your device, please be advised of the following tips:

- Ensure unit is installed in a well-ventilated, dust-free environment.
- Unit is designed for indoor use only.
- Keep all liquids away from the device.
- Ensure environmental conditions meet factory specifications.
- Ensure unit is properly secured to a rack or shelf. Major shocks or jolts to the unit as a result of dropping it may cause damage to the sensitive electronics within the unit.
- Use the device in conjunction with an UPS if possible.
- Power down the unit before connecting and disconnecting accessories and peripherals.
- A factory recommended HDD should be used for this device.
- Improper use or replacement of the battery may result in hazard of explosion. Replace with the same or
  equivalent type only. Dispose of used batteries according to the instructions provided by the battery
  manufacturer.

Thank you for purchasing our product. If there is any question or request, please do not hesitate to contact dealer.

The figures in the manual are for reference only.

This manual is applicable to LTN07128-R16.

### **Product Key Features**

### General

- Connectable to network cameras, network dome and encoders.
- Connectable to the third-party network cameras like ACTI, Arecont, AXIS, Bosch, Brickcom, Canon, PANASONIC, Pelco, SAMSUNG, SANYO, SONY, Vivotek and ZAVIO, and cameras that adopt ONVIF or PSIA protocol.
- Connectable to the smart IP cameras.
- H.265, H.264, SVAC, MPEG4, and MJPEG (only for Hikvision IP camera) video formats.
- PAL/NTSC adaptive video inputs.
- Each channel supports dual-stream.
- Up to 128 network cameras can be added according to different models.
- Independent configuration for each channel, including resolution, frame rate, bit rate, image quality,
- The quality of the input and output record is configurable.

#### **Local Monitoring**

- HDMI 1, HDMI 2, and VGA outputs are provided.
- HDMI 2 video output at up to 4K resolution.
- Multiple screen display in live view is supported, and the display sequence of channels is adjustable.
- Live view screen can be switched in group. Manual switch and auto-switch are provided and the auto-switch interval is configurable.
- Quick setting menu is provided for live view.
- Motion detection, video tampering, video exception alert and video loss alert functions.
- Privacy mask.
- Connectable to the thermal network camera.
- Multiple PTZ protocols supported; PTZ preset, patrol and pattern.
- Zooming in by clicking the mouse and PTZ tracing by dragging mouse.

### **HDD Management**

- Up to 16 SATA hard disks and 1 eSATA disk can be connected for LTN07128-R16.
- Up to 8TB storage capacity for each disk supported.
- Supports 8 network disks (NAS/IP SAN disk).
- Supports S.M.A.R.T. and bad sector detection.
- HDD group management.
- Supports HDD standby function.
- HDD property: redundancy, read-only, read/write (R/W).
- HDD quota management; different capacity can be assigned to different channel.
- RAIDO, RAID1, RAID5, RAID 6, and RAID10 are supported.
   Hot-swappable RAID storage scheme, and can be enabled and disabled on your demand. And 16 arrays can be configured.
- Supports disk clone to the eSATA disk.

### **Recording, Capture and Playback**

- Holiday recording schedule configuration.
- Continuous and event video recording parameters.
- Multiple recording types: manual, continuous, alarm, motion, motion | alarm, motion & alarm and VCA.
- 8 recording time periods with separated recording types.

- Pre-record and post-record for alarm, motion detection for recording, and pre-record time for schedule and manual recording.
- Searching video files by events (alarm input/motion detection).
- Tag adding for record files, searching and playing back by tags.
- Locking and unlocking record files.
- Local redundant recording.
- Provide new playback interface with easy and flexible operation.
- Searching and playing back video files by channel number, recording type, start time, end time, etc.
- Smart search for the selected area in the video.
- Zooming in when playback.
- Reverse playback of multi-channel.
- Supports pause, play reverse, speed up, speed down, skip forward, and skip backward when playback, and locating by dragging the mouse.
- Supports thumbnails view and fast view during playback.
- Up to 20-ch synchronous playback at 1080p real time.
- Manual capture and playback of captured pictures.
- Supports enabling H.264+ to ensure high video quality with lowered bitrate.

#### **Backup**

- Export video data by USB, SATA or eSATA device.
- Export video clips when playback.
- Management and maintenance of backup devices.
- Either Normal or Hot Spare working mode is configurable to constitute an N+1 hot spare system.

### **Alarm and Exception**

- Configurable arming time of alarm input/output.
- Alarm for video loss, motion detection, tampering, abnormal signal, video input/output standard mismatch, illegal login, network disconnected, IP confliction, abnormal record/capture, HDD error, and HDD full, etc.
- VCA detection alarm is supported.
- VCA search for face detection, vehicle plate, behavior analysis, people counting and heat map.
- Alarm triggers full screen monitoring, audio alarm, notifying surveillance center, sending email and alarm output.
- Automatic restore when system is abnormal.

### **Other Local Functions**

- Operable by front panel, mouse, or keyboard.
- Three-level user management; admin user is allowed to create many operating accounts and define their operating permission, which includes the limit to access any channel.
- Operation, alarm, exceptions and log recording and searching.
- Manually triggering and clearing alarms.
- Import and export of device configuration information.

### **Network Functions**

- Four self-adaptive 10M/100M/1000M network interfaces and the multi-address, load balance, and network fault-tolerance working modes are configurable.
- IPv6 is supported.
- TCP/IP protocol, DHCP, DNS, DDNS, NTP, SADP, SMTP, SNMP, NFS, and iSCSI are supported.
- TCP, UDP and RTP for unicast.
- Auto/Manual port mapping by UPnP<sup>TM</sup>.

- Extranet access by HiDDNS.
- Remote web browser access by HTTPS ensures high security.
- The ANR (Automatic Network Replenishment) function is supported, it enables the IP camera save the
  recording files in the local storage when the network is disconnected, and synchronizes the files to the
  NVR when the network is resumed.
- Remote reverse playback via RTSP.
- Supports accessing by the platform via ONVIF.
- Remote search, playback, download, locking and unlocking of the record files, and support downloading files broken transfer resume.
- Remote parameters setup; remote import/export of device parameters.
- Remote viewing of the device status, system logs and alarm status.
- Remote keyboard operation.
- Remote locking and unlocking of control panel and mouse.
- Remote HDD formatting and program upgrading.
- Remote system restart and shutdown.
- RS-485 transparent channel transmission.
- Alarm and exception information can be sent to the remote host.
- Remotely start/stop recording.
- Remotely start/stop alarm output.
- Remote PTZ control.
- Two-way audio and voice broadcasting.
- Embedded WEB server.

### **Development Scalability:**

- SDK for Windows system.
- Source code of application software for demo.
- Development support and training for application system.

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	Prod	duct Key	/ Features	5
Cha	pter :	1	Introduction	13
	1.1	Front	Panel	. 14
	1.2	USB I	Mouse Operation	. 16
	1.3	Input	Method Description	. 17
	1.4	Rear	Panel	. 18
Cha	pter	2	Getting Started	19
	2.1	Starti	ing Up and Shutting Down the NVR	. 20
		2.1.1	Starting up	. 20
		2.1.2	Shutting down	. 20
		2.1.3	Rebooting	. 21
	2.2	Activ	ating Your Device	. 21
	2.3	Using	the Unlock Pattern for Login	. 22
		2.3.1	Configuring the Unlock Pattern	. 22
		2.3.2	Logging in via Unlock Pattern	. 24
	2.4	Using	Wizard for Basic Configuration	. 24
	2.5	Login	and Logout	. 29
		2.5.1	User Login	. 29
		2.5.2	User Logout	. 29
	2.6	Addir	ng and Connecting the IP Cameras	. 31
		2.6.1	Activating the IP Camera	. 31
		2.6.2	Adding the Online IP Cameras	. 32
		2.6.3	Editing the Connected IP Cameras and Configuring Customized Protocols	. 36
Cha	pter	3	Live View	39
	3.1	Intro	duction of Live View	. 40
	3.2	Oper	ations in Live View Mode	. 41
		3.2.1	Using the Mouse in Live View	. 41
		3.2.2	Using an Auxiliary Monitor	. 42
		3.2.3	Quick Setting Toolbar in Live View Mode	. 42
	3.3	Adjus	sting Live View Settings	. 45
	3.4	Chan	nel-Zero Encoding	. 47
Cha	pter 4	4	PTZ Controls	48
	4.1	Confi	guring PTZ Settings	. 49
	4.2	Settir	ng PTZ Presets, Patrols & Patterns	. 50
		4.2.1	Customizing Presets	. 50
		4.2.2	Calling Presets	. 50
		4.2.3	Customizing Patrols	. 51
		4.2.4	Calling Patrols	. 52
		4.2.5	Customizing Patterns	. 53
		4.2.6	Calling Patterns	. 53
		4.2.7	Customizing Linear Scan Limit	. 54
		4.2.8	Calling Linear Scan	. 55

	4.2.9	One-touch Park	55
4.3	PTZ	Control Panel	57
Chapter !	5	Recording Settings	58
5.1	Conf	iguring Parameters	59
5.2	Conf	iguring Recording Schedule	62
5.3	Conf	iguring Motion Detection Recording	65
5.4	Conf	iguring Alarm Triggered Recording	67
5.5	Man	ual Recording	69
5.6	Conf	iguring Holiday Recording	70
5.7	Conf	iguring Redundant Recording	72
5.8	Conf	iguring HDD Group for Recording	74
5.9	Files	Protection	75
	5.9.1	Locking the Recording Files	75
	5.9.2	Setting HDD Property to Read-only	77
Chapter	6	Playback	79
6.1	Playi	ng Back Record Files	80
	6.1.1	Instant Playback	80
	6.1.2	Playing Back by Normal Search	80
	6.1.3	Playing back by Smart Playback	82
	6.1.4	Playing Back by Event Search	85
	6.1.5	Playing Back by Tag	86
	6.1.6	Playing Back by Sub-periods	89
	6.1.7	Playing Back by System Logs	89
	6.1.8	Playing Back External File	91
	6.1.9	Playing Back Pictures	91
6.2	Auxi	liary Functions of Playback	93
	6.2.1	Playing Back Frame by Frame	93
	6.2.2	Thumbnails View	93
	6.2.3	Fast View	94
	6.2.4	Digital Zoom	94
	6.2.5	File Management	95
Chapter 1	7	Backup	96
7.1	Back	ing up Record Files	97
	7.1.1	Quick Export	97
	7.1.2	Backing up by Normal Video/Picture Search	
	7.1.3	Backing up by Event Search	100
	7.1.4	Backing up Video Clips	101
7.2	Man	aging Backup Devices	102
7.3	Hot :	Spare Device Backup	103
	7.3.1	Setting Hot Spare Device	103
	7.3.2	Setting Working Device	
	7.3.3	Managing Hot Spare System	104
Chapter		Alarm Settings	
8.1	Setti	ng Motion Detection Alarm	108

	8.2	Setting Sensor Alarms	110
	8.3	Detecting Video Loss Alarm	113
	8.4	Detecting Video Tampering Alarm	115
	8.5	Handling Exceptions Alarm	117
	8.6	Setting Alarm Response Actions	118
	8.7	Triggering or Clearing Alarm Output Manually	121
Chap	oter 9	VCA Alarm	.122
	9.1	Face Detection	123
	9.2	Vehicle Detection	123
	9.3	Line Crossing Detection	124
	9.4	Intrusion Detection	126
	9.5	Region Entrance Detection	128
	9.6	Region Exiting Detection	128
	9.7	Loitering Detection	128
	9.8	People Gathering Detection	129
	9.9	Fast Moving Detection	129
	9.10	Parking Detection	129
	9.11	Unattended Baggage Detection	130
	9.12	Object Removal Detection	130
	9.13	Audio Exception Detection	130
	9.14	Sudden Scene Change Detection	131
	9.15	Defocus Detection	131
	9.16	PIR Alarm	132
Cha	oter 10	VCA Search	.133
	10.1	Face Search	134
	10.2	Behavior Search	135
	10.3	Plate Search	136
	10.4	Advanced Search	137
	10.5	People Counting	138
	10.6	Heat Map	138
Cha	oter 11	Network Settings	.140
	11.1	Configuring General Settings	141
	11.2	Configuring Advanced Settings	142
	1	1.2.1 Configuring DDNS	142
	1	1.2.2 Configuring NTP Server	143
	1	1.2.3 Configuring SNMP	144
	1	1.2.4 Configuring More Settings	144
	1	1.2.5 Configuring HTTPS Port	145
	1	1.2.6 Configuring Email	147
	1	1.2.7 Configuring NAT	148
	11.3	Checking Network Traffic	151
	11.4	Configuring Network Detection	152
	1	1.4.1 Testing Network Delay and Packet Loss	152
	-		

	11.4.3 Checking the Network Status	153
	11.4.4 Checking Network Statistics	154
Chapter 1	12 RAID	156
12.1	Configuring Array	157
	12.1.1 Enable RAID	157
	12.1.2 One-Touch Configuration	158
	12.1.3 Manually Creating Array	159
12.2	2 Rebuilding Array	162
	12.2.1 Automatically Rebuilding Array	162
	12.2.2 Manually Rebuilding Array	163
12.3	B Deleting Array	164
12.4	1 Checking and Editing Firmware	165
Chapter 1	13 HDD Management	166
13.1	I Initializing HDDs	167
13.2	2 Managing Network HDD	169
13.3	3 Managing eSATA	171
13.4	1 Managing HDD Group	172
	13.4.1 Setting HDD Groups	172
	13.4.2 Setting HDD Property	173
13.5	5 Configuring Quota Mode	175
13.6	5 Configuring Disk Clone	177
13.7	7 Checking HDD Status	179
	13.7.1 Checking HDD Status in HDD Information Interface	179
	13.7.2 Checking HDD Status in HDD Information Interface	179
13.8	B HDD Detection	181
13.9	Onfiguring HDD Error Alarms	183
Chapter 1	14 Camera Settings	184
14.1	Configuring OSD Settings	185
14.2	2 Configuring Privacy Mask	186
14.3	3 Configuring Video Parameters	187
Chapter 1	15 NVR Management and Maintenance	188
15.1	Viewing System Information	189
15.2	2 Searching & Exporting Log Files	190
15.3	3 Importing/Exporting IP Camera Info	192
15.4	1 Importing/Exporting Configuration Files	193
15.5	5 Upgrading System	194
	15.5.1 Upgrading by Local Backup Device	194
	15.5.2 Upgrading by FTP	194
15.6	5 Restoring Default Settings	195
Chapter 1	16 Others	196
16.1	Configuring General Settings	197
16.2	2 Configuring DST Settings	198
16.3	3 Configuring More Settings	199
16.4	Managing User Accounts	200

### Network Video Recorder User Manual

	16.4.1	Adding a User	200
	16.4.2	Deleting a User	202
	16.4.3	Editing a User	203
Chanter	17	A	205
Chapter	1/	Appendix	205
•		ary	

# **Chapter 1 Introduction**

## 1.1 Front Panel

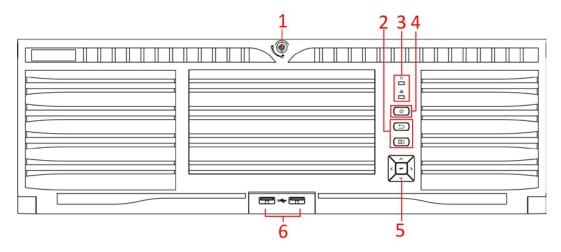


Figure 1. 1 Front Panel

Table 1. 1 Description

	Table 1. 1 Description			
No.	Name		Description	
1	Panel lock		Locks or unlocks the panel by the key.	
			Returns to the previous menu.	
		Exit	Press it twice quickly to switch the main and auxiliary port.	
2	Shortcut buttons		In live view mode, press it to enter PTZ control interface.	
2	Shortcut buttons		Press it to pop up main menu.	
		Menu	Hold it for 5 seconds to turn on/off button sound.	
			During playback, press it to show/hide control panel.	
			Solid red: at least one HDD is installed	
2	Chatana in diaatana	HDD	Unlit: no HDD is detected.	
3	Status indicators		Blinking red: HDD is reading/writing.	
	Tx/Rx		Blinking blue indicates network communication is normal.	
4			Powers on/off device. Solid blue indicates device is powered on. Solid red	
4	Power switch		indicates device is shut down.	
		ENTER	Confirms selection in any of the menu modes.	
			Checks the checkbox fields.	
			Switches on/off status.	
			Plays or pauses the video playing in playback mode.	
			Advances the video by a single frame in single-frame playback mode.	
5	Control buttons		Stops/starts auto switch in auto-switch mode.	
5	Control buttons		Navigates between different fields and items in menus.	
			In the playback mode, use the Up and Down buttons to speed up and	
		DIRECTION	slow down recorded video. Use the Left and Right buttons to select the	
		DIVECTION	next and previous video files.	
			Cycles through channels in live view mode.	
			Controls the movement of the PTZ camera in PTZ control mode.	

No.	Name	Description	
6	C USP interferen	Universal Serial Bus (USB) ports for additional devices such as USB mouse	
0	USB interfaces	and USB Hard Disk Drive (HDD).	

## 1.2 USB Mouse Operation

A regular 3-button (Left/Right/Scroll-wheel) USB mouse can also be used with this NVR. To use a USB mouse:

- 1. Plug USB mouse into one of the USB interfaces on the front panel of the NVR.
- The mouse should automatically be detected. If in a rare case that the mouse is not detected, the possible reason may be that the two devices are not compatible, please refer to recommended the device list from your provider.

The operation of the mouse:

Table 1. 1 Description of the Mouse Control

Name	Action	Description	
	Single-Click	Live view: select channel and show the quick set menu.	
		Menu: select and enter.	
	Double-Click	Live view: switch between single-screen and multi-screen.	
Left-Click	Click and Drag	PTZ control: pan, tilt and zoom.	
		Video tampering, privacy mask and motion detection: Select target area.	
		Digital zoom-in: drag and select target area.	
		Live view: drag channel/time bar.	
Right-Click	Single-Click	Live view: show menu.	
		Menu: exit current menu to upper level menu.	
Scroll-Wheel	Scrolling up	Live view: previous screen.	
		Menu: previous item.	
	Scrolling down	Live view: next screen.	
		Menu: next item.	

## 1.3 Input Method Description



Figure 1. 2 Soft Keyboard (1)



Figure 1. 3 Soft Keyboard (2)

Description of the buttons on the soft keyboard:

Table 1. 2 Description of the Soft Keyboard Icons

Icon	Description	Icon	Description
0 9	Number	A Z	English letter
<b>1</b>	Lowercase/Uppercase	×	Backspace
123 <sub>/-,</sub> ABC	Switch the keyboard		Space
	Positioning the cursor	1	Exit
#+=	Symbols		Reserved

## 1.4 Rear Panel

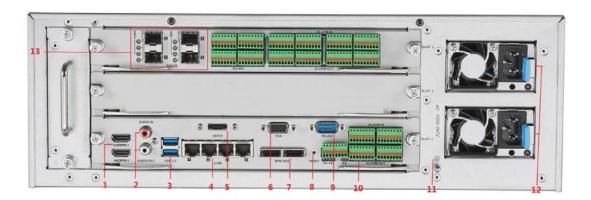


Figure 1. 4 Rear Panel

Table 1. 2 Panel Description

No.	Name	Description
1	HDMI 1/2	HDMI video output connector.
2	Audio in	RCA connector for audio input.
	Audio out	RCA connector for audio output.
3	USB 3.0	Universal Serial Bus (USB 3.0) ports for additional devices such as USB mouse
		and USB Hard Disk Drive (HDD).
4	LAN	4 10/100/1000 Mbps self-adaptive Ethernet interfaces.
5	eSATA	Connects external SATA HDD, CD/DVD-RM.
6	VGA	DB9 connector for VGA output.
7	Mini SAS (optional)	Connector for mini SAS.
8	Reset	Reset button.
9	RS-232	Connector for RS-232 devices.
10	Alarm in	Connector for alarm input.
	Alarm out	Connector for alarm output.
	RS-485	Connector for RS-485 devices.
	КВ	Connector for keyboard.
11	GND	Ground (needs to be connected when NVR starts up).
12	Power supply	Only one power supply module is provided by default. Two power supply
	modules	modules are optional for redundancy.
13	Fiber Board	Fiber connection

# **Chapter 2 Getting Started**

## 2.1 Starting Up and Shutting Down the NVR

### Purpose:

Proper startup and shutdown procedures are crucial to expanding the life of the NVR.

### Before you start:

Check that the voltage of the extra power supply is the same with the NVR's requirement, and the ground connection is working properly.

### 2.1.1 Starting up

### Steps:

Connect the device power supply interface and electrical socket with delivered power cable. It is HIGHLY recommended that an Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS) be used in conjunction with the device. The Power button on the front panel should be red, indicating the device is receiving the power.



If the device is shut down according to steps of 2.1.2 Shutting down, press the **POWER** button in front panel to start device.

### 2.1.2 Shutting down

### Steps:

There are two proper ways to shut down the NVR.

- OPTION 1: Standard shutdown
  - 1. Enter the Shutdown menu.

Menu > Shutdown

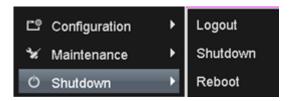


Figure 2. 1 Shutdown Menu

- 2. Click the Shutdown button.
- 3. Click the Yes button.
- OPTION 2: By operating the front panel
  - 1. Hold the POWER button on the front panel for 3 seconds.
  - 2. Click the Yes button.



Do not press the POWER button again when the system is shutting down.

### 2.1.3 Rebooting

### Purpose:

In the Shutdown menu, you can also reboot the NVR.

#### Steps:

- 1. Enter the **Shutdown** menu by clicking Menu > Shutdown.
- 2. Click the Logout button to lock the NVR or the Reboot button to reboot the NVR.

### 2.2 Activating Your Device

### Purpose:

For the first-time access, you need to activate the device by setting an admin password. No operation is allowed before activation. You can also activate the device via Web Browser, SADP or Client Software.

### Steps:

1. Input the same password in the text field of Create New Password and Confirm New Password.

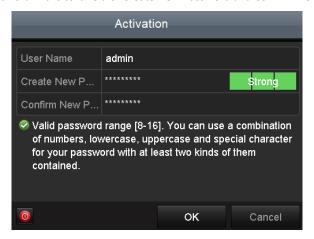


Figure 2. 2 Set Admin Password

strong password regularly, especially in the high security system, resetting the password monthly or weekly can better protect your product.

2. Click **OK** to save the password and activate the device.



For the old version device, if you update it to the new version, the following dialog box will pop up once the device starts up. You can click **YES** and follow the wizard to set a strong password.



Figure 2. 3 Warning Dialog Box



If Admin's password is modified, the following menu pops up. Optionally, click the Yes button to duplicate the password to IP cameras that are connected with default protocol.



Figure 2. 4 Attention Interface

## 2.3 Using the Unlock Pattern for Login

For the Admin user, you can configure the unlock pattern for device login.

### 2.3.1 Configuring the Unlock Pattern

After the device is activated, you can enter the following interface to configure the device unlock pattern.

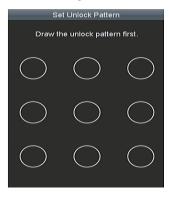


Figure 2. 5 Set Unlock Pattern

### Steps:

1. Use the mouse to draw a pattern among the 9 dots on the screen. Release the mouse when the pattern is done.

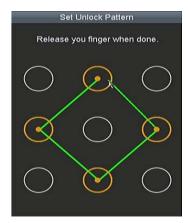


Figure 2. 6 Draw the Pattern



- Connect at least 4 dots to draw the pattern.
- Each dot can be connected for once only.
- 2. Draw the same pattern again to confirm it. When the two patterns match, the pattern is configured successfully.



Figure 2. 7 Confirm the Pattern



If the two patterns are different, you must set the pattern again.

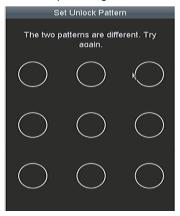


Figure 2. 8 Re-set the Pattern

### 2.3.2 Logging in via Unlock Pattern



- Only the *admin* user has the permission to unlock the device.
- Please configure the pattern first before unlocking. Please refer to chapter 2.3.1 Configuring the Unlock Pattern.

### Steps:

1. Right click the mouse on the screen and select the menu to enter the interface.

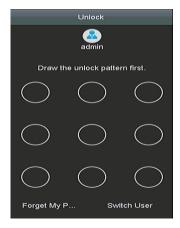


Figure 2. 9 Draw the Unlock Pattern

2. Draw the pre-defined pattern to unlock to enter the menu operation.



- If you have forgotten your pattern, you can select the Forget My Pattern or Switch User option to enter the normal login dialog box.
- When the pattern you draw is different from the pattern you have configured, you should try again.
- If you have drawn the wrong pattern for more than 5 times, the system will switch to the normal login mode automatically.



Figure 2. 10 Normal Login Dialog Box

## 2.4 Using Wizard for Basic Configuration

By default, the Setup Wizard starts once the NVR has loaded, as shown in Figure 2. 11.



Figure 2. 11 Start Wizard Interface

### Operating the Setup Wizard:

- The Setup Wizard can walk you through some important settings of the NVR. If you don't want to use the Setup Wizard at that moment, click the Cancel button. You can also choose to use the Setup Wizard next time by leaving the "Start wizard when the device starts?" checkbox checked.
- 2. Click Next button to enter the date and time settings window, as shown in Figure 2. 12.

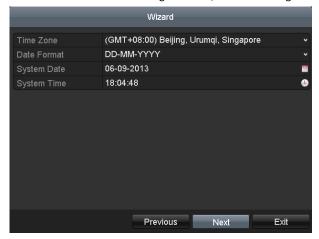


Figure 2. 12 Date and Time Settings

**3.** After the time settings, click **Next** button which takes you back to the Network Setup Wizard window, as shown in the following figure.

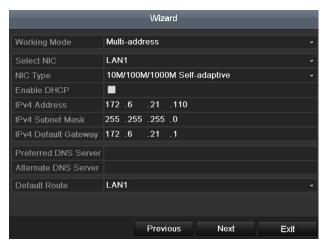


Figure 2. 13 Network Setting

4. Click Next button after you configured the basic network parameters. Then you will enter the Advanced Network Parameter interface. You can enable UPnP, DDNS and set other ports according to your need.



Figure 2. 14 Advanced Network Parameters

**5.** Click **Next** button after you configured the network parameters, which takes you to the RAID configuration window.



Figure 2. 15 Array Management

6. Click Next button to enter the Array Management window.

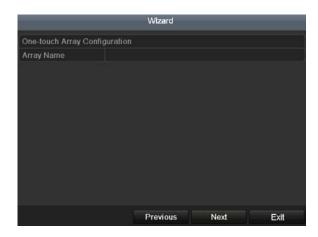


Figure 2. 16 Array Management

7. Click **Next** button after you configured the network parameters, which takes you to the **HDD Management** window, shown in Figure 2. 17.



Figure 2. 17 HDD Management

- 8. To initialize the HDD, click the Init button. Initialization removes all the data saved in the HDD.
- 9. Click Next button. You enter the Adding IP Camera interface.
- **10.** Click **Search** to search the online IP Camera and the **Security** status shows whether it is active or inactive. Before adding the camera, make sure the IP camera to be added is in active status.

If the camera is in inactive status, you can click the inactive icon of the camera to set the password to activate it. You can also select multiple cameras from the list and click the **One-touch Activate** to activate the cameras in batch.

Click the Add to add the camera.



Figure 2. 18 Search for IP Cameras



When you check the checkbox of **Enable H.265**, the NVR can automatically switch to the H.265 stream of IP camera (which supports H.265 video format) for the initial access.

**11.**Click **Next** button. Configure the recording for the added IP Cameras.

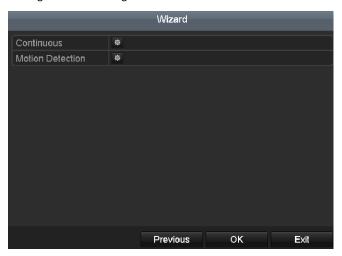


Figure 2. 19 Record Settings

**12.**Click **OK** to complete the startup Setup Wizard.

## 2.5 Login and Logout

### 2.5.1 User Login

### Purpose:

If NVR has logged out, you must log in the device before operating the menu and other functions.

### Steps:

1. Select the User Name in the dropdown list.

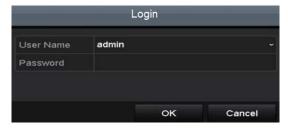


Figure 2. 20 Login Interface

- 2. Input Password.
- 3. Click OK to log in.



In the Login dialog box, if you enter the wrong password 7 times for administrator or 5 times for other user, the current user account will be locked for 60 seconds.



Figure 2. 21 User Account Protection

### 2.5.2 User Logout

### Purpose:

After logging out, the monitor turns to the live view mode and if you want to perform any operations, you need to enter user name and password to log in again.

### Steps:

1. Enter the Shutdown menu.

Menu > Shutdown

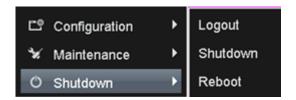


Figure 2. 22 Logout

### 2. Click Logout.



After you have logged out the system, menu operation on the screen is invalid. It is required to input a user name and password to unlock the system.

### 2.6 Adding and Connecting the IP Cameras

### 2.6.1 Activating the IP Camera

### Purpose:

Before adding the camera, make sure the IP camera to be added is in active status.

### Steps:

Select the Add IP Camera option from the right-click menu in live view mode or click Menu> Camera>
 Camera to enter the IP camera management interface.

For the IP camera detected online in the same network segment, the **Password** status shows whether it is active or inactive.

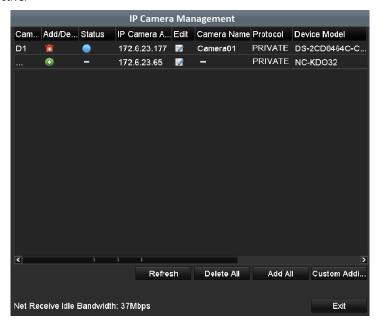


Figure 2. 23 IP Camera Management Interface

**2.** Click the inactive icon of the camera to enter the following interface to activate it. You can also select multiple cameras from the list and click the **One-touch Activate** to activate the cameras in batch.



Figure 2. 24 Activate the Camera

**3.** Set the password of the camera to activate it.

Use Admin Password: when you check the checkbox, the camera (s) will be configured with the same

admin password of the operating NVR.



Figure 2. 25 Set New Password

**Create New Password:** If the admin password is not used, you must create the new password for the camera and confirm it.



STRONG PASSWORD RECOMMENDED—We highly recommend you create a strong password of your own choosing (Using a minimum of 8 characters, including at least three of the following categories: upper case letters, lower case letters, numbers, and special characters.) in order to increase the security of your product. And we recommend you reset your password regularly, especially in the high security system, resetting the password monthly or weekly can better protect your product.

**4.** Click **OK** to finish the acitavting of the IP camera. And the security status of camera will be changed to **Active**.

### 2.6.2 Adding the Online IP Cameras

### Purpose:

The main function of the NVR is to connect the network cameras and record the video got from it. So before you can get a live view or record of the video, you should add the network cameras to the connection list of the device.

### Before you start:

Ensure the network connection is valid and correct. For detailed checking and configuring of the network, please see *Chapter Checking Network Traffic* and *Chapter Configuring Network Detection*.

### Adding the IP Cameras

### OPTION 1:

### Steps:

- 1. Click to select an idle window in the live view mode.
- 2. Click the icon in the center of the windw to pop up the adding IP camera interface.
- **3.** Select the detected IP camera and click the **Add** button to add it directly, and you can click the **Search** button to refresh the online IP camera manually.

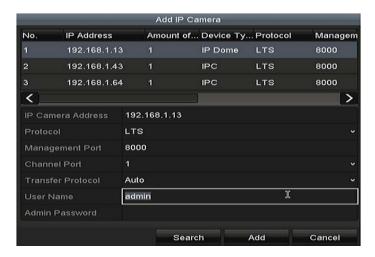


Figure 2. 26 Quick Adding IP Camera Interface

Or you can choose to custom add the IP camera by editing the parameters in the corresponding textfiled and then click the **Add** button to add it.

### • OPTION 2:

Select the Add IP Camera option from the right-click menu in live view mode or click Menu> Camera>
 Camera to enter the IP camera management interface.

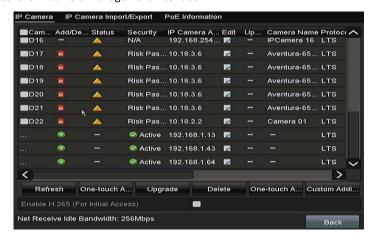


Figure 2. 27 Adding IP Camera Interface

- 2. The online cameras with same network segment will be detected and displayed in the camera list.
- 3. Select the IP camera from the list and click the button to add the camera. Or you can click the One-touch Adding button to add all cameras (with the same login password) from the list.



Make sure the camera to add has already been activated.

4. (For the encoders with multiple channels only) check the **Channel Port** checkbox in the pop-up window, as shown in the following figure, and click **OK** to add multiple channels.

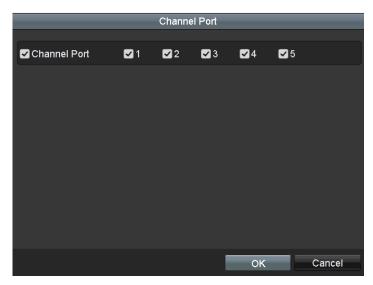


Figure 2. 28 Selecting Multiple Channels

### OPTION 3:

### Steps:

1. On the IP Camera Management interface, click the **Custom Adding** button to pop up the Add IP Camera (Custom) interface.



Figure 2. 29 Custom Adding IP Camera Interface

2. You can edit the IP address, protocol, management port, and other information of the IP camera to be added.



If the IP camera to add has not been actiavated, you can activate it from the IP camera list on the camera management interface.

- 3. (Optional) Check the checkbox of **Continue to Add** to add other IP cameras.
- 4. Click **Add** to add the camera. The successfully added cameras are listed in the interface.

Refer to the following table for the description of the icons

Table 2. 1 Description of Icons

Icon	Explanation	Icon	Explanation
	Edit basic parameters of the camera	<b>①</b>	Add the detected IP camera.

<b>^</b>	The camera is disconnected; you can click the icon to get the exception information of camera.	î	Delete the IP camera
	Play the live video of the connected camera.	THE STATE OF	Advanced settings of the camera.
<b>*</b>	Upgrade the connected IP camera.	Security	Show the security status of the camera to be active/inactive or the password strength (strong/medium/weak/risk)



For the added IP cameras, the Security status shows the security level of the password of camera: strong password, weak password, and risk password.

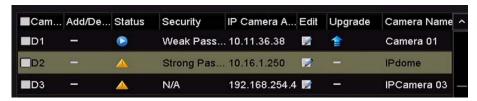


Figure 2. 30 Security Level of IP Camera's Password

### **Enabling the Password of IP Camera Visible**

For the admin login user account, you can check the checkbox of **Show Password of IP Camera** to show the passwords of the successfully added IP cameras in the list.

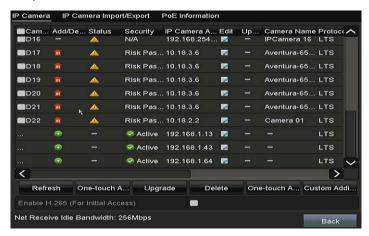


Figure 2. 31 List of Added IP Cameras

### **Enabling the H.265 Stream Access**

You can check the checkbox of **Enable H.265**, the NVR can automatically switch to the H.265 stream of IP camera (which supports H.265 video format) for the initial access.

# 2.6.3 Editing the Connected IP Cameras and Configuring Customized Protocols

After the adding of the IP cameras, the basic information of the camera lists in the page, you can configure the basic settings of the IP cameras.

### Steps:

1. Click the icon to edit the parameters; you can edit the IP address, protocol and other parameters.



Figure 2. 32 Edit the Parameters

**Channel Port:** If the connected device is an encoding device with multiple channels, you can choose the channel to connect by selecting the channel port No. in the dropdown list.

2. Click **OK** to save the settings and exit the editing interface.

### To edit advanced parameters:

1. Drag the horizontal scroll bar to the right side and click the icon.



Figure 2. 33 Network Configuration of the Camera

2. You can edit the network information and the password of the camera.



Figure 2. 34 Password Configuration of the Camera

3. Click **OK** to save the settings and exit the interface.

### Configuring the customized protocols

### Purpose:

To connect the network cameras which are not configured with the standard protocols, you can configure the customized protocols for them.

### Steps:

**1.** Click the **Protocol** button in the custom adding IP camera interface to enter the protocol management interface.

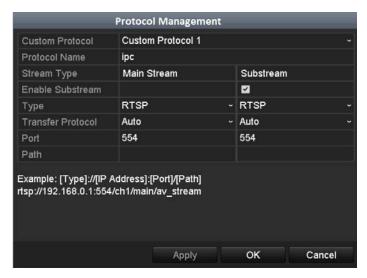


Figure 2. 35 Protocol Management Interface

There are 16 customized protocols provided in the system, you can edit the protocol name; and choose whether to enable the sub-stream.

 $\textbf{2.} \quad \text{Choose the protocol type of transmission and choose the transfer protocols}.$ 



Before customizing the protocol for the network camera, you have to contact the manufacturer of the network camera to consult the URL (uniform resource locator) for getting main stream and sub-stream.

The format of the URL is: [Type]://[IP Address of the network camera]:[Port]/[Path].

*Example:* rtsp://192.168.1.55:554/ch1/main/av\_stream.

- Protocol Name: Edit the name for the custom protocol.
- **Enable Substream:** If the network camera does not support sub-stream or the sub-stream is not needed leave the checkbox empty.
- Type: The network camera adopting custom protocol must support getting stream through standard RTSP.
- Transfer Protocol: Select the transfer protocol for the custom protocol.
- Port: Set the port No. for the custom protocol.
- Path: Set the resource path for the custom protocol. E.g., ch1/main/av\_stream.



The protocol type and the transfer protocols must be supported by the connected network camera.

After adding the customized protocols, you can see the protocol name is listed in the dropdown list, please refer to Figure 2. 36.

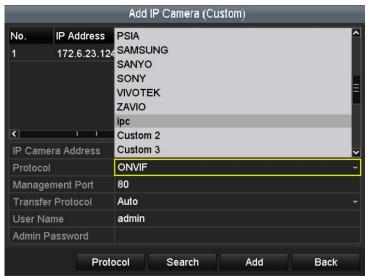


Figure 2. 36 Protocol Setting

3. Choose the protocols you just added to validate the connection of the network camera.

# **Chapter 3** Live View

# 3.1 Introduction of Live View

Live view shows you the video image getting from each camera in real time. The NVR automatically enters Live View mode when powered on. It is also at the very top of the menu hierarchy, thus pressing the ESC many times (depending on which menu you're on) brings you to the Live View mode.

#### **Live View Icons**

In the live view mode, there are icons at the upper-right of the screen for each channel, showing the status of the record and alarm in the channel, so that you can know whether the channel is recorded, or whether there are alarms occur as soon as possible.

Table 3. 1 Description of Live View Icons

Icons	Description
淹	Alarm (video loss, video tampering, motion detection, VCA and sensor alarm)
	Record (manual record, schedule record, motion detection, VCA and alarm triggered record)
*	Alarm and Record
	Event/Exception (motion detection, VCA, sensor alarm or exception information, appears at the lower-left corner of the screen. Please refer to <i>Chapter 8.6 Setting Alarm Response Actions</i> for details.)

# 3.2 Operations in Live View Mode

In live view mode, there are many functions provided. The functions are listed below.

- **Single Screen**: showing only one screen on the monitor.
- Multi-screen: showing multiple screens on the monitor simultaneously.
- Auto-switch: the screen is auto switched to the next one. And you must set the dwell time for each screen on the configuration menu before enabling the auto-switch.
  - Menu > Configuration > Live View > Dwell Time.
- Start Recording: continuous record and motion detection record are supported.
- Output Mode: select the output mode to Standard, Bright, Gentle or Vivid.
- Add IP Camera: the shortcut to the IP camera management interface.
- Playback: playback the recorded videos for current day.
- Aux Monitor: The main and auxiliary output priority principle is listed in Figure 3. 2. The NVR checks the
  connection of the output interfaces and combines with the principle to define the main and auxiliary output
  interfaces.



To configure HDMI 1 and VGA Simultaneous Output and Menu Output Mode, refer to 16.3 Configuring More Settings.

HDMI 1 and VGA Simultaneous Output	Menu Output Mode	Main and Auxiliary Output Priority
	Auto	HDMI 1 > HDMI 2/VGA
Enabled	HDMI 1/VGA	HDMI 1/VGA > HDMI 2
	HDMI 2	HDMI 2 > HDMI 1/VGA
	Auto	HDMI 1 > VGA > HDMI 2
Disabled	VGA	VGA > HDMI 1 > HDMI 2
Disabled	HDMI 1	HDMI 1 > VGA > HDMI 2
	HDMI 2	HDMI 2 > VGA > HDMI 1

Table 3. 2 Main and Auxiliary Output Priority Principle

### 3.2.1 Using the Mouse in Live View

Table 3. 3 Mouse Operation in Live View

Name	Description			
Common Menu	Quick access to the sub-menus which you frequently visit.			
Menu	Enter the main menu of the system by right clicking the mouse.			
Single Screen	Switch to the single full screen by choosing channel number from the dropdown			
Siligle Screen	list.			
Multi-screen	Adjust the screen layout by choosing from the dropdown list.			
Previous Screen	Switch to the previous screen.			
Next Screen	Switch to the next screen.			

Name	Description		
Start/Stop Auto-switch	Enable/disable the auto-switch of the screens.		
Start Recording	Start continuous recording or motion detection recording of all channels.		
Add IP Camera	Enter the IP Camera Management interface, and manage the cameras.		
Playback	Enter the playback interface and start playing back the video of the selected		
riayback	channel immediately.		
PTZ	Enter the PTZ control interface.		
Output Mode	Four modes of output supported, including Standard, Bright, Gentle and Vivid.		
Aux Monitor	Switch to the auxiliary output mode and the operation for the main output is		
Aux Monitor	disabled.		



- The dwell time of the live view configuration must be set before using **Start Auto-switch**.
- If you enter Aux monitor mode and the Aux monitor is not connected, the mouse operation is disabled; you need to switch back to the Main output with the MAIN/AUX button on the front panel or remote.
- If the corresponding camera supports intelligent function, the Reboot Intelligence option is included when right-clicking mouse on this camera.



### 3.2.2 Using an Auxiliary Monitor

Certain features of the Live View are also available while in an Aux monitor. These features include:

- Single Screen: Switch to a full screen display of the selected camera. Camera can be selected from a
  dropdown list.
- Multi-screen: Switch between different display layout options. Layout options can be selected from a
  dropdown list.
- **Next Screen:** When displaying less than the maximum number of cameras in Live View, clicking this feature will switch to the next set of displays.
- Playback: Enter into Playback mode.
- PTZ Control: Enter PTZ Control mode.
- Main Monitor: Enter Main operation mode.



In the live view mode of the main output monitor, the menu operation is not available while Aux output mode is enabled.

### 3.2.3 Quick Setting Toolbar in Live View Mode

On the screen of each channel, there is a quick setting toolbar which shows when you single click the mouse in the corresponding screen.



Figure 3. 2 Quick Setting Toolbar

Table 3. 4 Description of Quick Setting Toolbar Icons

Icon	Description	Icon	Description	Icon	Description
	Enable/Disable Manual Record	Ġ	Instant Playback	<b>*</b>	Mute/Audio on
Ö	Capture	<b>?</b>	PTZ Control	Ø	Digital Zoom
0	Image Settings	尊	Live View Strategy	9	Stream Information
ie	Close				

Instant Playback only shows the record in last five minutes. If no record is found, it means there is no record during the last five minutes.

Digital Zoom is for zooming in the live image. You can zoom in the image to different proportions (1 to16X) by moving the sliding bar from to . You can also scroll the mouse wheel to control the zoom in/out.



Figure 3. 3 Digital Zoom

Image Settings icon can be selected to enter the Image Settings menu.

You can set the image parameters like brightness, contrast, saturation and hue according to the actual demand.



Figure 3. 4 Image Settings- Customize

Live View Strategy can be selected to set strategy, including Real-time, Balanced, Fluency.



Figure 3. 5 Live View Strategy

# 3.3 Adjusting Live View Settings

### Purpose:

Live View settings can be customized according to different needs. You can configure the output interface, dwell time for screen to be shown, mute or turning on the audio, the screen number for each channel, etc.

### Steps:

1. Enter the Live View Settings interface.

Menu > Configuration > Live View

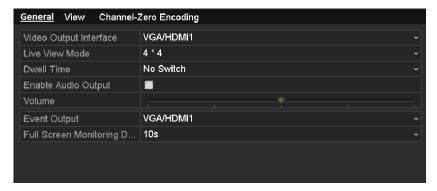


Figure 3. 6 Live View-General

The settings available in this menu include:

- Video Output Interface: Designates the output to configure the settings for. HDMI 1, HDMI 2 and VGA are
  provided.
- Live View Mode: Designates the display mode to be used for Live View.
- **Dwell Time:** The time in seconds to *dwell* between switching of channels when enabling auto-switch in Live View.
- Enable Audio Output: Enables/disables audio output for the selected video output.
- Volume: Adjust the volume of live view, playback and two-way audio for the selected output interface.
- Event Output: Designates the output to show event video.
- Full Screen Monitoring Dwell Time: The time in seconds to show alarm event screen.
- 2. Setting Cameras Order



Figure 3. 7 Live View- Camera Order

- Select the small window, and double-click on the channel number to display the channel on the window.
  - You can click button to start live view for all the channels and click to stop all the live view.
- 3) Click the **Apply** button to save the setting.

You can also click-and-drag the camera to the desired window on the live view interface to set the camera order.

# 3.4 Channel-Zero Encoding

### Purpose:

Sometimes you need to get a remote view of many channels in real time from web browser or CMS (Client Management System) software, in order to decrease the bandwidth requirement without affecting the image quality, channel-zero encoding is supported as an option for you.

#### Stens

- Enter the Live View Settings interface.
   Menu > Configuration > Live View
- 2. Select the Channel-Zero Encoding tab.



Figure 3. 8 Live View- Channel-Zero Encoding

- 3. Check the checkbox after Enable Channel Zero Encoding.
- 4. Configure the Frame Rate, Max. Bitrate Mode and Max. Bitrate.

After you set the Channel-Zero encoding, you can get a view in the remote client or web browser of 16 channels in one screen.

# **Chapter 4 PTZ Controls**

# 4.1 Configuring PTZ Settings

### Purpose:

Follow the procedure to set the parameters for PTZ. The configuring of the PTZ parameters should be done before you control the PTZ camera.

### Steps:

1. Enter the PTZ Settings interface.

Menu >Camera> PTZ



Figure 4. 1 PTZ Settings

2. Click the PTZ Parameters button to set the PTZ parameters.

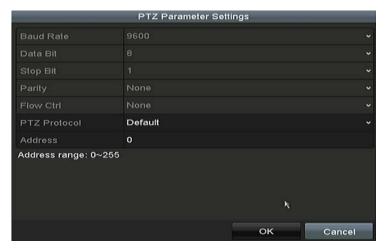


Figure 4. 2 PTZ- General

- 3. Choose the camera for PTZ setting in the Camera dropdown list.
- 4. Enter the parameters of the PTZ camera.

All the parameters should be exactly the same as the PTZ camera parameters.

5. Click Apply button to save the settings.

### 4.2 Setting PTZ Presets, Patrols & Patterns

### Before you start:

Please make sure that the presets, patrols and patterns should be supported by PTZ protocols.

### 4.2.1 Customizing Presets

### Purpose:

Follow the steps to set the Preset location which you want the PTZ camera to point to when an event takes place.

### Steps:

1. Enter the PTZ Control interface.

Menu>Camera>PTZ



Figure 4. 3 PTZ Settings

- **2.** Use the directional button to wheel the camera to the location where you want to set preset; and the zoom and focus operations can be recorded in the preset as well.
- 3. Enter the preset No. (1~255) in the preset text field, and click the **Set** button to link the location to the preset.

Repeat the steps2-3 to save more presets.

You can click the **Clear** button to clear the location information of the preset, or click the **Clear All** button to clear the location information of all the presets.

### 4.2.2 Calling Presets

### Purpose:

This feature enables the camera to point to a specified position such as a window when an event takes place.

### Steps:

 $\textbf{1.} \ \, \textbf{Click the button PTZ} \ in \ the \ lower-right \ corner \ of \ the \ PTZ \ setting \ interface;$ 

Or click the PTZ Control icon in the quick setting bar, or select the PTZ option in the right-click menu

to show the PTZ control panel.

- 2. Choose Camera in the dropdown list.
- 3. Click the General tab.



Figure 4. 4 PTZ Panel - General

- 4. Click to enter the preset No. in the corresponding text field.
- 5. Click the Call Preset button to call it.

### 4.2.3 Customizing Patrols

### Purpose:

Patrols can be set to move the PTZ to different key points and have it stay there for a set duration before moving on to the next key point. The key points are corresponding to the presets. The presets can be set following the steps above in *Customizing Presets*.

### Steps:

1. Enter the PTZ Control interface.

Menu>Camera>PTZ

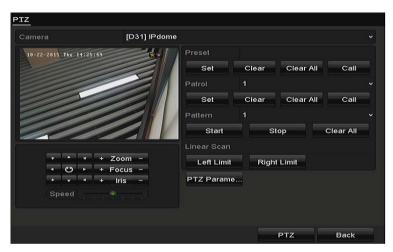


Figure 4. 5 PTZ Settings

- 2. Select patrol No. in the drop-down list of patrol.
- 3. Click the Set button to add key points for the patrol.

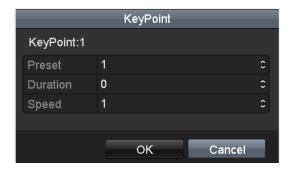


Figure 4. 6 Key Point Configuration

- 4. Configure key point parameters, such as the key point No., duration of staying for one key point and speed of patrol. The key point is corresponding to the preset. The Key Point No. determines the order at which the PTZ will follow while cycling through the patrol. The Duration refers to the time span to stay at the corresponding key point. The Speed defines the speed at which the PTZ will move from one key point to the next.
- 5. Click the **Add** button to add the next key point to the patrol, or you can click the **OK** button to save the key point to the patrol.

You can delete all the key points by clicking the **Clear** button for the selected patrol, or click the **Clear All** button to delete all the key pints for all patrols.

### 4.2.4 Calling Patrols

### Purpose:

Calling a patrol makes the PTZ to move according to the predefined patrol path.

### Steps:

- Click the button PTZ in the lower-right corner of the PTZ setting interface;
   Or click the PTZ Control icon in the quick setting bar, or select the PTZ option in the right-click menu to show the PTZ control panel.
- 2. Click the General tab.



Figure 4. 7 PTZ Panel - General

- 3. Select a patrol in the dropdown list and click the Call Patrol button to call it.
- 4. You can click the Stop Patrol button to stop calling it.

### 4.2.5 Customizing Patterns

### Purpose:

Patterns can be set by recording the movement of the PTZ. You can call the pattern to make the PTZ movement according to the predefined path.

### Steps:

1. Enter the PTZ Control interface.

Menu > Camera > PTZ



Figure 4. 8 PTZ Settings

- 2. Choose pattern number in the dropdown list.
- **3.** Click the **Start** button and click corresponding buttons in the control panel to move the PTZ camera, and click the **Stop** button to stop it.

The movement of the PTZ is recorded as the pattern.

### 4.2.6 Calling Patterns

### Purpose

Follow the procedure to move the PTZ camera according to the predefined patterns.

### Steps:

- 1. Click the button PTZ in the lower-right corner of the PTZ setting interface;
  - Or click the PTZ Control icon in the quick setting bar, or select the PTZ option in the right-click menu to show the PTZ control panel.
- 2. Click the General tab.



Figure 4. 9 PTZ Panel - General

- 3. Click the Call Pattern button to call it.
- 4. Click the Stop Pattern button to stop calling it.

### 4.2.7 Customizing Linear Scan Limit

### Purpose:

The Linear Scan can be enabled to trigger the scan in the horizantal direction in the predefined range.



This function is supported by some certain models.

### Steps:

1. Enter the PTZ Control interface.

Menu > Camera > PTZ



Figure 4. 10 PTZ Settings

2. Use the directional button to wheel the camera to the location where you want to set the limit, and click the **Left Limit** or **Right Limit** button to link the location to the corresponding limit.



The speed dome starts linear scan from the left limit to the right limit, and you must set the left limit on the

left side of the right limit, as well the angle from the left limit to the right limit should be no more than 180°.

### 4.2.8 Calling Linear Scan



Before operating this function, make sure the connected camera supports the linear scan and is in HIKVISION protocol.

#### Purpose:

Follow the procedure to call the linear scan in the predefined scan range.

#### Steps.

1. Click the button PTZ in the lower-right corner of the PTZ setting interface;

Or click the PTZ Control icon in the quick setting bar to enter the PTZ setting menu in live view mode.

2. Click the One-touch tab.



Figure 4. 11 PTZ Panel - One-touch

3. Click Linear Scan button to start the linear scan and click the Linear Scan button again to stop it.
You can click the Restore button to clear the defined left limit and right limit data and the dome needs to reboot to make settings take effect.

### 4.2.9 One-touch Park



Before operating this function, make sure the connected camera supports the linear scan and is in HIKVISION protocol.

### Purpose:

For some certain model of the speed dome, it can be configured to start a predefined park action (scan, preset, patrol and etc.) automatically after a period of inactivity (park time).

### Steps:

1. Click the button PTZ in the lower-right corner of the PTZ setting interface;

Or click the PTZ Control icon in the quick setting bar to enter the PTZ setting menu in live view mode.

2. Click the One-touch tab.



Figure 4. 12 PTZ Panel - One-touch

3. There are 3 one-touch park types selectable, click the corresponding button to activate the park action.

**Park (Quick Patrol):** The dome starts patrol from the predefined preset 1 to preset 32 in order after the park time. The undefined preset will be skipped.

Park (Patrol 1): The dome starts move according to the predefined patrol 1 path after the park time.

Park (Preset 1): The dome moves to the predefined preset 1 location after the park time.



The park time can only be set through the speed dome configuration interface, by default the value is 5s.

**4.** Click the button again to inactivate it.

### 4.3 PTZ Control Panel

To enter the PTZ control panel, there are two ways supported.

#### **OPTION 1:**

In the PTZ settings interface, click the PTZ button on the lower-right corner which is next to the Back button.

### OPTION 2:

In the Live View mode, you can choose the PTZ Control icon in quick setting bar, or select the PTZ option in the right-click menu.

Click the **Configuration** button on the control panel, and you can enter the PTZ Settings interface.



In PTZ control mode, the PTZ panel will be displayed when a mouse is connected with the device. If no mouse is connected, the PTZ icon appears in the lower-left corner of the window, indicating that this camera is in PTZ control mode.







Figure 4. 13 PTZ Panel

Table 4. 1 Description of the PTZ panel icons

Icon	Description	lcon	Description	Icon	Description
	Direction button and the auto-cycle button	÷	Zoom+, Focus+, Iris+		Zoom-, Focus-, Iris-
•	The speed of the PTZ movement	*	Light on/off	<b>▼</b> //	Wiper on/off
30	3D-Zoom	耳	Image Centralization		Menu
PTZ Control	Switch to the PTZ control interface	One-touch	Switch to the one-touch control interface	General	Switch to the general settings interface
1	Previous item		Next item	0	Start pattern / patrol
0	Stop the patrol / pattern movement	×	Exit		Minimize windows

# **Chapter 5 Recording Settings**

# 5.1 Configuring Parameters

### Purpose:

By configuring the parameters you can define the parameters which affect the image quality, such as the transmission stream type, the resolution and so on.

#### Before you start:

 Make sure that the HDD has already been installed. If not, please install a HDD and initialize it. (Menu > HDD > General)



Figure 5. 1 HDD- General

- 2. Check the storage mode of the HDD
  - 1) Click **Advanced** to check the storage mode of the HDD.
  - 2) If the HDD mode is *Quota*, please set the maximum record capacity and maximum picture capacity. For detailed information, see *Chapter Configuring Quota Mode*.
  - 3) If the HDD mode is **Group**, you should set the HDD group. For detailed information, see *Chapter Configuring HDD Group for Recording*.

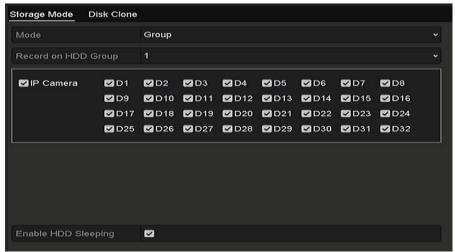


Figure 5. 2 HDD- Advanced

### Steps:

1. Enter the Record settings interface to configure the recording parameters:

Menu > Record > Parameters

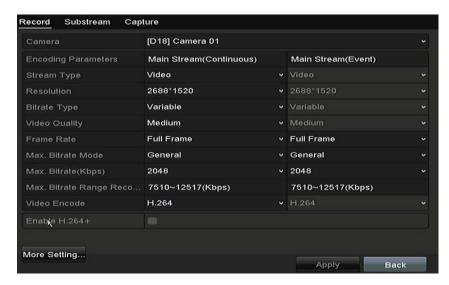


Figure 5. 3 Recording Parameters

### 2. Parameters Setting for Recording

- Select **Record** tab page to configure. You can configure the stream type, the resolution, and other parameters on your demand.
  - Video Encode: select the video encoding to H.265 or H.264.
  - Enable H.264+ Mode: check the checkbox to enable. Once enabled, the Max. Bitrate Mode,
     Max. Bitrate(Kbps) and Max. Bitrate Range Recommend are not configurable. Enabling it helps to ensure the high video quality with a lowered bitrate.



The H.265 and H.264+ should be supported by the connected IP camera.

2) Click the **More Settings** button to set the advanced parameters for recording and then click **OK** button to finish editing.



Figure 5. 4 More Settings

- Pre-record: The time you set to record before the scheduled time or event. For example, when an
  alarm triggers the recording at 10:00, and if you set the pre-record time as 5 seconds, the camera
  records at 9:59:55.
- Post-record: The time you set to record after the event or the scheduled time. For example, when

an alarm triggered recording ends at 11:00, and if you set the post-record time as 5 seconds, it records till 11:00:05.

- Expired Time: The expired time is period for a recorded file to be kept in the HDD. When the
  deadline is reached, the file will be deleted. If you set the expired time to 0, the file will not be
  deleted. The actual keeping time for the file should be determined by the capacity of the HDD.
- Redundant Record: By enabling redundant record or capture you save the record and captured
  picture in the redundant HDD. See Chapter Configuring Redundant Recording.
- Record Audio: Check the checkbox to enable or disable audio recording.
- Video Stream: Main stream and sub-stream are selectable for recording. When you select sub-stream, you can record for a longer time with the same storage space.
- 3) Click **Apply** to save the settings.



You can enable the ANR (Automatic Network Replenishment) function via the web browser (Configuration > Storage > Schedule Settings > Advanced) to save the video files in the IP camera when the network is disconnected, and synchronize the files to the NVR when the network is resumed.



- The redundant record/capture is used when you want to save the record files or captured pictures in the redundant HDD. You must configure the redundant HDD in HDD settings. For detailed information, see Chapter 13.4.2.
- The parameters of Main Stream (Event) are read-only.
- 3. Parameters Settings for Sub-stream
  - 1) Enter the Sub-stream tab page.



Figure 5. 5 Sub-stream Parameters

- 2) Configure the parameters of the camera.
- 3) Click **Apply** to save the settings.



The interval is the time period between two capturing actions. You can configure all the parameters on this menu on your demand.

# 5.2 Configuring Recording Schedule

### Purpose:

Set the record schedule, and then the camera automatically starts/stops recording according to the configured schedule.



In this chapter, we take the record schedule procedure as an example, and the same procedure can be applied to configure schedule for both recording and capture. To schedule the automatic capture, you need to choose the Capture tab in the **Schedule** interface.

#### Steps:

1. Enter the Record Schedule interface.

Menu > Record > Schedule

- 2. Configure Record Schedule
  - 1) Select Record Schedule.

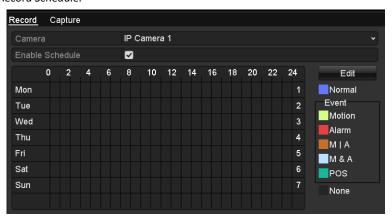


Figure 5. 6 Record Schedule

Different recording types are marked in different color icons.

Continuous: scheduled recording.

**Event**: recording triggered by all event triggered alarm.

**Motion**: recording triggered by motion detection.

Alarm: recording triggered by alarm.

**M/A:** recording triggered by either motion detection or alarm.

M&A: recording triggered by motion detection and alarm.



You can delete the set schedule by clicking the **None** icon.

- 2) Choose the camera you want to configure.
- 3) Select the check box after the **Enable Schedule** item.
- 4) Click Edit button or click on the color icon under the edit button and draw the schedule line on the panel.

### Edit the schedule:

 $\label{eq:local_local_local_local_local} \textbf{I.} \quad \text{In the message box, you can choose the day to which you want to set schedule.}$ 

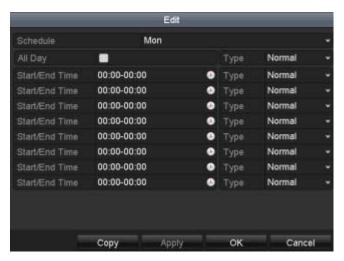


Figure 5. 7 Recording Schedule Interface

You can click the button to set the accurate time of the schedule.

II. To schedule an all-day recording, check the checkbox after the **All Day** item.



Figure 5. 8 Edit Schedule

III. To arrange other schedule, set the Start/End time for each period.



Up to 8 periods can be configured for each day. And the time periods can't be overlapped each other.

IV. Select the record type in the dropdown list.



- To enable Motion, Alarm, M | A (motion or alarm), M & A (motion and alarm) and VCA (Video Content Analysis) triggered recording and capture, you must configure the motion detection settings, alarm input settings or VCA settings as well. For detailed information, refer to *Chapter 8.1* and *Chapter 9*.
- The VCA settings are only available to the smart IP cameras.

Repeat the above edit schedule steps to schedule recording or capture for other days in the week. If the schedule can also be applied to other days, click **Copy**.



Figure 5. 9 Copy Schedule to Other Days

- $\label{eq:V.Click} \textbf{OK} \ \text{to save setting and back to upper level menu.}$
- VI. Click **Apply** in the Record Schedule interface to save the settings.

### Draw the schedule:

I. Click on the color icons, you can choose the schedule type as continuous or event.



Figure 5. 10 Draw the Schedule

- II. Click the **Apply** button to validate the settings.
- **3.** (Optional) If the settings can also be used to other channels, click **Copy**, and then choose the channel to which you want to copy.
- 4. Click **Apply** to save the settings.

# 5.3 Configuring Motion Detection Recording

### Purpose:

Follow the steps to set the motion detection parameters. In the live view mode, once a motion detection event takes place, the NVR can analyze it and do many actions to handle it. Enabling motion detection function can trigger certain channels to start recording, or trigger full screen monitoring, audio warning, notify the surveillance center and so on. In this chapter, you can follow the steps to schedule a record which triggered by the detected motion.

#### Steps:

1. Enter the Motion Detection interface.

Menu>Camera>Motion



Figure 5. 11 Motion Detection

- 2. Configure Motion Detection:
  - 1) Choose camera you want to configure.
  - 2) Check the checkbox after **Enable Motion Detection**.
  - 3) Drag and draw the area for motion detection by mouse. If you want to set the motion detection for all the area shot by the camera, click **Full Screen**. To clear the motion detection area, click **Clear**.
  - 4) Click Settings, and the message box for channel information pops up.

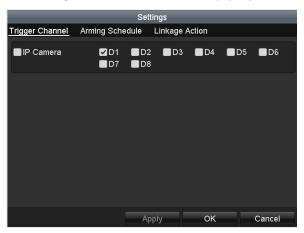


Figure 5. 12 Motion Detection Handling

5) Select the channels which you want the motion detection event to trigger recording.

- 6) Click **Apply** to save the settings.
- 7) Click **OK** to back to the upper level menu.
- 8) Exit the Motion Detection menu.
- **3.** Edit the Motion Detection Record Schedule. For the detailed information of schedule configuration, see *Chapter Configuring Recording Schedule*.

# 5.4 Configuring Alarm Triggered Recording

#### Purpose:

Follow the procedure to configure alarm triggered recording or capture.

#### Steps:

1. Enter the Alarm settings interface.

Menu > Configuration > Alarm

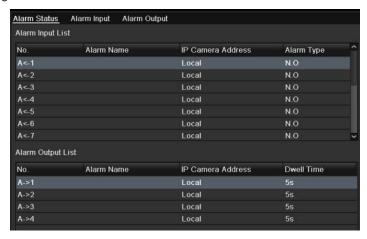


Figure 5. 13 Alarm Settings

### 2. Click Alarm Input.

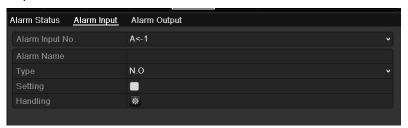


Figure 5. 14 Alarm Settings- Alarm Input

- 1) Select Alarm Input number and configure alarm parameters.
- 2) Choose N.O (normally open) or N.C (normally closed) for alarm type.
- 3) Check the checkbox of Enable.
- 4) Click Settings.

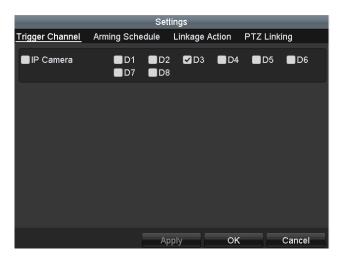


Figure 5. 15 Alarm Settings

- 5) Choose the alarm triggered recording channel.
- 6) Check the checkbox to select channel.
- 7) Click **Apply** to save settings.
- 8) Click **OK** to back to the upper level menu.

Repeat the above steps to configure other alarm input parameters.

If the settings can also be applied to other alarm inputs, click Copy and choose the alarm input number.

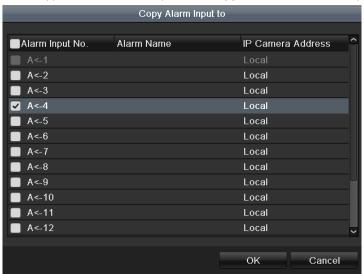


Figure 5. 16 Copy Alarm Input

**3.** Edit the Alarm triggered record in the Record/Capture Schedule setting interface. For the detailed information of schedule configuration, see *Chapter Configuring Recording Schedule*.

# 5.5 Manual Recording

### Purpose:

Follow the steps to set parameters for the manual recording and continuous capture. Using manual recording and continuous capture, you need to manually cancel the record and capture. The manual recording and manual continuous capture is prior to the scheduled recording and capture.

#### Steps

1. Enter the Manual settings interface.

Menu> Manual

Or press the **REC/SHOT** button on the front panel.



Figure 5. 17 Manual Record

- 2. Enable the Manual Recording.
  - 1) Select **Record** on the left bar.
- 3. Disable manual record.

Click the status button to change to 5.



Green icon emans that the channel is configured the record schedule. After rebooting, all the manual records enabled will be canceled.

# 5.6 Configuring Holiday Recording

### Purpose:

Follow the steps to configure the record or capture schedule on holiday for that year. You may want to have different plan for recording and capture on holiday.

### Steps:

1. Enter the Record setting interface.

Menu > Record > Holiday

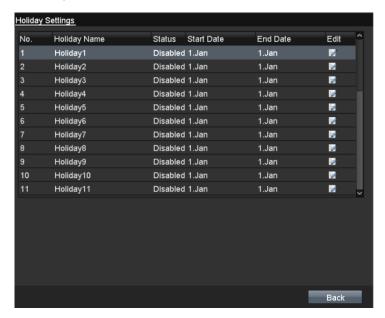


Figure 5. 18 Holiday Settings

- 2. Enable Edit Holiday schedule.
  - 1) Click to enter the Edit interface.

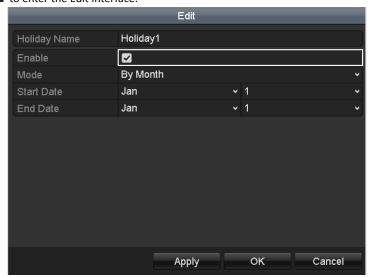


Figure 5. 19 Edit Holiday Settings

2) Check the checkbox after Enable Holiday.

- 3) Select Mode from the dropdown list.
  - There are three different modes for the date format to configure holiday schedule.
- 4) Set the start and end date.
- 5) Click **Apply** to save settings.
- 6) Click **OK** to exit the Edit interface.
- **3.** Enter Record/Capture Schedule settings interface to edit the holiday recording schedule. See *Chapter 6.2 Configuring Recording Schedule*.

# 5.7 Configuring Redundant Recording

## Purpose:

Enabling redundant recording and capture, which means saving the record files and captured pictures not only in the R/W HDD but also in the redundant HDD, will effectively enhance the data safety and reliability.

### Steps:

1. Enter HDD Information interface.

Menu > HDD



Figure 5. 20 HDD General

- 2. Select the **HDD** and click to enter the Local HDD Settings interface.
  - 1) Set the HDD property to Redundancy.

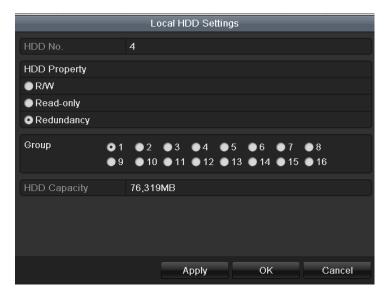


Figure 5. 21 HDD General-Editing

- 2) Click **Apply** to save the settings.
- 3) Click **OK** to back to the upper level menu.



You must set the Storage mode in the HDD advanced settings to Group before you set the HDD property to Redundant. For detailed information, please refer to *Chapter 11.4.1 Setting HDD Property*. There should be at least another HDD which is in Read/Write status.

3. Enter the Record setting interface.

Menu> Record> Parameters

- 1) Select Record tab.
- 2) Click More Settings to enter the following interface.

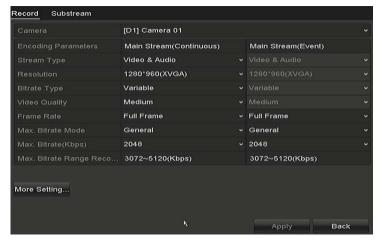


Figure 5. 22 Record Parameters

- 3) Select Camera you want to configure in the drop-down list.
- 4) Check the checkbox of **Redundant Record**.
- 5) Click **OK** to save settings and back to the upper level menu.

Repeat the above steps for configuring other channels.

# 5.8 Configuring HDD Group for Recording

#### Purpose:

You can group the HDDs and save the record files and captured pictures in certain HDD group.

#### Steps

1. Enter HDD setting interface.

Menu > HDD



Figure 5. 23 HDD General

2. Select Advanced on the left side menu.



Figure 5. 24 Storage Mode

Check whether the storage mode of the HDD is Group. If not, set it to Group. For detailed information, please refer to *Chapter 14.4 Managing HDD Group*.

- 3. Select General in the left side menu
- **4.** Click **1** to enter editing interface.
- 5. Configuring HDD group.
  - 1) Choose a group number for the HDD group.
  - 2) Click **Apply** and then in the pop-up message box, click **Yes** to save your settings.
  - Click **OK** to back to the upper level menu.
     Repeat the above steps to configure more HDD groups.
- 6. Choose the Channels which you want to save the record files and captured pictures in the HDD group.
  - 1) Select **Advanced** on the left bar.
  - 2) Choose Group number in the dropdown list of Record on HDD Group
  - 3) Check the channels you want to save in this group.
  - 4) Click **Apply** to save settings.



After having configured the HDD groups, you can configure the recording settings following the procedure provided in *Chapter 5.2 to 5.7*.

# 5.9 Files Protection

#### Purpose.

You can lock the recording files or set the HDD property to Read-only to protect the record files from being overwritten.

# 5.9.1 Locking the Recording Files

## Lock File when Playback

## Steps:

1. Enter Playback interface.

Menu> Playback

2. Check the checkbox of channel(s) in the channel list and then double-click to select a date on the calendar.



Figure 5. 25 Normal Playback

3. During playback, click the button to lock the current recording file.



In the multi-channel playback mde, clicking the button will lock all the record files related to the playback channels.

**4.** You can click the button to pop up the file management interface. Click the **Locked File** tab to check and export the locked files.

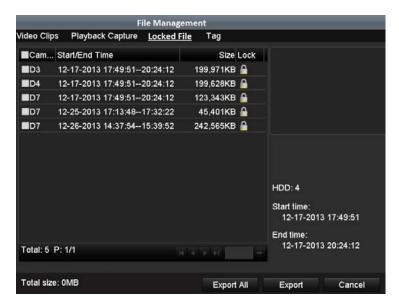


Figure 5. 26 Locked File Management

In the File Management interface, you can also click to change it to to unlock the file and the file is not protected.

## Lock File when Export

## Steps:

1. Enter Export setting interface.

Menu> Export



Figure 5. 27 Export

- 2. Select the channels you want to search by checking the checkbox to
- 3. Configure the record type, file type start/end time.
- 4. Click **Search** to show the results.

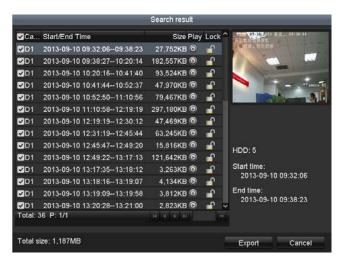


Figure 5. 28 Export- Search Result

- 5. Protect the record files.
  - 1) Find the record files you want to protect, and then click the icon which will turn to , indicating that the file is locked.



The record files of which the recording is still not completed cannot be locked.

2) Click 1 to change it to 1 to unlock the file and the file is not protected.



Figure 5. 29 Unlocking Attention

# 5.9.2 Setting HDD Property to Read-only

## Steps:

1. Enter HDD setting interface.

Menu> HDD



Figure 5. 30 HDD General

2. Click at to edit the HDD you want to protect.

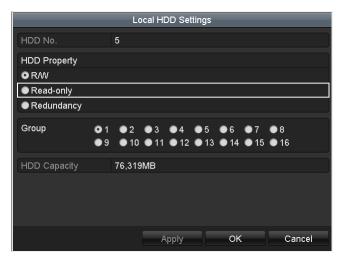


Figure 5. 31 HDD General- Editing



To edit HDD property, you need to set the storage mode of the HDD to Group. See Chapter Managing HDD Group.

- 3. Set the HDD property to Read-only.
- **4.** Click **OK** to save settings and back to the upper level menu.



- You cannot save any files in a Read-only HDD. If you want to save files in the HDD, change the property to R/W.
- If there is only one HDD and is set to Read-only, the NVR can't record any files. Only live view mode is available.
- If you set the HDD to Read-only when the NVR is saving files in it, then the file will be saved in next R/W HDD. If there is only one HDD, the recording will be stopped.

# **Chapter 6 Playback**

# 6.1 Playing Back Record Files

# **6.1.1** Instant Playback

## Purpose:

Play back the recorded video files of a specific channel in the live view mode. Channel switch is supported.

## Instant playback by channel

### Steps:

Choose a channel in live view mode and click the button in the quick setting toolbar.



In the instant playback mode, only record files recorded during the last five minutes on this channel will be played back.



Figure 6. 1 Instant Playback Interface

# 6.1.2 Playing Back by Normal Search

## **Playback by Channel**

Enter the Playback interface.

Right click a channel in live view mode and select Playback from the menu, as shown in Figure 6. 2.



Figure 6. 2 Right-click Menu under Live View



Pressing numerical buttons will switch playback to the corresponding channels during playback process.

## **Playback by Time**

## Purpose:

Play back video files recorded in specified time duration. Multi-channel simultaneous playback and channel switch are supported.

## Steps:

- Enter playback interface.
   Menu>Playback
- 2. Check the checkbox of channel(s) in the channel list and then double-click to select a date on the calendar.



Figure 6. 3 Playback Calendar



If there are record files for that camera in that day, in the calendar, the icon for that day is displayed as

Otherwise it is displayed as 11

# **Playback Interface**

You can use the toolbar in the bottom part of Playback interface to control playing progress.



Figure 6. 4 Playback Interface

Click the channel(s) to execute simultaneous playback of multiple channels.



Figure 6. 5 Toolbar of Playback



- The 09-15-2014 12:54:41 -- 12-09-2014 14:11:21 indicates the start/end time of the recorded video files.
- Playback progress bar: use the mouse to click any point of the progress bar or drag the progress bar to locate specific frames.

Table 6. 1 Detailed Explanation of Playback Toolbar

Item	Button	Operation	Button	Operation		
Smart Search	F 4	Set full screen for motion	/	Draw line for the line		
	# 1	detection	,	crossing detection		
	$\Diamond$	Draw quadrilateral for the	Y	Filter video files by setting		
		intrusion detection		the target characters		
	<b>▼</b>	Audio on/Mute	do / du	Start/Stop clipping		
Operations	0	Capture Picture	rè <u>a</u>	Lock File		
	10	Add default tag	Ш	Add customized tag		
	<b>\$</b>	File management for video clips, captured pictures, locked files and tags	Digital Zoom			
	П/Б	Pause/Play	<b>4</b> /II	Reverse play/ Pause		
Playing Control	*	Slow forward	•	Stop		
	305	30s forward	305	30s reverse		
	>	Next day	<b>&gt;&gt;</b>	Fast forward		
	(	Previous day				
	1	Previous/Next period	30mins	Play the time bar in 30 minutes (default)		
Time Bar Scaling	<u> </u>	Play the time bar in 1 hour	<b>2</b> h	Play the time bar in 2 hours		
	● 6h	Play the time bar in 6	24h	Play the time bar in 24		
		hours	2411	hours		

# 6.1.3 Playing back by Smart Playback

### Purpose:

The smart playback function provides an easy way to get through the less effective information. When you select

the smart playback mode, the system will analyze the video containing the motion or VCA information, mark it with green color and play it in the normal speed while the video without motion will be played in the 16-time speed. The smart playback rules and areas are configurable.

## Before you start:

To get the smart search result, the corresponding event type must be enabled and configured on the IP camera. Here we take the intrusion detection as an example.

Log in the IP camera by the web browser, and enable the intrusion detection by checking the checkbox of it.
 You may enter the motion detection configuration interface by Configuration> Advanced Configuration>
 Events> Intrusion Detection.



Figure 6. 6 Setting Intrusion Detection on IP Camera

2. Configure the required parameters of intrusion detection, including area, arming schedule and linkage methods. Refer to the user manual of smart IP camera for detailed instructions.

## Steps:

- 1. Enter Playback interface.
  - Menu>Playback
- 2. Select the Normal/Smart in the drop-down list on the top-left side.
- 3. Select a camera in the camera list.
- 4. Select a date in the calendar and click the button on the left toolbar to play the video file.



Figure 6. 7 Playback by Smart Search

- **5.** Click the **s** status bar to switch to the playback by smart search interface.
- **6.** Set the rules and areas for smart search of line crossing detection, intrusion detection or motion detection event triggered recording.

## **Full Screen Motion/Intrusion Detection**

Click the to set the full-screen full screen as the detection area.

## Line Crossing Detection

Select the button , and click on the image to specify the start point and end point of the line.

#### Intrusion Detection

Click the button, and specify 4 points to set a quadrilateral region for intrusion detection. Only one region can be set.

## Motion Detection

Click the button and then click and draw the mouse to set the detection area manually. You can also click the button to set the full screen as the detection area.

- 7. Click to search and play the matched video files.
- 8. (Optional) You can click to filter the searched video files by setting the target characters, including the gender and age of the human and whether he/she wears glasses.



Figure 6. 8 Set Result Filter

# 6.1.4 Playing Back by Event Search

## Purpose:

Play back record files on one or several channels searched out by event type (e.g., alarm input, motion detection and VCA).

## Steps:

- Enter the Playback interface.
   Menu>Playback
- 2. Select the **Event** in the drop-down list on the top-left side.
- 3. Select the major type to Alarm Input, Motion or VCA as the event type.



We take playback by VCA as the example in the following instrucions.

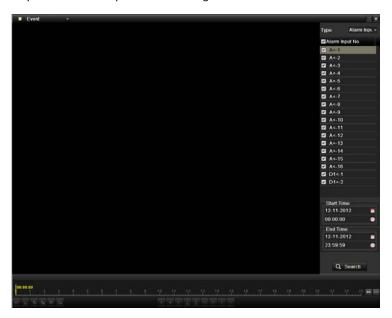


Figure 6. 9 Event Search Interface

**4.** Select the minor type of VCA from the drop-down list. (Please refer to *Chapter 9 VCA Alarm* for the details of VCA detection types).

For configuring the VCA recording, please refer to Chapter 5.2 Configuring Recording Schedule; and for details of VCA detection types, please refer to Chapter 9 VCA Alarm.

- 5. Select the camera (s) for searching, and set the Start time and End time.
- 6. Click Search button to get the search result information. You may refer to the right-side bar for the result.
- 7. Select a result item and click button to play back the file.



8. Enter the Synch Playback interface to select the camera (s) for synchronous playback.



Figure 6. 10 Synch Playback Interface

9. Enter the playback interface.

The toolbar in the bottom part of playback interface can be used to control playing process.



Figure 6. 11 Interface of Playback by Event

You can click or button to select the previous or next event. Please refer to Table 6.1 for the description of buttons on the toolbar.

# 6.1.5 Playing Back by Tag

## Purpose:

Video tag allows you to record related information like people and location of a certain time point during playback. You can use video tag(s) to search for record files and position time point.

## Before playing back by tag:

- Enter Playback interface.
   Menu>Playback
- 2. Search and play back the record file(s). Refer to *Chapter 6.1.1 Instant Playback* for the detailed information about searching and playback of the record files.



Figure 6. 12 Interface of Playback by Time

Click button to add default tag.

Click button to add customized tag and input tag name.



Max. 64 tags can be added to a single video file.

3. Tag management.

Click button to enter the File Management interface and click **Tag** to manage the tags. You can check, edit, and delete tag(s).

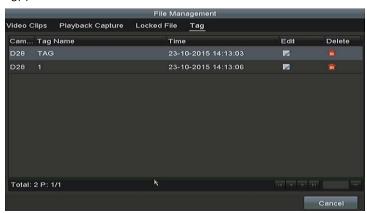


Figure 6. 13 Tag Management Interface

## Playing back by Tag

## Steps:

- 1. Select the Tag from the drop-down list in the Playback interface.
- 2. Choose channels, edit start time and end time, and then click **Search** to enter Search Result interface.



Figure 6. 14 Interface of Playback by Tag

NOTE You can enter keyword in the textbox Keyword to search the tag on your command.

3. Click button to play back the selected tag file.

You can click the **Back** button to back to the search interface.



Figure 6. 15 Interface of Playback by Tag

Pre-play and post-play can be configured.

You can click or button to select the previous or next tag. Please refer to Table 6.1 for the description of buttons on the toolbar.

# 6.1.6 Playing Back by Sub-periods

## Purpose:

The video files can be played in multiple sub-periods simultaneously on the screens.

#### Steps:

- Enter Playback interface.
   Menu>Playback
- 2. Select **Sub-periods** from the drop-down list in the upper-left corner of the page to enter the Sub-periods Playback interface.
- 3. Select a date and start playing the video file.
- 4. Select the Split-screen Number from the dropdown list. Up to 16 screens are configurable.

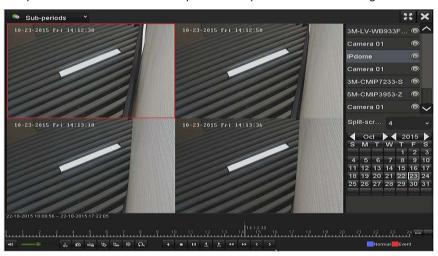


Figure 6. 16 Interface of Sub-periods Playback



According to the defined number of split-screens, the video files on the selected date can be divided into average segments for playback. E.g., if there are video files existing between 16:00 and 22:00, and the 6-screen display mode is selected, then it can play the video files for 1 hour on each screen simultaneously.

# 6.1.7 Playing Back by System Logs

## Purpose:

Play back record file(s) associated with channels after searching system logs.

## Steps:

- Enter Log Information interface.
   Menu>Maintenance>Log Information
- Click Log Search tab to enter Playback by System Logs.Set search time and type and click Search button.

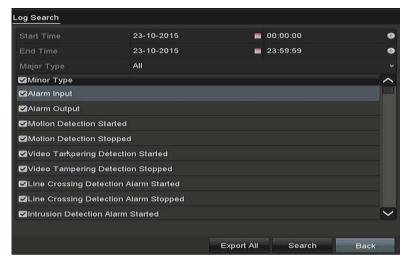


Figure 6. 17 System Log Search Interface

3. Choose a log with record file and click button to enter Playback interface.



If there is no record file at the time point of the log, the message box "No result found" will pop up.

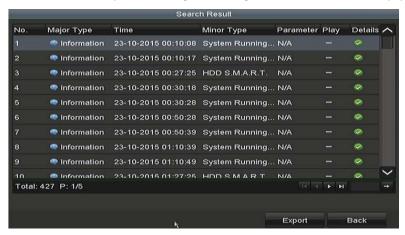


Figure 6. 18 Result of System Log Search

4. Playback interface.

The toolbar in the bottom part of Playback interface can be used to control playing process.



Figure 6. 19 Interface of Playback by Log

# 6.1.8 Playing Back External File

## Purpose:

Perform the following steps to look up and play back files in the external devices.

#### Steps

- 1. Enter Tag Search interface.
  - Menu>Playback
- 2. Select the External File in the drop-down list on the top-left side.
  - The files are listed in the right-side list.
  - You can click the Refresh button to refresh the file list.
- 3. Select and click the button to play back it. And you can adjust the playback speed by clicking and



Figure 6. 20 Interface of External File Playback

# **6.1.9 Playing Back Pictures**

## Purpose:

The captured pictures stored in the HDDs of the device can be searched and viewed.

## Steps:

- 1. Enter Playback interface.
  - Menu > Playback
- **2.** Select **Picture** from the drop-down list in the upper-left corner of the page to enter the Picture Playback interface.
- **3.** Check checkbox to select the channel(s) and specify the start time and end time for search.
- 4. Click Search to enter Search Result interface.
  - Up to 4000 pictures can be displayed each time.
- 5. Choose a picture you want to view and click button.

You can click **Back** to return to the search interface.



Figure 6. 21 Result of Picture Playback

**6.** The toolbar in the bottom part of Playback interface can be used to control playing process.



Figure 6. 22 Picture Playback Toolbar

Table 1. 1 Detailed Explanation of Picture-playback Toolbar

Button	Function	Button	Function	Button	Function	Button	Function
4	Play reverse	4	Play	<	Previous	<b>~</b>	Next picture
					picture		

# **6.2** Auxiliary Functions of Playback

## 6.2.1 Playing Back Frame by Frame

### Purpose:

Play video files frame by frame, in case of checking image details of the video when abnormal events happen.

#### Steps:

Go to Playback interface.

If you choose playback of the record file: click button until the speed changes to Single frame and one click on the playback screen represents playback of one frame.

If you choose reverse playback of the record file: click button until the speed changes to Single frame and one click on the playback screen represents reverse playback of one frame. It is also feasible to use button in toolbar.

## 6.2.2 Thumbnails View

With the thumbnails view on the playback interface, you can conveniently locate the required video files on the time bar.

## Steps:

1. Enter the playback interface and start to play the video files.



Figure 6. 23 Thumbnails View

2. Move the mouse to the time bar to get the preview thumbnails of the video files. Select and double click on a required thumbnail to enter the full-screen playback.



The thumbnail view is supported only in the 1X single-camera playback mode.

## 6.2.3 Fast View

You can hold the mouse to drag on the time bar to get the fast view of the video files.

## Steps:

1. Enter the playback interface and start to play the video files.

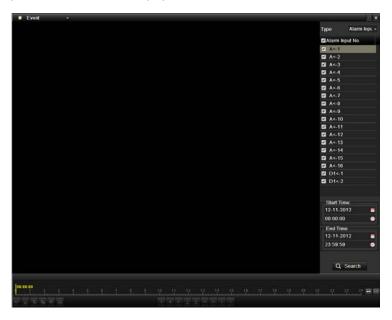


Figure 6. 24 Playback Interface

- 2. Use the mouse to hold and drag through the playing time bar to fast view the video files.
- 3. Release the mouse to the required time point to enter the full-screen playback.



The fast view is supported only in the 1X single-camera playback mode.

# 6.2.4 Digital Zoom

## Steps:

- 1. Click the Dutton on the playback control bar to enter Digital Zoom interface.
- 2. You can zoom in the image to different proportions (1 to16X) by moving the sliding bar from to to control the zoom in/out.



Figure 6. 25 Draw Area for Digital Zoom

3. Right-click the image to exit the digital zoom interface.

# 6.2.5 File Management

You can manage the video clips, captured pictures in playback, locked files and tags you have added in the playback mode.

### Steps:

- **1.** Enter the playback interface.
- 2. Click on the toolbar to enter the file management interface.

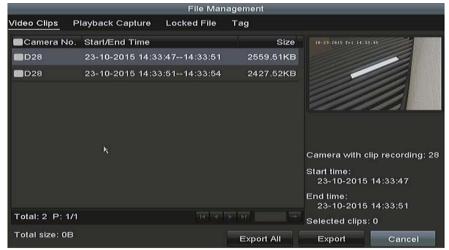


Figure 6. 26 File Management

- **3.** You can view the saved video clips, captured playback pictures, lock/unlock the files and edit the tags which you added in the playback mode.
- **4.** If required, select the items and click **Export All** or **Export** to export the clips/pictures/files/tags to local storage device.

# **Chapter 7 Backup**

# 7.1 Backing up Record Files

## 7.1.1 Quick Export

## Purpose:

Export record files to backup device(s) quickly.

#### Steps

1. Enter Video Export interface.

Menu>Export>Normal

Choose the channel(s) you want to back up and click **Quick Export** button.



The time duration of record files on a specified channel cannot exceed one day. Otherwise, the message box "Max. 24 hours are allowed for quick export." will pop up.

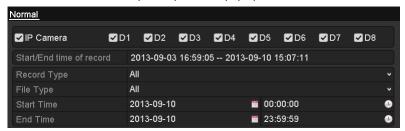


Figure 7. 1 Quick Export Interface

- 2. Select the format of the log files to be exported. Up to 9 formats are selectable.
- 3. Click the Export to start exporting. Stay in the Exporting interface until all record files are exported.



Here we use USB Flash Drive and please refer to the next section Normal Backup for more backup devices supported by the NVR.

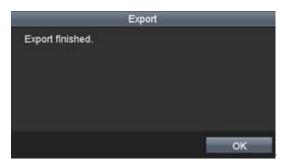


Figure 7. 2 Export Finished

4. Check backup result.

Choose the record file in Export interface and click button to check it.



The Player player.exe will be exported automatically during record file export.

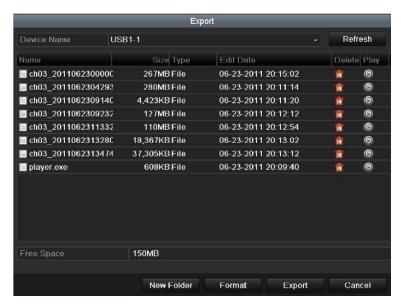


Figure 7. 3 Quick Export

# 7.1.2 Backing up by Normal Video/Picture Search

## Purpose:

The record files can be backup to various devices, such as USB devices (USB flash drives, USB HDDs, USB writer), SATA writer and e-SATA HDD.

## Steps:

- Enter Export interface.
   Menu>Export>Normal/Picture
- 2. Select the cameras to search.
- **3.** Set search condition and click **Search** button to enter the search result interface. The matched video files or pictures are displayed in Chart or List display mode.

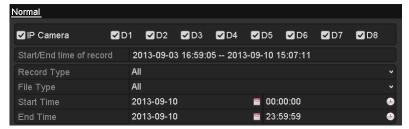


Figure 7. 4 Normal Video Search for Backup

- **4.** Select video files or pictures from the Chart or List to export.
  - Click to play the record file if you want to check it.

    Check the checkbox before the record files you want to back up.



The size of the currently selected files is displayed in the lower-left corner of the window.

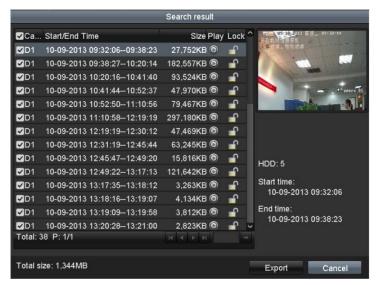


Figure 7. 5 Result of Normal Video Search for Backup

5. Export the video files or picture files.

Click Export All button to export all the files.

Or you can select recording files you want to back up, and click **Export** button to enter Export interface.



If the inserted USB device is not recognized:

- Click the **Refresh** button.
- Reconnect device.
- Check for compatibility from vendor.

You can also format USB flash drives or USB HDDs via the device.

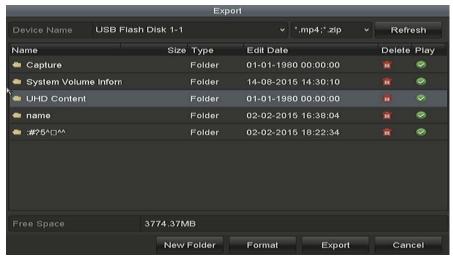


Figure 7. 6 Export by Normal Video Search using USB Flash Drive

Stay in the Exporting interface until all record files are exported with pop-up message box "Export finished".

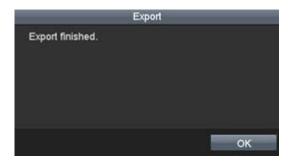


Figure 7. 7 Export Finished



The backup of video files using USB writer or SATA writer or eSATA HDD has the same operating instructions. Please refer to steps described above.

# 7.1.3 Backing up by Event Search

## Purpose:

Back up event-related record files using USB devices (USB flash drives, USB HDDs, USB writer), SATA writer or eSATA HDD. Quick Backup and Normal Backup are supported.

### Steps:

- Enter Export interface.
   Menu>Export>Event
- 2. Select the cameras to search.
- **3.** Select the event type to alarm input, motion or VCA.

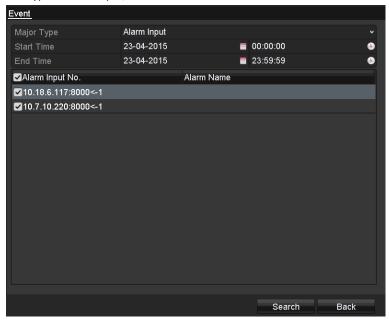


Figure 7. 8 Event Search for Backup

**4.** Set search condition and click **Search** button to enter the search result interface. The matched video files are displayed in Chart or List display mode.

5. Select video files from the Chart or List interface to export.

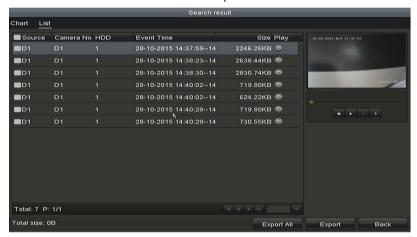


Figure 7. 9 Result of Event Search

**6.** Export the video files. Please refer to step5 of *Chapter 7.1.2 Backing up by Normal Video/Picture Search* for details.

# 7.1.4 Backing up Video Clips

## Purpose:

You may also select video clips or captured pictures in playback mode to export directly during Playback, using USB devices (USB flash drives, USB HDDs, USB writer), SATA writer or eSATA HDD.

## Steps:

- Enter Playback interface.
   Please refer to Chapter 6.1 Playing Back Record Files.
- 2. During playback, use buttons or in the playback toolbar to start or stop clipping record file(s); or use the button to capture pitcures.
- 3. Click the to enter the file management interface.

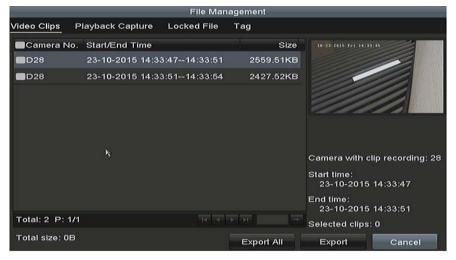


Figure 7. 10 Video Clips or Captured Pictures Export Interface

**4.** Export the video clips in playback. Please refer to step5 of *Chapter 7.1.2 Backing up by Normal Video/Picture Search* for details.

# 7.2 Managing Backup Devices

Management of USB flash drives, USB HDDs

## Steps:

1. Enter the Export interface.

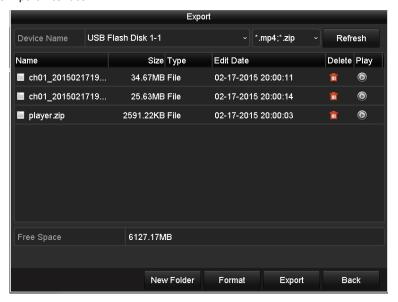


Figure 7. 11 Storage Device Management

2. Backup device management.

Click **New Folder** button if you want to create a new folder in the backup device.

Select a record file or folder in the backup device and click ubutton if you want to delete it.

Click **Erase** button if you want to erase the files from a re-writable CD/DVD.

Click Format button to format the backup device.



If the inserted storage device is not recognized:

- Click the **Refresh** button.
- Reconnect device.
- Check for compatibility from vendor.

# 7.3 Hot Spare Device Backup

## Purpose:

The device can form an N+1 hot spare system. The system consists of several working devices and a hot spare device; when the working device fails, the hot spare device switches into operation, thus increasing the reliability of the system.



Please contact dealer for details of models which support the hot spare function.

## Before you start:

At least 2 devices are online.

A bidirectional connection shown in the figure below is required to be built between the hot spare device and each working device.



Figure 7. 12 Building Hot Spare System

## 7.3.1 Setting Hot Spare Device



- The camera connection will be disabled when the device works in the hot spare mode.
- It's highly recommended to restore the defaults of the device after switching the working mode of the hot spare device to normal mode to ensure the normal operation afterwards.

## Steps:

- 1. Enter the Hot Spare settings interface.
  - Menu > Configuration > Hot Spare
- 2. Set the Work Mode as Hot Spare Mode and click the Apply button to confirm the settings.
- 3. Reboot the device to make the change take effect.



Figure 7. 13 Reboot Attention

4. Click the Yes button in the pop-up attention box.

# 7.3.2 Setting Working Device

### Steps:

- 1. Enter the Hot Spare settings interface.
  - Menu > Configuration > Hot Spare
- 2. Set the Work Mode as Normal Mode (default).
- 3. Check the checkbox of Enable to enable the hot spare function.
- 4. Enter the IP address and admin password of hot spare device.

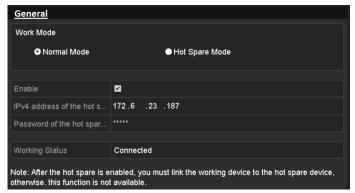


Figure 7. 14 Setting Working Mode for Working device

5. Click the **Apply** button to save the settings.

# 7.3.3 Managing Hot Spare System

## Steps:

- 1. Enter the Hot Spare Settings interface of the hot spare device.
  - Menu > Configuration > Hot Spare
  - The connected working device is displayed on the device list.
- 2. Check the checkbox to select the working device from the device list, and click the **Add** button to link the working device to the hot spare device.



A hot spare device can connect up to 32 working devices.

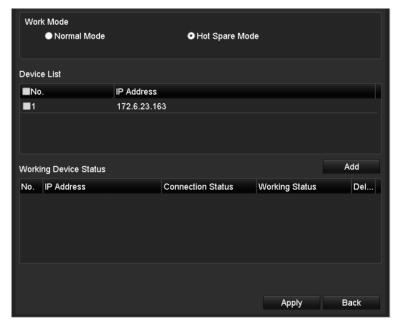


Figure 7. 15 Add Working Device

3. You can view the working status of the hot spare device on the Working Status list.
When the working device works properly, the working status of the hot spare device is displayed as No record.



Figure 7. 16 No Recording

When the working device gets offline, the hot spare device will record the video of the IP Camera connected to the working device for backup, and the working status of the hot spare device is displayed as *Backing up*.



The record backing up can be functioned for 1 working device at a time.



Figure 7. 17 Backing up

When the working device comes online, the lost video files will be restored by the record synchronization function, and the working status of the hot spare device is displayed as *Synchronizing*.



The record synchronization function can be enabled for 1 working device at a time.

Figure 7. 18 Synchronizing

# **Chapter 8 Alarm Settings**

## 8.1 Setting Motion Detection Alarm

#### Steps:

 Enter Motion Detection interface of Camera Management and choose a camera you want to set up motion detection.

Menu > Camera > Motion



Motion Detection Setup Interface

2. Set up detection area and sensitivity.

Tick "Enable Motion Detection", use the mouse to draw detection area(s) and drag the sensitivity bar to set sensitivity.

Click button and set alarm response actions.

**3.** Click **Trigger Channel** tab and select one or more channels which will start to record/capture or become full-screen monitoring when motion alarm is triggered, and click **Apply** to save the settings.



Figure 8. 1 Set Trigger Camera of Motion Detection

- **4.** Set up arming schedule of the channel.
  - 1) Select Arming Schedule tab to set the arming schedule of handling actions for the motion detection.
  - 2) Choose one day of a week and up to eight time periods can be set within each day.
  - 3) Click **Apply** to save the settings



Time periods shall not be repeated or overlapped.

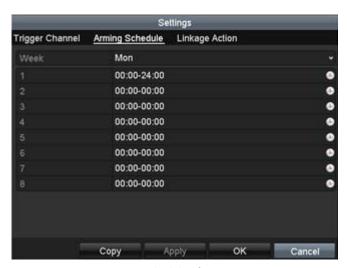


Figure 8. 2 Set Arming Schedule of Motion Detection

- **5.** Click **Handling** tab to set up alarm response actions of motion alarm (please refer to *Chapter 8.6 Setting Alarm Response Actions*).
- **6.** If you want to set motion detection for another channel, repeat the above steps or just click **Copy** in the Motion Detection interface to copy the above settings to it.

### 8.2 Setting Sensor Alarms

#### Purpose:

Set the handling action of an external sensor alarm.

#### Steps

1. Enter Alarm Settings of System Configuration and select an alarm input.

Menu> Configuration> Alarm

Select Alarm Input tab to enter Alarm Input Settings interface.

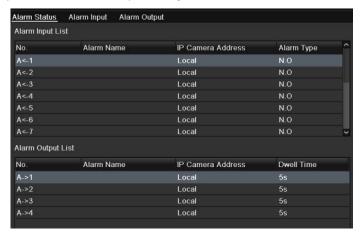


Figure 8. 3 Alarm Status Interface of System Configuration

2. Set up the handling action of the selected alarm input.

Check the **Enable** checkbox and click **Settings** button to set up its alarm response actions.



Figure 8. 4 Alarm Input Setup Interface

- **3.** Select Trigger Channel tab and select one or more channels which will start to record/capture or become full-screen monitoring when an external alarm is input, and click **Apply** to save the settings.
- 4. Select Arming Schedule tab to set the arming schedule of handling actions.

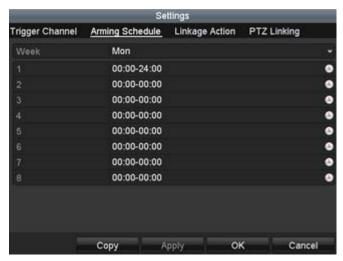


Figure 8. 5 Set Arming Schedule of Alarm Input

Choose one day of a week and Max. eight time periods can be set within each day, and click **Apply** to save the settings.



Time periods shall not be repeated or overlapped.

Repeat the above steps to set up arming schedule of other days of a week. You can also use **Copy** button to copy an arming schedule to other days.

- **5.** Select **Linkage Action** tab to set up alarm response actions of the alarm input (please refer to *Chapter 8.6 Setting Alarm Response Actions*).
- 6. If necessary, select PTZ Linking tab and set PTZ linkage of the alarm input.
  Set PTZ linking parameters and click OK to complete the settings of the alarm input.



Please check whether the PTZ or speed dome supports PTZ linkage.

One alarm input can trigger presets, patrol or pattern of more than one channel. But presets, patrols and patterns are exclusive.



Figure 8. 6 Set PTZ Linking of Alarm Input

7. If you want to set handling action of another alarm input, repeat the above steps.
Or you can click the Copy button on the Alarm Input Setup interface and check the checkbox of alarm inputs to copy the settings to them.

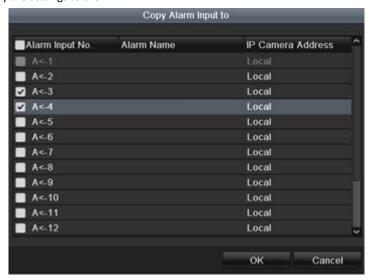


Figure 8. 7 Copy Settings of Alarm Input

## 8.3 Detecting Video Loss Alarm

#### Purpose:

Detect video loss of a channel and take alarm response action(s).

#### Steps

Enter Video Loss interface of Camera Management and select a channel you want to detect.
 Menu> Camera> Video Loss

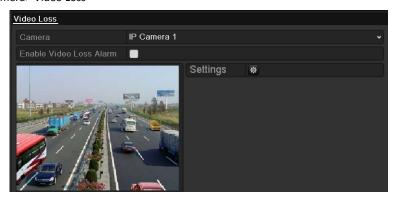


Figure 8. 8 Video Loss Setup Interface

- 2. Set up handling action of video loss.
  - Check the checkbox of "Enable Video Loss Alarm", and click button to set up handling action of video loss.
- **3.** Set up arming schedule of the handling actions.
  - 1) Select Arming Schedule tab to set the channel's arming schedule.
  - 2) Choose one day of a week and up to eight time periods can be set within each day.
  - 3) Click Apply button to save the settings.



NOTE Time periods shall not be repeated or overlapped.

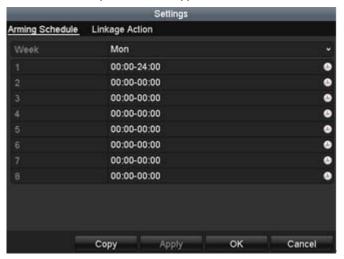


Figure 8. 9 Set Arming Schedule of Video Loss

**4.** Select **Linkage Action** tab to set up alarm response action of video loss (please refer to *Chapter 8.6 Setting Alarm Response Actions*).

 $\textbf{5.} \quad \text{Click the } \textbf{OK} \text{ button to complete the video loss settings of the channel}.$ 

## 8.4 Detecting Video Tampering Alarm

#### Purpose:

Trigger alarm when the lens is covered and take alarm response action(s).

#### Steps

**1.** Enter Video Tampering interface of Camera Management and select a channel you want to detect video tampering.

Menu> Camera> Video Tampering



Figure 8. 10 Video Tampering Setting Interface

2. Set the video tampering handling action of the channel.

Check the checkbox of "Enable Video Tampering Detection".

Drag the sensitivity bar to set a proper sensitivity level. Use the mouse to draw an area you want to detect video tampering.

- Click button to set up handling action of video tampering.
- **3.** Set arming schedule and alarm response actions of the channel.
  - 1) Click Arming Schedule tab to set the arming schedule of handling actions.
  - 2) Choose one day of a week and up to eight periods can be set within each day.
  - 3) Click **Apply** button to save the settings.



Time periods shall not be repeated or overlapped.

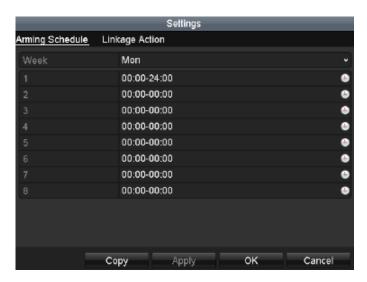


Figure 8. 11 Set Arming Schedule of Video Tampering

- **4.** Select **Linkage Action** tab to set up alarm response actions of video tampering alarm (please refer to *Chapter 8.6 Setting Alarm Response Actions*).
- **5.** Click the **OK** button to complete the video tampering settings of the channel.

## 8.5 Handling Exceptions Alarm

#### Purpose:

Exception settings refer to the handling action of various exceptions, e.g.

- **HDD Full:** The HDD is full.
- HDD Error: Writing HDD error or unformatted HDD.
- Network Disconnected: Disconnected network cable.
- IP Conflicted: Duplicated IP address.
- Illegal Login: Incorrect user ID or password.
- Record/Capture Exception: No space for saving recorded files or captured images.
- Hot Spare Exception: Disconnected with the working device.

#### Steps:

Enter Exception interface of System Configuration and handle various exceptions.

Menu > Configuration > Exceptions

Please refer to Chapter 8.6 Setting Alarm Response Actions for detailed alarm response actions.

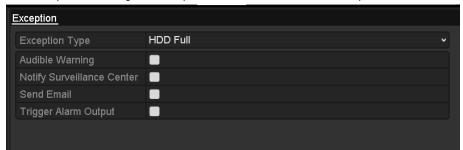


Figure 8. 12 Exceptions Setup Interface

### 8.6 Setting Alarm Response Actions

#### Purpose:

Alarm response actions will be activated when an alarm or exception occurs, including Event Hint Display, Full Screen Monitoring, Audible Warning (buzzer), Notify Surveillance Center, Trigger Alarm Output and Send Email.

#### **Event Hint Display**

When an event or exception happens, a hint can be displayed on the lower-left corner of live view image. And you can click the hint icon to check the details. Besides, the event to be displayed is configurable.

#### Steps:

- Enter the Exception settings interface.
   Menu > Configuration > Exceptions
- 2. Check the checkbox of Enable Event Hint.

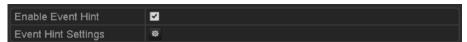


Figure 8. 13 Event Hint Settings Interface

3. Click the type of event to be displayed on the image.

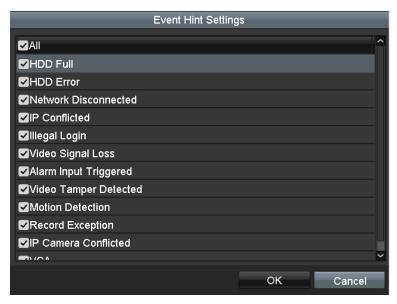


Figure 8. 14 Event Hint Settings Interface

4. Click the OK button to finish settings.

#### **Full Screen Monitoring**

When an alarm is triggered, the local monitor (VGA, HDMI or BNC monitor) display in full screen the video image from the alarming channel configured for full screen monitoring.

If alarms are triggered simultaneously in several channels, their full-screen images will be switched at an interval of 10 seconds (default dwell time). A different dwell time can be set by going to Menu >Configuration>Live View > Full Screen Monitoring Dwell Time.

Auto-switch will terminate once the alarm stops and you will be taken back to the Live View interface.



You must select during "Trigger Channel" settings the channel(s) you want to make full screen monitoring.

#### **Audible Warning**

Trigger an audible beep when an alarm is detected.

#### **Notify Surveillance Center**

Sends an exception or alarm signal to remote alarm host when an event occurs. The alarm host refers to the PC installed with Remote Client.



The alarm signal will be transmitted automatically at detection mode when remote alarm host is configured. Please refer to *Chapter 11.2.4 Configuring More Settings* for details of alarm host configuration.

#### **Email Linkage**

Send an email with alarm information to a user or users when an alarm is detected.

Please refer to Chapter 11.2.6 Configuring Email for details of Email configuration.

#### **Trigger Alarm Output**

Trigger an alarm output when an alarm is triggered.

1. Enter Alarm Output interface.

Menu> Configuration> Alarm> Alarm Output

Select an alarm output and set alarm name and dwell time. Click **Schedule** button to set the arming schedule of alarm output.



If "Manually Clear" is selected in the dropdown list of Dwell Time, you can clear it only by going to Menu> Manual> Alarm.



Figure 8. 15 Alarm Output Setup Interface

2. Set up arming schedule of the alarm output.

Choose one day of a week and up to 8 time periods can be set within each day.



Time periods shall not be repeated or overlapped.

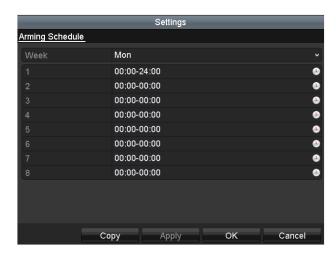


Figure 8. 16 Set Arming Schedule of Alarm Output

- **3.** Repeat the above steps to set up arming schedule of other days of a week. You can also use **Copy** button to copy an arming schedule to other days.
  - Click the  ${\bf OK}$  button to complete the video tampering settings of the alarm output No..
- 4. You can also copy the above settings to another channel.

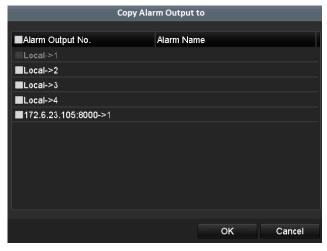


Figure 8. 17 Copy Settings of Alarm Output

# 8.7 Triggering or Clearing Alarm Output Manually

#### Purpose:

Sensor alarm can be triggered or cleared manually. If "Manually Clear" is selected in the dropdown list of dwell time of an alarm output, the alarm can be cleared only by clicking **Clear** button in the following interface.

#### Steps:

Select the alarm output you want to trigger or clear and make related operations.

Menu> Manual> Alarm

Click Trigger/Clear button if you want to trigger or clear an alarm output.

Click **Trigger All** button if you want to trigger all alarm outputs.

Click Clear All button if you want to clear all alarm output.



Figure 8. 18 Clear or Trigger Alarm Output Manually

# **Chapter 9 VCA Alarm**

The NVR supports the VCA detection alarm (face detection, vehicle detection, line crossing detection and intrusion detection, region entrance detection, region exiting detection, loitering detection, people gathering detection, fast moving detection, parking detection, unattended baggage detection, object removal detection, audio loss exception detection, sudden change of sound intensity detection, and defocus detection) sent by IP camera. The VCA detection must be enabled and configured on the IP camera settings interface first.



- All VCA detection must be supported by the connected IP camera.
- Please refer to the User Manual of Network Camera for the detailed instructions for the all VCA detection types.

### 9.1 Face Detection

#### Purpose:

Face detection function detects the face appears in the surveillance scene, and some certain actions can be taken when the alarm is triggered.

#### Steps:

- 1. Enter the VCA settings interface.
  - Menu> Camera> VCA
- Select the camera to configure the VCA.
   You can click the checkbox of Save VCA Picture to save the captured pictures of VCA detection.
- 3. Select the VCA detection type to Face Detection.
- 4. Check the **Enable** checkbox to enable this function.
- 5. Click to enter the face detection settings interface. Configure the trigger channel, arming schedule and linkage action for the face detection alarm. Please refer to step3~step5 of *Chapter 8.1 Setting Motion Detection Alarm* for detailed instructions.
- Click the Rule Settings button to set the face detection rules. You can click-and-drag the slider to set the detection sensitivity.
  - Sensitivity: Range [1-5]. The higher the value is, the more easily the face can be detected.
- 7. Click **Apply** to activate the settings.

### 9.2 Vehicle Detection

#### Purpose:

Vehicle Detection is available for the road traffic monitoring. In Vehicle Detection, the passed vehicle can be detected and the picture of its license plate can be captured. You can send alarm signal to notify the surveillance center and upload the captured picture to FTP server.

#### Steps:

- Enter the VCA settings interface.
  - Menu> Camera> VCA
- 2. Select the camera to configure the VCA.

You can click the checkbox of **Save VCA Picture** to save the captured pictures of VCA detection.

- 3. Select the VCA detection type to Vehicle Detection.
- 4. Check the **Enable** checkbox to enable this function.
- 5. Click to configure the trigger channel, arming schedule and linkage actions for the Blacklist, Whitelist and Others.
- Click the Rule Settings to enter the rule settings interface. Configure the lane, upload picture and overlay content settings. Up to 4 lanes are selectable.
- 7. Click **Save** to save the settings.



Please refer to the User Manual of Network Camera for the detailed instructions for the vehicle detection.

### 9.3 Line Crossing Detection

#### Purpose:

This function can be used for detecting people, vehicles and objects cross a set virtual line. The line crossing direction can be set as bidirectional, from left to right or from right to left. And you can set the duration for the alarm response actions, such as full screen monitoring, audible warning, etc.

#### Steps:

- Enter the VCA settings interface.
  - Menu> Camera> VCA
- 2. Select the camera to configure the VCA.
  - You can click the checkbox of Save VCA Picture to save the captured pictures of VCA detection.
- 3. Select the VCA detection type to **Line Crossing Detection**.
- 4. Check the **Enable** checkbox to enable this function.
- 5. Click to configure the trigger channel, arming schedule and linkage actions for the line crossing detection alarm.
- 6. Click the **Rule Settings** button to set the line crossing detection rules.
  - 1) Select the direction to A<->B, A->B or A<-B.
    - **A<->B**: Only the arrow on the B side shows; when an object going across the configured line with both direction can be detected and alarms are triggered.
    - A->B: Only the object crossing the configured line from the A side to the B side can be detected.
    - B->A: Only the object crossing the configured line from the B side to the A side can be detected.
- Click-and-drag the slider to set the detection sensitivity.
   Sensitivity: Range [1-100]. The higher the value is, the more easily the detection alarm can be triggered.
  - 3) Click-**OK** to save the rule settings and back to the line crossing detection settings interface.



Figure 9. 1 Set Line Crossing Detection Rules

7. Click and set two points in the preview window to draw a virtual line.

You can use the to clear the existing virtual line and re-draw it.



Up to 4 rules can be configured.

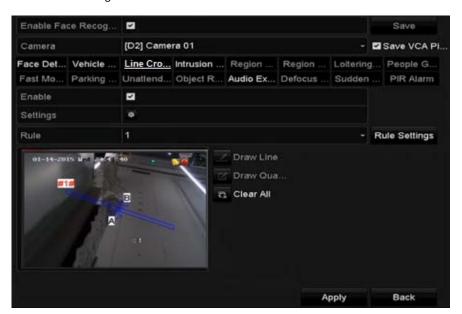


Figure 9. 2 Draw Line for Line Crossing Detection

8. Click **Apply** to activate the settings.

### 9.4 Intrusion Detection

#### Purpose:

Intrusion detection function detects people, vehicle or other objects which enter and loiter in a pre-defined virtual region, and some certain actions can be taken when the alarm is triggered.

#### Steps:

- 1. Enter the VCA settings interface.
  - Menu> Camera> VCA
- Select the camera to configure the VCA.
   You can click the checkbox of Save VCA Picture to save the captured pictures of VCA detection.
- 3. Select the VCA detection type to **Intrusion Detection**.
- 4. Check the **Enable** checkbox to enable this function.
- 5. Click to configure the trigger channel, arming schedule and linkage actions for the line crossing detection alarm.
- 6. Click the Rule Settings button to set the intrusion detection rules. Set the following parameters.
  - Threshold: Range [1s-10s], the threshold for the time of the object loitering in the region. When the duration of the object in the defined detection area is longer than the set time, the alarm will be triggered.
  - 2) Click-and-drag the slider to set the detection sensitivity.
    - **Sensitivity:** Range [1-100]. The value of the sensitivity defines the size of the object which can trigger the alarm. The higher the value is, the more easily the detection alarm can be triggered.
  - Percentage: Range [1-100]. Percentage defines the ratio of the in-region part of the object which can trigger the alarm. For example, if the percentage is set as 50%, when the object enters the region and occupies half of the whole region, the alarm is triggered.



Figure 9. 3 Set Intrusion Crossing Detection Rules

- 4) Click-**OK** to save the rule settings and back to the line crossing detection settings interface.
- 7. Click and draw a quadrilateral in the preview window by specifying four vertexes of the detection region, and right click to complete drawing. Only one region can be configured.
  - You can use the 🖪 to clear the existing virtual line and re-draw it.



Up to 4 rules can be configured.

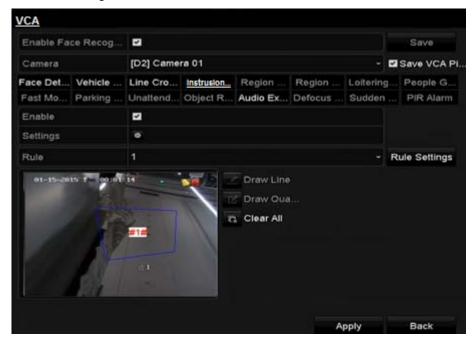


Figure 9. 4 Draw Area for Intrusion Detection

8. Click **Apply** to save the settings.

### 9.5 Region Entrance Detection

#### Purpose:

Region entrance detection function detects people, vehicle or other objects which enter a pre-defined virtual region from the outside place, and some certain actions can be taken when the alarm is triggered.

#### Steps:

- 1. Enter the VCA settings interface.
  - Menu > Camera > VCA
- Select the camera to configure the VCA.
   You can click the checkbox of Save VCA Picture to save the captured pictures of VCA detection.
- 3. Select the VCA detection type to Region Entrance Detection.
- 4. Check the **Enable** checkbox to enable this function.
- 5. Click to configure the trigger channel, arming schedule and linkage actions for the line crossing detection alarm.
- Click the Rule Settings button to set the sensitivity of the region entrance detection.
   Sensitivity: Range [0-100]. The higher the value is, the more easily the detection alarm can be triggered.
- 7. Click and draw a quadrilateral in the preview window by specifying four vertexes of the detection region, and right click to complete drawing. Only one region can be configured.
  - You can use the to clear the existing virtual line and re-draw it.



8. Click **Apply** to save the settings.

### 9.6 Region Exiting Detection

#### Purpose:

Region exiting detection function detects people, vehicle or other objects which exit from a pre-defined virtual region, and some certain actions can be taken when the alarm is triggered.



- Please refer to the Chapter 9.5 Region Entrance Detection for operating steps to configure the region exiting detection.
- Up to 4 rules can be configured.

### 9.7 Loitering Detection

#### Purpose:

Loitering detection function detects people, vehicle or other objects which loiter in a pre-defined virtual region for some certain time, and a series of actions can be taken when the alarm is triggered.



- Please refer to the Chapter 9.4 Intrusion Detection for operating steps to configure the loitering detection.
- The **Threshold** [1s-10s] in the Rule Settings defines the time of the object loitering in the region. If you set the value as 5, alarm is triggered after the object loitering in the region for 5s; and if you set the value as 0, alarm is triggered immediately after the object entering the region.
- Up to 4 rules can be configured.

### 9.8 People Gathering Detection

#### Purpose:

People gathering detection alarm is triggered when people gather around in a pre-defined virtual region, and a series of actions can be taken when the alarm is triggered.



- Please refer to the Chapter 9.4 Intrusion Detection for operating steps to configure the people gathering detection.
- The Percentage in the Rule Settings defines the gathering density of the people in the region. Usually, when
  the percentage is small, the alarm can be triggered when small number of people gathered in the defined
  detection region.
- Up to 4 rules can be configured.

### 9.9 Fast Moving Detection

#### Purpose:

Fast moving detection alarm is triggered when people, vehicle or other objects move fast in a pre-defined virtual region, and a series of actions can be taken when the alarm is triggered.



- Please refer to the Chapter 9.4 Intrusion Detection for operating steps to configure the fast moving detection.
- The **Sensitivity** in the Rule Settings defines the moving speed of the object which can trigger the alarm. The higher the value is, the more easily a moving object can trigger the alarm.
- Up to 4 rules can be configured.

### 9.10 Parking Detection

#### Purpose:

Parking detection function detects illegal parking in places such as highway, one-way street, etc., and a series of actions can be taken when the alarm is triggered.



- Please refer to the Chapter 9.4 Intrusion Detection for operating steps to configure the parking detection.
- The Threshold[5s-20s] in the Rule Settings defines the time of the vehicle parking in the region. If you set

the value as 10, alarm is triggered after the vehicle stays in the region for 10s.

• Up to 4 rules can be configured.

### 9.11 Unattended Baggage Detection

#### Purpose:

Unattended baggage detection function detects the objects left over in the pre-defined region such as the baggage, purse, dangerous materials, etc., and a series of actions can be taken when the alarm is triggered.



- Please refer to the Chapter 9.4 Intrusion Detection for operating steps to configure the unattended baggage detection.
- The **Threshold**[5s-20s] in the Rule Settings defines the time of the objects left over in the region. If you set the value as 10, alarm is triggered after the object is left and stay in the region for 10s. And the **Sensitivity** defines the similarity degree of the background image. Usually, when the sensitivity is high, a very small object left in the region can trigger the alarm.
- Up to 4 rules can be configured.

### 9.12 Object Removal Detection

#### Purpose:

Object removal detection function detects the objects removed from the pre-defined region, such as the exhibits on display, and a series of actions can be taken when the alarm is triggered.



- Please refer to the Chapter 9.4 Intrusion Detection for operating steps to configure the object removal detection.
- The Threshold [5s-20s] in the Rule Settings defines the time of the objects removed from the region. If you set the value as 10, alarm is triggered after the object disappears from the region for 10s. And the Sensitivity defines the similarity degree of the background image. Usually, when the sensitivity is high, a very small object taken from the region can trigger the alarm.
- Up to 4 rules can be configured.

### 9.13 Audio Exception Detection

#### Purpose:

Audio exception detection function detects the abnormal sounds in the surveillance scene, such as the sudden increase / decrease of the sound intensity, and some certain actions can be taken when the alarm is triggered.

#### Steps:

- Enter the VCA settings interface.
   Menu> Camera> VCA
- 2. Select the camera to configure the VCA.

You can click the checkbox of **Save VCA Picture** to save the captured pictures of VCA detection.

- Select the VCA detection type to Audio Exception Detection.
- 4. Click to configure the trigger channel, arming schedule and linkage action for the face detection alarm.
- 5. Click the Rule Settings button to set the audio exception rules.
  - 1) Check the checkbox of Audio Input Exception to enable the audio loss detection function.
  - 2) Check the checkbox of **Sudden Increase of Sound Intensity Detection** to detect the sound steep rise in the surveillance scene. You can set the detection sensitivity and threshold for sound steep rise.
    - **Sensitivity**: Range [1-100], the smaller the value is, the more severe the change should be to trigger the detection.
    - **Sound Intensity Threshold**: Range [1-100], it can filter the sound in the environment, the louder the environment sound, the higher the value should be. You can adjust it according to the real environment.
  - 3) Check the checkbox of **Sudden Decrease of Sound Intensity Detection** to detect the sound steep drop in the surveillance scene. You can set the detection sensitivity[1-100] for sound steep drop.
- Click Apply to activate the settings.

### 9.14 Sudden Scene Change Detection

#### Purpose:

Scene change detection function detects the change of surveillance environment affected by the external factors; such as the intentional rotation of the camera, and some certain actions can be taken when the alarm is triggered.



- Please refer to the Chapter 9.2 Face Detection for operating steps to configure the scene change detection.
- The **Sensitivity** in the Rule Settings ranges from 1 to 100, and the higher the value is, the more easily the change of scene can trigger the alarm.

### 9.15 Defocus Detection

#### Purpose:

The image blur caused by defocus of the lens can be detected, and some certain actions can be taken when the alarm is triggered.



- Please refer to the Chapter 9.2 Face Detection for operating steps to configure the defocus detection.
- The **Sensitivity** in the Rule Settings ranges from 1 to 100, and the higher the value is, the more easily the defocus image can trigger the alarm.

### 9.16 PIR Alarm

#### Purpose:

A PIR (Passive Infrared) alarm is triggered when an intruder moves within the detector's field of view. The heat energy dissipated by a person, or any other warm blooded creature such as dogs, cats, etc., can be detected.

#### Steps:

- 1. Enter the VCA settings interface.
  - Menu> Camera> VCA
- Select the camera to configure the VCA.
   You can click the checkbox of Save VCA Picture to save the captured pictures of VCA detection.
- 3. Select the VCA detection type to **PIR Alarm**.
- 4. Click to configure the trigger channel, arming schedule and linkage action for the PIR alarm.
- 5. Click the **Rule Settings** button to set the rules. Please refer to the *Chapter 9.1 Face Detection* for instructions.
- 6. Click **Apply** to activate the settings.

# **Chapter 10 VCA Search**

With the configured VCA detection, the NVR supports the VCA search for the behavior analysis, face capture, people counting and heat map results.

### 10.1 Face Search

#### Purpose:

When there are detected face picture captured and saved in HDD, you can enter the Face Search interface to search the picture and play the picture related video file according to the specified conditions.

#### Before you start:

Please refer to Chapter 9.1 Face Detection for configuring the face detection.

#### Stens:

- 1. Enter the Face Search interface.
  - Menu >VCA Search > Face Search
- 2. Select the camera (s) for the face search.

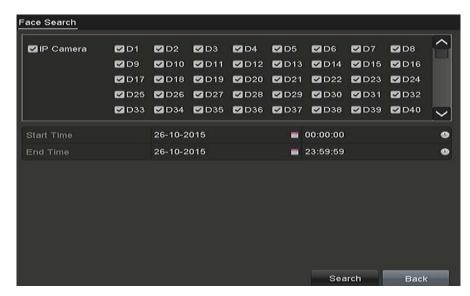


Figure 10. 1 Face Search

- 3. Specify the start time and end time for search the captured face pictures or video files.
- 4. Click Search to start searching. The search results of face detection pictures are displayed in list or in chart.
- 5. Play the face picture related video file.
  - You can double click on a face picture to play its related video file in the view window on the top right, or select a picture item and click to play it.
  - You can also click to stop the playing, or click to play the previous/next file.
- **6.** If you want to export the captured face pictures to local storage device, connect the storage device to the device and click **Export All** to enter the Export interface.
  - Click **Export** to export all face pictures to the storage device.
  - Please refer to Chapter 7 Backup for the operation of exporting files.

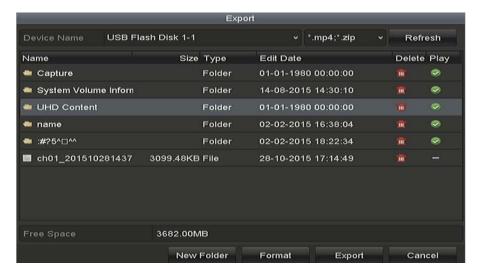


Figure 10. 2 Export Files

### 10.2 Behavior Search

#### Purpose:

The behavior analysis detects a series of suspicious behavior based on VCA detection, and certain linkage methods will be enabled if the alarm is triggered.

#### Steps:

- **1.** Enter the **Behavior Search** interface.
  - Menu>VCA Search> Behavior Search
- **2.** Select the camera (s) for the behavior search.
- **3.** Specify the start time and end time for searching the matched pictures.

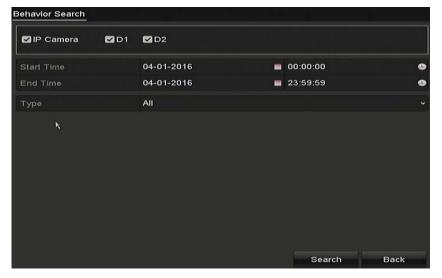


Figure 10. 3 Behavior Search Interface

4. Select the VCA detection type from the dropdown list, including the line crossing detection, intrusion

detection, unattended baggage detection, object removal detection, region entrance detection, region exiting detection, parking detection, loitering detection, people gathering detection and fast moving detection.

5. Click Search to start searching. The search results of pictures are displayed in list or in chart.

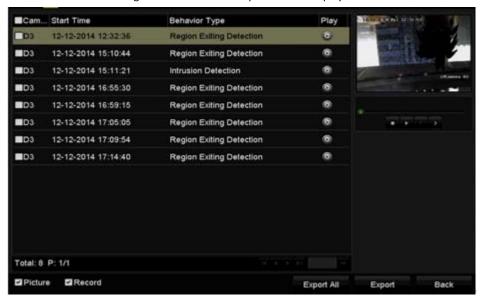


Figure 10. 4 Behavior Search Results

- 6. Play the behavior analysis picture related video file.
  - You can double click on a picture from the list to play its related video file in the view window on the top right, or select a picture item and click to play it.
  - You can also click to stop the playing, or click to play the previous/next file.
- **7.** If you want to export the captured pictures to local storage device, connect the storage device to the device and click **Export All** to enter the Export interface.
  - Click **Export** to export all pictures to the storage device.

### 10.3 Plate Search

**Purpose:** You can search and view the matched captured vehicle plate picture and related information according to the plate searching conditions including the start time/end time, country and plate No..

#### Steps:

- Enter the Plate Search interface.
   Menu>VCA Search> Plate Search
- 2. Select the camera (s) for the plate search.
- 3. Specify the start time and end time for searching the matched plate pictures.

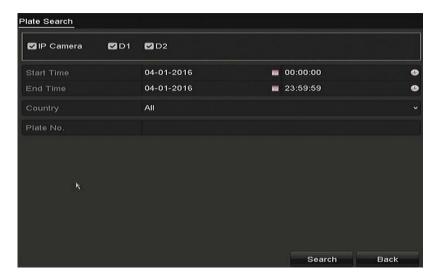


Figure 10. 5 Plate Search

- 4. Select the country from the drop-down list for searching the location of the vehicle plate.
- **5.** Input the plate No. in the field for search.
- **7.** Click **Search** to start searching. The search results of detected vehicle plate pictures are displayed in list or in chart.



Please refer to the Chapter 10.1 Face Search for the operation of the search results.

### 10.4 Advanced Search

#### Purpose:

In advanced search menu, you can search events detected via thermal imaging camera. Five events can be detected: fire detection, ship detection, temperature detection, and temperature difference detection.

#### Before you start

To get the smart search result, the corresponding fire/ship temperature/temperature difference type must be enabled and configured on the connected thermal network camera (Configuration > Advanced Configuration > Smart Event). Please refer to the user manual of the thermal network camera for details.

- **1.** Enter the Advanced Search interface.
  - Menu > VCA Search > Advanced Search
- 2. Select the camera (s) for the advanced search.
- 3. Specify the Start Time and End Time for searching the thermal imaging detection results.
- **4.** Select the type as Fire Detection, Ship Detection, Temperature Detection, or Temperature Difference Detection.
- 5. Click Search to start searching. The search results are displayed in list or in chart.
- **6.** You can select Picture, Record, or both of them to export and click the **Export** button to export the selected file.

## 10.5 People Counting

#### Purpose:

The Counting is used to calculate the number of people entered or left a certain configured area and form in daily/weekly/monthly/annual reports for analysis.

#### Steps:

- Enter the Counting interface.
   Menu>VCA Search>Counting
- 2. Select the camera for the people counting.
- 3. Select the report type to Daily Report, Weekly Report, Monthly Report or Annual Report.
- 4. Set the statistics time.
- 5. Click the Counting button to start people counting statistics.



Figure 10. 6 People Counting Interface

6. You can click the Export button to export the statistics report in excel format.

### 10.6 Heat Map

#### Purpose:

Heat map is a graphical representation of data represented by colors. The heat map function is usually used to analyze the visit times and dwell time of customers in a configured area.



The heat map function must be supported by the connected IP camera and the corresponding configuration must be set.

#### Steps:

- 1. Enter the Heat Map interface.
  - Menu > VCA Search > Heat Map
- 2. Select the camera for the heat map processing.
- 3. Select the report type to Daily Report, Weekly Report, Monthly Report or Annual Report.
- 4. Set the statistics time.

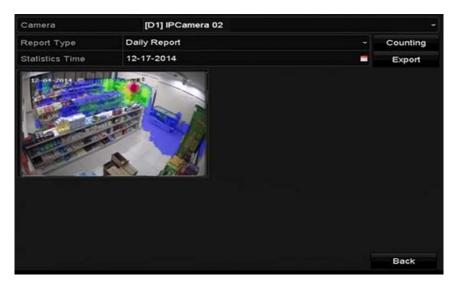


Figure 10. 7 Heat Map Interface

**5.** Click the **Counting** button to export the report data and start heat map statistics, and the results are displayed in graphics marked in different colors.



As shown in the figure above, red color block (255, 0, 0) indicates the most welcome area, and blue color block (0, 0, 255) indicates the less-popular area.

**6.** You can click the **Export** button to export the statistics report in excel format.

# **Chapter 11 Network Settings**

## 11.1 Configuring General Settings

#### Purpose:

Network settings must be properly configured before you operate NVR over network.

#### Steps

- Enter the Network Settings interface.
   Menu > Configuration > Network
- 2. Select the General tab.

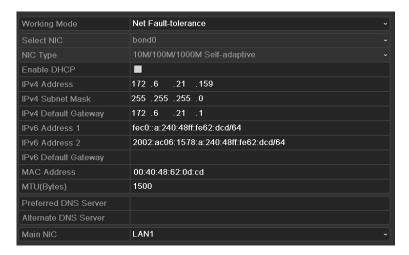


Figure 11. 1 Network Settings Interface

**3.** In the **General Settings** interface, you can configure the following settings: Working Mode, NIC Type, IPv4 Address, IPv4 Gateway, MTU and DNS Server.



NOTE The valid value range of MTU is 500 - 9676.

If the DHCP server is available, you can click the checkbox of **DHCP** to automatically obtain an IP address and other network settings from that server.

4. After having configured the general settings, click Apply button to save the settings.

#### **Working Mode**

Four 10M/100M/1000M NIC cards are provided and it allows the device to work in the Multi-address and Net fault-tolerance modes.

**Multi-address Mode:** The parameters of the four NIC cards can be configured independently. You can select a LAN in the NIC type field for parameter settings.

You can select one NIC card as default route. And then the system is connecting with the extranet the data will be forwarded through the default route.

**Net-fault Tolerance Mode:** The four NIC cards use the same IP address, and you can select the Main NIC to any LAN. By this way, in case of one NIC card failure, the device will automatically enable the standby NIC cards so as to ensure the normal running of the whole system.

## 11.2 Configuring Advanced Settings

### 11.2.1 Configuring DDNS

#### Purpose:

If your NVR is set to use PPPoE as its default network connection, you may set Dynamic DNS (DDNS) to be used for network access.

Prior registration with your ISP is required before configuring the system to use DDNS.

#### Steps

- 1. Enter the Network Settings interface.
  - Menu > Configuration > Network
- 2. Select the **DDNS** tab to enter the DDNS Settings interface.
- 3. Check the **DDNS** checkbox to enable this feature.
- 4. Select DDNS Type. Three different DDNS types are selectable: DynDNS, PeanutHull, and NO-IP.
  - DynDNS:
    - 1) Enter Server Address for DynDNS (i.e. members.dyndns.org).
    - 2) In the NVR Domain Name text field, enter the domain obtained from the DynDNS website.
    - 3) Enter the User Name and Password registered in the DynDNS website.

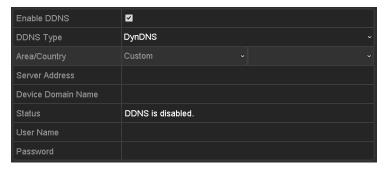


Figure 11. 2 DynDNS Settings Interface

• PeanutHull: Enter the User Name and Password obtained from the PeanutHull website.

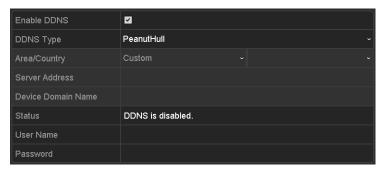


Figure 11. 3 PeanutHull Settings Interface

#### • NO-IP:

Enter the account information in the corresponding fields. Refer to the DynDNS settings.

1) Enter Server Address for NO-IP.

- 2) In the NVR Domain Name text field, enter the domain obtained from the NO-IP website (www.no-ip.com).
- 3) Enter the User Name and Password registered in the NO-IP website.



Figure 11. 4 NO-IP Settings Interface

### 11.2.2 Configuring NTP Server

#### Purpose:

A Network Time Protocol (NTP) Server can be configured on your NVR to ensure the accuracy of system date/time.

#### Steps:

- Enter the Network Settings interface.
   Menu >Configuration> Network
- 2. Select the NTP tab to enter the NTP Settings interface, as shown in Figure 11. 5.



Figure 11. 5 NTP Settings Interface

- 3. Check the Enable NTP checkbox to enable this feature.
- **4.** Configure the following NTP settings:
  - Interval: Time interval between the two synchronizing actions with NTP server. The unit is minute.
  - NTP Server: IP address of NTP server.
  - NTP Port: Port of NTP server.
- 5. Click the Apply button to save and exit the interface.



The time synchronization interval can be set from 1 to 10080min, and the default value is 60min. If the NVR is connected to a public network, you should use a NTP server that has a time synchronization function, such as the server at the National Time Center (IP Address: 210.72.145.44). If the NVR is setup in a more customized network, NTP software can be used to establish a NTP server used for time synchronization.

### 11.2.3 Configuring SNMP

### Purpose:

You can use SNMP protocol to get device status and parameters related information.

#### Steps:

- Enter the Network Settings interface.
   Menu >Configuration> Network
- 2. Select the SNMP tab to enter the SNMP Settings interface, as shown in Figure 11. 6.

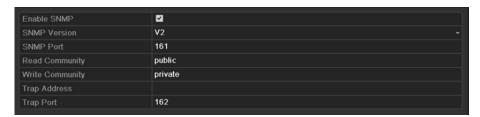


Figure 11. 6 SNMP Settings Interface

- 3. Check the SNMP checkbox to enable this feature.
- 4. The enabling of SNMP may cause security problems. Click Yes to continue or No to cancel the operation.
- 5. When you choose the Yes option in step4, configure the following SNMP settings:
  - Trap Address: IP Address of SNMP host.
  - Trap Port: Port of SNMP host.
- 6. Click the Apply button to save and exit the interface.



Before setting the SNMP, please download the SNMP software and manage to receive the device information via SNMP port. By setting the Trap Address, the NVR is allowed to send the alarm event and exception message to the surveillance center.

### 11.2.4 Configuring More Settings

### Steps:

- Enter the Network Settings interface.
   Menu > Configuration > Network
- 2. Select the More Settings tab to enter the More Settings interface.



Figure 11. 7 More Settings Interface

- **3.** Configure the remote alarm host, server port, HTTP port, multicast, RTSP port.
  - Alarm Host IP/Port: With a remote alarm host configured, the device will send the alarm event or
    exception message to the host when an alarm is triggered. The remote alarm host must have the CMS

(Client Management System) software installed.

The **Alarm Host IP** refers to the IP address of the remote PC on which the CMS (Client Management System) software (e.g., NVMS7000) is installed, and the **Alarm Host Port** must be the same as the alarm monitoring port configured in the software (default port is 7200).

Multicast IP: The multicast can be configured to realize live view for more than the maximum number
of cameras through network. A multicast address spans the Class-D IP range of 224.0.0.0 to
239.255.255.255. It is recommended to use the IP address ranging from 239.252.0.0 to
239.255.255.255.

When adding a device to the CMS (Client Management System) software, the multicast address must be the same as the device's multicast IP.

- RTSP Port: The RTSP (Real Time Streaming Protocol) is a network control protocol designed for use in
  entertainment and communications systems to control streaming media servers.
   Enter the RTSP port in the text field of RTSP Port. The default RTSP port is 554, and you can change it
  according to different requirements.
- Server Port and HTTP Port: Enter the Server Port and HTTP Port in the text fields. The default Server
   Port is 8000 and the HTTP Port is 80, and you can change them according to different requirements.



The Server Port should be set to the range of 2000-65535 and it is used for remote client software access. The HTTP port is used for remote IE access.

Alarm Host IP	192.0.0.10
Alarm Host Port	7200
Server Port	8000
HTTP Port	80
Multicast IP	239.252.2.50
RTSP Port	554

Figure 11. 8 Configure More Settings

4. Click the **Apply** button to save and exit the interface.

### 11.2.5 Configuring HTTPS Port

### Purpose:

HTTPS provides authentication of the web site and associated web server that one is communicating with, which protects against Man-in-the-middle attacks. Perform the following steps to set the port number of https.

### Example:

If you set the port number as 443 and the IP address is 192.0.0.64, you may access the device by inputting https://192.0.0.64:443 via the web browser.



The HTTPS port can be only configured through the web browser.

### Steps:

- 1. Open web browser, input the IP address of device, and the web server will select the language automatically according to the system language and maximize the web browser.
- $\textbf{2.} \ \ \textbf{Input the correct user name and password, and click } \textbf{Login} \ \textbf{button to log in the device}.$
- 3. Enter the HTTPS settings interface.

Configuration > Remote Configuration > Network Settings > HTTPS

4. Create the self-signed certificate or authorized certificate.

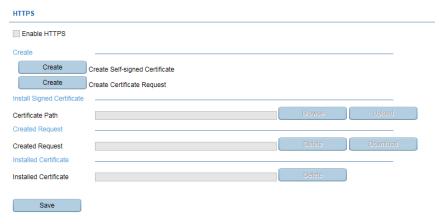


Figure 11. 9 HTTPS Settings

### **OPTION 1**: Create the self-signed certificate

1) Click the Create button to create the following dialog box.

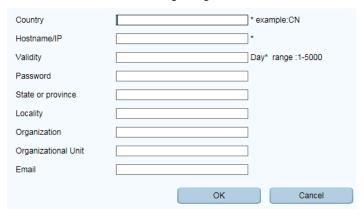


Figure 11. 10 Create Self-signed Certificate

- 2) Enter the country, host name/IP, validity and other information.
- 3) Click **OK** to save the settings.

### **OPTION 2**: Create the authorized certificate

- 1) Click the **Create** button to create the certificate request.
- 2) Download the certificate request and submit it to the trusted certificate authority for signature.
- 3) After receiving the signed valid certificate, import the certificate to the device.
- 5. There will be the certificate information after you successfully create and install the certificate.

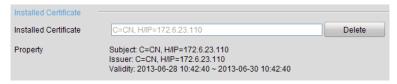


Figure 11. 11 Installed Certificate Property

- **6.** Check the checkbox to enable the HTTPS function.
- **7.** Click the **Save** button to save the settings.

### 11.2.6 Configuring Email

### Purpose:

The system can be configured to send an Email notification to all designated users if an alarm event is detected, etc., an alarm or motion event is detected or the administrator password is changed.

Before configuring the Email settings, the NVR must be connected to a local area network (LAN) that maintains an SMTP mail server. The network must also be connected to either an intranet or the Internet depending on the location of the e-mail accounts to which you want to send notification.

#### Steps:

- Enter the Network Settings interface.
   Menu >Configuration> Network
- 2. Set the IPv4 Address, IPv4 Subnet Mask, IPv4 Gateway and the Preferred DNS Server in the Network Settings menu.



Figure 11. 12 Network Settings Interface

- 3. Click Apply to save the settings.
- 4. Select the Email tab to enter the Email Settings interface.

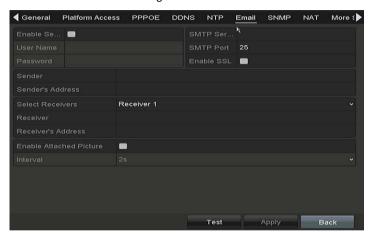


Figure 11. 13 Email Settings Interface

**5.** Configure the following Email settings:

**Enable Server Authentication** (optional): Check the checkbox to enable the server authentication feature. **User Name:** The user name of sender's account registered on the SMTP server.

Password: The password of sender's account registered on the SMTP server.

SMTP Server: The SMTP Server IP address or host name (e.g., smtp.263xmail.com).

SMTP Port: The SMTP port. The default TCP/IP port used for SMTP is 25.

**Enable SSL/TLS** (optional): Click the checkbox to enable SSL/TLS if required by the SMTP server.

Sender: The name of sender.

Sender's Address: The Email address of sender.

Select Receivers: Select the receiver. Up to 3 receivers can be configured.

Receiver: The name of user to be notified.

Receiver's Address: The Email address of user to be notified.

**Enable Attached Picture:** Check the checkbox of **Enable Attached Picture** if you want to send email with attached alarm images. The interval is the time of two adjacent alarm images. You can also set SMTP port and enable SSL here.

Interval: The interval refers to the time between two actions of sending attached pictures.

- 6. Click Apply button to save the Email settings.
- 7. You can click **Test** button to test whether your Email settings work.

### 11.2.7 Configuring NAT

### Purpose:

Two ways are provided for port mapping to realize the remote access via the cross-segment network, UPnP™ and manual mapping.

### ● UPnP<sup>TM</sup>

Universal Plug and Play ( $UPnP^{TM}$ ) can permit the device seamlessly discover the presence of other network devices on the network and establish functional network services for data sharing, communications, etc. You can use the  $UPnP^{TM}$  function to enable the fast connection of the device to the WAN via a router without port mapping.

### Before you start:

If you want to enable the UPnP™ function of the device, you must enable the UPnP™ function of the router to which your device is connected. When the network working mode of the device is set as multi-address, the Default Route of the device should be in the same network segment as that of the LAN IP address of the router.

### Steps:

**1.** Enter the Network Settings interface.

Menu > Configuration > Network

2. Select the **NAT** tab to enter the port mapping interface.

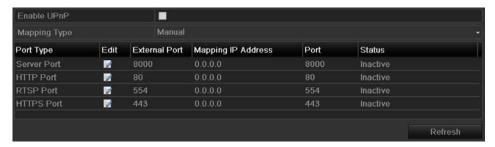


Figure 11. 14 UPnP™ Settings Interface

- 3. Check checkbox to enable UPnP™.
- 4. Select the Mapping Type as Manual or Auto in the drop-down list.

### **OPTION 1: Auto**

If you select Auto, the Port Mapping items are read-only, and the external ports are set by the router automatically.

### Steps:

- 1) Select Auto in the drop-down list of Mapping Type.
- 2) Click **Apply** button to save the settings.
- 3) You can click **Refresh** button to get the latest status of the port mapping.

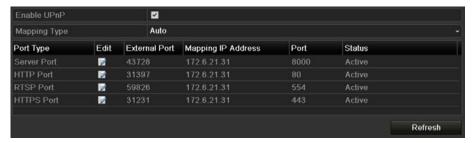


Figure 11. 15 UPnP™ Settings Finished-Auto

### **OPTION 2: Manual**

If you select Manual as the mapping type, you can edit the external port on your demand by clicking activate the External Port Settings dialog box.

### Steps:

- 1) Select Manual in the drop-down list of Mapping Type.
- 2) Click to activate the External Port Settings dialog box. Configure the external port No. for server port, http port, RTSP port and https port respectively.



- You can use the default port No., or change it according to actual requirements.
- External Port indicates the port No. for port mapping in the router.
- The value of the RTSP port No. should be 554 or between 1024 and 65535, while the value of the other ports should be between 1 and 65535 and the value must be different from each other. If multiple devices are configured for the UPnP™ settings under the same router, the value of the port No. for each device should be unique.

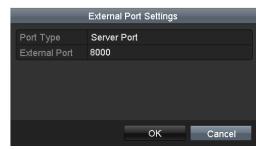


Figure 11. 16 External Port Settings Dialog Box

- 3) Click **Apply** button to save the settings.
- 4) You can click **Refresh** button to get the latest status of the port mapping.

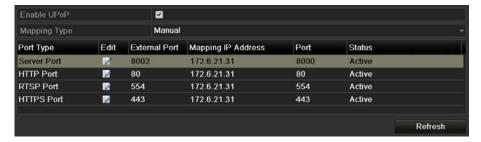


Figure 11. 17 UPnP™ Settings Finished-Manual

### Manual Mapping

If your router does not support the UPnP<sup>TM</sup> function, perform the following steps to map the port manually in an easy way.

### Before you start:

Make sure the router support the configuration of internal port and external port in the interface of Forwarding.

### Steps:

- Enter the Network Settings interface.
   Menu > Configuration > Network
- 2. Select the NAT tab to enter the port mapping interface.
- 3. Leave the Enable UPnP checkbox unchecked.
- **4.** Click to activate the External Port Settings dialog box. Configure the external port No. for server port, http port, RTSP port and https port respectively.



The value of the RTSP port No. should be 554 or between 1024 and 65535, while the value of the other ports should be between 1 and 65535 and the value must be different from each other. If multiple devices are configured for the UPnP™ settings under the same router, the value of the port No. for each device should be unique.

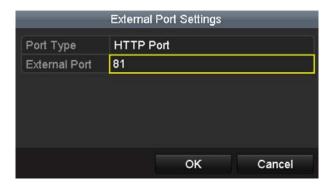


Figure 11. 18 External Port Settings Dialog Box

- **5.** Click **OK** to save the setting for the current port and return to the upper-level menu.
- **6.** Click **Apply** button to save the settings.
- **7.** Enter the virtual server setting page of router; fill in the blank of Internal Source Port with the internal port value, the blank of External Source Port with the external port value, and other required contents.



Each item should be corresponding with the device port, including server port, http port, RTSP port and https port.



Figure 11. 19 Setting Virtual Server Item



The above virtual server setting interface is for reference only, it may be different due to different router manufactures. Please contact the manufacture of router if you have any problems with setting virtual server.

# 11.3 Checking Network Traffic

### Purpose:

You can check the network traffic to obtain real-time information of NVR such as linking status, MTU, sending/receiving rate, etc.

### Steps:

1. Enter the Network Traffic interface.

Menu > Maintenance > Net Detect

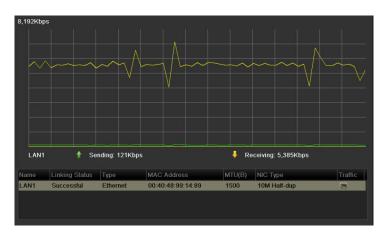


Figure 11. 20 Network Traffic Interface

**2.** You can view the sending rate and receiving rate information on the interface. The traffic data is refreshed every 1 second.

# 11.4 Configuring Network Detection

### Purpose:

You can obtain network connecting status of NVR through the network detection function, including network delay, packet loss, etc.

### 11.4.1 Testing Network Delay and Packet Loss

### Steps:

- Enter the Network Traffic interface.
   Menu >Maintenance>Net Detect
- 2. Click the Network Detection tab to enter the Network Detection menu, as shown in Figure 11. 21.

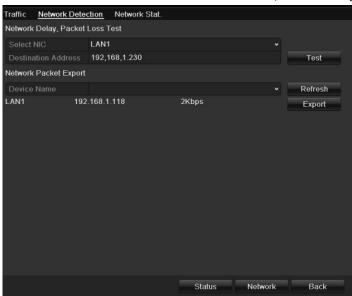


Figure 11. 21 Network Detection Interface

- 3. Enter the destination address in the text field of **Destination Address**.
- **4.** Click **Test** button to start testing network delay and packet loss. The testing result pops up on the window. If the testing is failed, the error message box will pop up as well. Refer to Figure 11. 22.



Figure 11. 22 Testing Result of Network Delay and Packet Loss

# 11.4.2 Exporting Network Packet

### Purpose:

By connecting the NVR to network, the captured network data packet can be exported to USB-flash disk, SATA, DVD-R/W and other local backup devices.

### Steps:

- 1. Enter the Network Traffic interface.
  - Menu >Maintenance>Net Detect
- 2. Click the Network Detection tab to enter the Network Detection interface.
- 3. Select the backup device from the dropdown list of Device Name, as shown in Figure 11. 23.



Click **Refresh** button if the connected local backup device cannot be displayed. When it fails to detect the backup device, please check whether it is compatible with the NVR. You can format the backup device if the format is incorrect.



Figure 11. 23 Export Network Packet

- 4. Click Export button to start exporting.
- 5. After the exporting is complete, click OK to finish the packet export, as shown in Figure 11. 24.



Figure 11. 24 Packet Export Attention



Up to 1M data can be exported each time.

## 11.4.3 Checking the Network Status

### Purpose:

You can also check the network status and quick set the network parameters in this interface.

### Steps:

Click the Status button on the lower- right corner of the page.

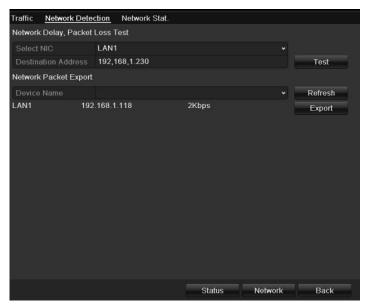


Figure 11. 25 Network Status Checking

If the network is normal the following message box pops out.

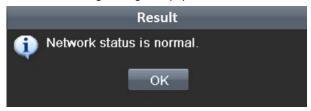


Figure 11. 26 Network Status Checking Result

If the message box pops out with other information instead of this one, you can click **Network** button to show the quick setting interface of the network parameters.

### 11.4.4 Checking Network Statistics

### Purpose:

You can check the network status to obtain the real-time information of NVR.

### Steps:

- 1. Enter the Network Detection interface.
  - Menu>Maintenance>Net Detect
- 2. Choose the Network Stat. tab.

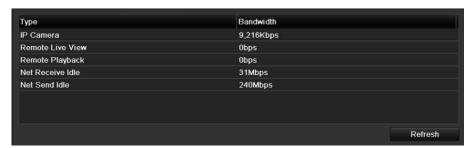


Figure 11. 27 Network Stat. Interface

- **3.** Check the bandwidth of IP Camera, bandwidth of Remote Live View, bandwidth of Remote Playback, bandwidth of Net Receive Idle and bandwidth of Net Send Idle.
- **4.** You can click **Refresh** to get the newest status.

# **Chapter 12 RAID**

# 12.1 Configuring Array

### Purpose:

RAID (redundant array of independent disks) is a storage technology that combines multiple disk drive components into a logical unit. A RAID setup stores data over multiple hard disk drives to provide enough redundancy so that data can be recovered if one disk fails. Data is distributed across the drives in one of several ways called "RAID levels", depending on what level of redundancy and performance is required.

The NVR supports the disk array that is realized by software. You can enable the RAID function on your demand.

#### Before you start:

Please install the HDD(s) properly and it is recommended to use the same enterprise-level HDDs (including model and capacity) for array creation and configuration so as to maintain reliable and stable running of the disks.

#### Introduction:

The NVR can store the data (such as record, picture, log information) in the HDD only after you have created the array or you have configured network HDD (refer to *Chapter13.2 Managing Network HDD*). Our device provides two ways for creating array, including one-touch configuration and manual configuration. The following flow chart shows the process of creating array.

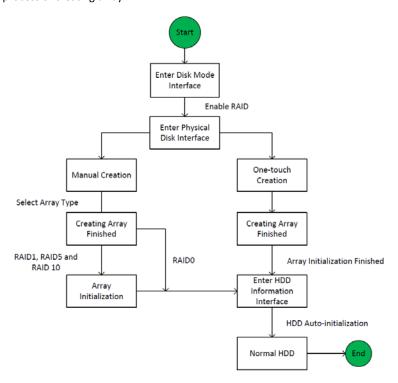


Figure 12. 1 RAID Working Flow

### 12.1.1 Enable RAID

### Purpose:

Perform the following steps to enable the RAID function, or the disk array cannot be created.

### • OPTION 1:

Enable the RAID function in the Wizard when the device startup, please refer to step 5 of Chapter 2.4 Using

Wizard for Basic Configuration.

### OPTION 2:

Enable the RAID function in the HDD Management Interface.

### Steps:

1. Enter the disk mode configuration interface.

Menu > HDD > Advanced



Figure 12. 2 Enable RAID Interface

- 2. Check the checkbox of Enable RAID.
- 3. Click the **Apply** button to save the settings.

### 12.1.2 One-Touch Configuration

### Purpose:

Through one-touch configuration, you can quickly create the disk array. By default, the array type to be created is RAID 5.

### Before you start:

- 1. The RAID function should be enabled, please refer to the Chapter 12.1.1 Enable RAID for details.
- 2. As the default array type is RAID 5, please install at least 3 HDDs in you device.
- 3. If more than 10 HDDs are installed, 2 arrays can be configured.

### Steps:

1. Enter the RAID configuration interface.

Menu > HDD > RAID



Figure 12. 3 Physical Disk Interface

- 2. Check the checkbox of corresponding HDD No. to select it.
- 3. Click the One-touch Create button to enter the One-touch Array Configuration interface.



Figure 12. 4 One-touch Array Configuration

4. Edit the array name in the Array Name text filed and click OK button to start configuring array.



If you install 4 HDDs or above for one-touch configuration, a hot spare disk will be set by default. It is recommended to set hot spare disk for automatically rebuilding the array when the array is abnormal.

- 5. When the array configuration is completed, click **OK** button in the pop-up message box to finish the settings.
- **6.** You can click **Array** tab to view the information of the successfully created array.



By default, one-touch configuration creates an array and a virtual disk.



Figure 12. 5 Array Settings Interface

7. A created array displays as an HDD in the HDD information interface.

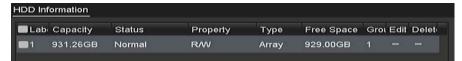


Figure 12. 6 HDD Information Interface

### 12.1.3 Manually Creating Array

### Purpose:

You can manually create the array of RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5, RAID6, and RAID 10.



In this section, we take RAID 5 as an example to describe the manual configuration of array and virtual disk.

### Steps:

**1.** Enter the Physical Disk Settings interface.

Menu > HDD > RAID > Physical Disk

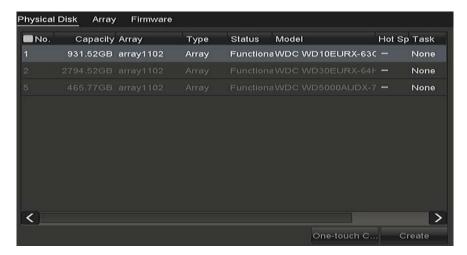


Figure 12. 7 Physical Disk Settings Interface

2. Click Create button to enter the Create Array interface.

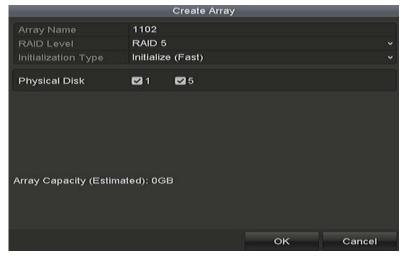


Figure 12. 8 Create Array Interface

3. Edit the Array Name; set the RAID Level to RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5, RAID6, or RAID 10. Select the Physical Disk that you want to configure array.

Table 12. 1 Required HDD for Each Array Type

Array Type	Required HDD
RAID0	at least 2 HDDs
RAID1	2 HDDs
RAID5	at least 3 HDDs
RAID6	at least 4 HDDs
RAID10	HDD number should be even in the range of 4 to 16

4. Click **OK** button to create array.



If the number of HDDs you select is not compatible with the requirement of the RAID level, the error message box will pop up.



Figure 12. 9 Error Message Box

5. You can click **Array** tab to view the successfully created array.



Figure 12. 10 Array Settings Interface

## 12.2 Rebuilding Array

### Purpose:

The working status of array includes Functional, Degraded and Offline. By viewing the array status, you can take immediate and proper maintenance for the disks so as to ensure the high security and reliability of the data stored in the disk array.

When there is no disk loss in the array, the working status of array will change to Functional; when the number of lost disks has exceeded the limit, the working status of array will change to Offline; in other conditions, the working status is Degraded.

When the virtual disk is in Degraded status, you can restore it to Functional by array rebuilding.

#### Before you start:

Please make sure the hot spare disk is configured.

1. Enter the Physical Disk Settings interface to configure the hot spare disk.



Figure 12. 11 Physical Disk Settings Interface

2. Select a disk and click do set it as the hot spare disk.



Only global hot spare mode is supported.

### 12.2.1 Automatically Rebuilding Array

### Purpose:

When the virtual disk is in Degraded status, the device can start rebuilding the array automatically with the hot spare disk to ensure the high security and reliability of the data.

### Steps:

1. Enter the Array Settings interface. The status of the array is Degraded. Since the hot spare disk is configured, the system will automatically start rebuilding using it.

Menu > HDD > RAID > Array



Figure 12. 12 Array Settings Interface

If there is no hot spare disk after rebuilding, it is recommended to install a HDD into the device and set is as a hot spare disk to ensure the high security and reliability of the array.

### 12.2.2 Manually Rebuilding Array

### Purpose:

If the hot spare disk has not been configured, you can rebuild the array manually to restore the array when the virtual disk is in Degraded status.

### Steps:

1. Enter the Array Settings interface. The disk 3 is lost.

Menu > HDD > RAID > Array



Figure 12. 13 Array Settings Interface

2. Click Array tab to back to the Array Settings interface and click 📝 to configure the array rebuild.



At least one available physical disk should exist for rebuilding the array.



Figure 12. 14 Rebuild Array Interface

- **3.** Select the available physical disk and click **OK** button to confirm to rebuild the array.
- **4.** The "Do not unplug the physical disk when it is under rebuilding" message box pops up. Click **OK** button to start rebuilding.
- **5.** You can enter the Array Settings interface to view the rebuilding status.
- **6.** After rebuilding successfully, the array and virtual disk will restore to Functional.

# 12.3 Deleting Array



Deleting array will cause to delete all the data saved in the disk.

### Steps:

1. Enter the Array Settings interface.

Menu > HDD > RAID > Array



Figure 12. 15 Array Settings Interface

2. Select an array and click to delete the array.



Figure 12. 16 Confirm Array Deletion

3. In the pop-up message box, click **Yes** button to confirm the array deletion.



Deleting array will cause to delete all the data in the array.

# 12.4 Checking and Editing Firmware

### Purpose:

You can view the information of the firmware and set the background task speed on the Firmware interface.

1. Enter the Firmware interface to check the information of the firmware, including the version, maximum physical disk quantity, maximum array quantity, auto-rebuild status, etc.



Figure 12. 17 Firmware Interface

- 2. You can set the Background Task Speed in the drop-down list.
- **3.** Click the **Apply** button to save the settings.

# **Chapter 13 HDD Management**

# 13.1 Initializing HDDs

### Purpose:

A newly installed hard disk drive (HDD) must be initialized before it can be used with your NVR.



A message box pops up when the NVR starts up if there exits any uninitialized HDD.



Figure 13. 1 Message Box of Uninitialized HDD

Click Yes button to initialize it immediately or you can perform the following steps to initialize the HDD.

### Steps:

1. Enter the HDD Information interface.

Menu > HDD> General



Figure 13. 2 HDD Information Interface

- 2. Select HDD to be initialized.
- 3. Click the Init button.



Figure 13. 3 Confirm Initialization

4. Select the OK button to start initialization.



Figure 13. 4 Status changes to Initializing

5. After the HDD has been initialized, the status of the HDD will change from *Uninitialized* to *Normal*.



Figure 13. 5 HDD Status Changes to Normal



Initializing the HDD will erase all data on it.

# 13.2 Managing Network HDD

#### Purpose:

You can add the allocated NAS or disk of IP SAN to NVR, and use it as network HDD. Up to 8 network disks can be added.

### Steps:

1. Enter the HDD Information interface.

Menu > HDD>General



Figure 13. 6 HDD Information Interface

2. Click the Add button to enter the Add NetHDD interface, as shown in Figure 13. 7.

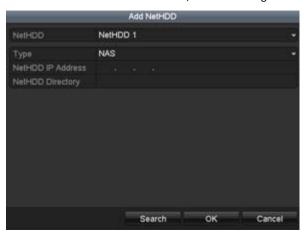


Figure 13. 7 HDD Information Interface

- 3. Add the allocated NetHDD.
- **4.** Select the type to NAS or IP SAN.
- **5.** Configure the NAS or IP SAN settings.
  - Add NAS disk:
  - 1) Enter the NetHDD IP address in the text field.
  - 2) Click the Search button to search the available NAS disks.
  - Select the NAS disk from the list shown below.
     Or you can just manually enter the directory in the text field of NetHDD Directory.
  - 4) Click the **OK** button to add the configured NAS disk.

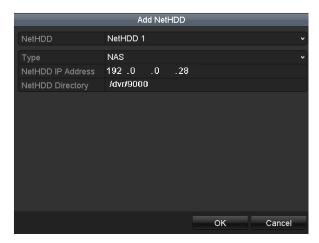


Figure 13. 8 Add NAS Disk

- Add IP SAN:
- 1) Enter the NetHDD IP address in the text field.
- 2) Click the Search button to search the available IP SAN disks.
- 3) Select the IP SAN disk from the list shown below.
- 4) Click the **OK** button to add the selected IP SAN disk.



Up to 1 IP SAN disk can be added.



Figure 13. 9 Add IP SAN Disk

**6.** After having successfully added the NAS or IP SAN disk, return to the HDD Information menu. The added NetHDD will be displayed in the list.



If the added NetHDD is uninitialized, please select it and click the Init button for initialization.

# 13.3 Managing eSATA

### Purpose:

When there is an external eSATA device connected to NVR, you can configure eSATA for the use of Record/Capture or Export, and you can manage the eSATA in the NVR.

### Steps:

- Enter the Advanced Record Settings interface.
   Menu >Record>Advanced
- Select the eSATA type to Export or Record/Capture from the dropdown list of eSATA.
   Export: use the eSATA for backup. Refer to Backup using eSATA HDDs in Chapter 7.1.2 Backing up by Normal Video/Picture Search for operating instructions.

Record/Capture: use the eSATA for record/capture. Refer to the following steps for operating instructions.



Figure 13. 10 Set eSATA Mode

- When the eSATA type is selected to Record/Capture, enter the HDD Information interface.Menu > HDD>General
- **4.** Edit the property of the selected eSATA, or initialize it is required.



Two storage modes can be configured for the eSATA when it is used for Record/Capture. Please refer to *Chapter13.4 Managing HDD Group* and *Chapter 13.5 Configuring Quota Mode* for details.

# 13.4 Managing HDD Group

### 13.4.1 Setting HDD Groups

### Purpose:

Multiple HDDs can be managed in groups. Video from specified channels can be recorded onto a particular HDD group through HDD settings.

### Steps:

- Enter the Storage Mode interface.
   Menu > HDD > Advanced > Storage Mode
- 2. Set the Mode to Group, as shown in Figure 13. 11.



Figure 13. 11 Storage Mode Interface

3. Click the Apply button and the following Attention box will pop up.



Figure 13. 12 Attention for Reboot

- **4.** Click the **Yes** button to reboot the device to activate the changes.
- After reboot of device, enter the HDD Information interface.Menu > HDD> General
- **6.** Select HDD from the list and click icon to enter the Local HDD Settings interface, as shown in Figure 13.

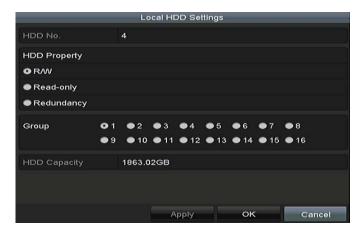


Figure 13. 13 Local HDD Settings Interface

7. Select the Group number for the current HDD.



The default group No. for each HDD is 1.

8. Click the OK button to confirm the settings.



Figure 13. 14 Confirm HDD Group Settings

9. In the pop-up Attention box, click the Yes button to finish the settings.

### 13.4.2Setting HDD Property

### Purpose:

The HDD property can be set to redundancy, read-only or read/write (R/W). Before setting the HDD property, please set the storage mode to Group (refer to step1-4 of Chapter Setting HDD Groups).

A HDD can be set to read-only to prevent important recorded files from being overwritten when the HDD becomes full in overwrite recording mode.

When the HDD property is set to redundancy, the video can be recorded both onto the redundancy HDD and the R/W HDD simultaneously so as to ensure high security and reliability of video data.

### Steps:

- 1. Enter the HDD Information interface.
  - Menu > HDD> General
- 2. Select HDD from the list and click the icon to enter the Local HDD Settings interface, as shown in Figure 13. 15.

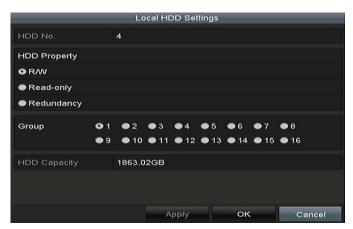


Figure 13. 15 Set HDD Property

- **3.** Set the HDD property to R/W, Read-only or Redundancy.
- 4. Click the **OK** button to save the settings and exit the interface.

 $\textbf{5.} \ \ \text{In the HDD Information menu, the HDD property will be displayed in the list.}$ 



At least 2 hard disks must be installed on your NVR when you want to set a HDD to Redundancy, and there is one HDD with R/W property.

# 13.5 Configuring Quota Mode

### Purpose:

Each camera can be configured with allocated quota for the storage of recorded files or captured pictures.

#### Steps

- 1. Enter the Storage Mode interface.
  - Menu > HDD > Advanced
- 2. Set the Mode to Quota, as shown in Figure 13. 16.



The NVR must be rebooted to enable the changes to take effect.

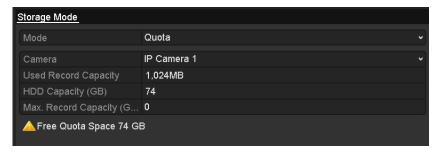


Figure 13. 16 Storage Mode Settings Interface

- 3. Select a camera for which you want to configure quota.
- 4. Enter the storage capacity in the text fields of Max. Record Capacity (GB) and Max. Picture Capacity (GB).
- 5. You can copy the quota settings of the current camera to other cameras if required. Click the **Copy** button to enter the Copy Camera menu, as shown in Figure 13. 17.



Figure 13. 17 Copy Settings to Other Camera(s)

- **6.** Select the camera (s) to be configured with the same quota settings. You can also click the checkbox of IP Camera to select all cameras.
- 7. Click the **OK** button to finish the Copy settings and back to the Storage Mode interface.
- 8. Click the Apply button to apply the settings.



If the quota capacity is set to  $\it{0}$ , then all cameras will use the total capacity of HDD for record.

# 13.6 Configuring Disk Clone

### Purpose:

If the S.M.A.R.T. detection result declares the HDD is abnormal, you can choose to clone all the data on the HDD to an inserted eSATA disk manually. Refer to *Chapter 13.8 HDD Detection* for details of S.M.A.R.T detection.

### Before you start:

An eSATA disk should be connected to the device.

### Steps:

1. Enter the HDD Advanced Setting interface:

Menu > HDD > Advanced

2. Click the **Disk Clone** tab to enter the disk clone configuring interface.

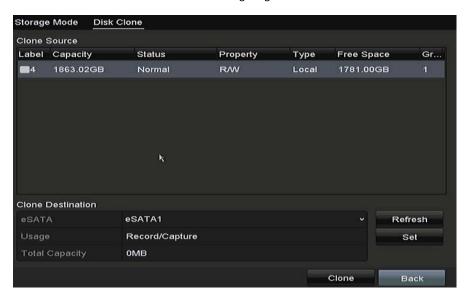


Figure 13. 18 Disk Clone Configuration Interface

**3.** Make sure the usage of the eSATA disk is set as Export.

If not, click the **Set** button to set it. Choose Export and click the **OK** button.



Figure 13. 19 Setting eSATA Usage



The capacity of destination disk must be the same as that of the clone source disk.

- 4. Check the checkbox of the HDD to be cloned in the Clone Source list.
- 5. Click the Clone button and a message box pops up.

### 6. Click the Yes button to continue.

You can check the clone progress in the HDD status.



Figure 13. 20 Check Disk Clone Progress

# 13.7 Checking HDD Status

### Purpose:

You may check the status of the installed HDDs on NVR so as to take immediate check and maintenance in case of HDD failure.

### 13.7.1 Checking HDD Status in HDD Information Interface

### Steps:

**1.** Enter the HDD Information interface.

Menu > HDD>General

2. Check the status of each HDD which is displayed on the list, as shown in Figure 13. 21.

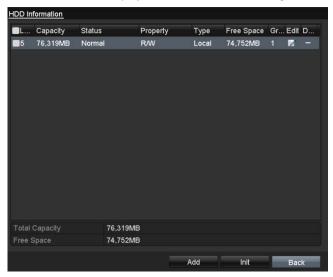


Figure 13. 21 View HDD Status (1)



If the status of HDD is *Normal* or *Sleeping*, it works normally. If the status is *Uninitialized* or *Abnormal*, please initialize the HDD before use. And if the HDD initialization is failed, please replace it with a new one.

### 13.7.2 Checking HDD Status in HDD Information Interface

### Steps:

Enter the System Information interface.
 Menu >Maintenance > System Info

2. Click the HDD tab to view the status of each HDD displayed on the list, as shown in Figure 13. 22.

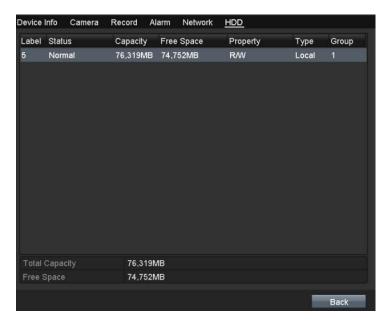


Figure 13. 22 View HDD Status (2)

# 13.8 HDD Detection

# Purpose:

The device provides the HDD detection function such as the adopting of the S.M.A.R.T. and the Bad Sector Detection technique. The S.M.A.R.T. (Self-Monitoring, Analysis and Reporting Technology) is a monitoring system for HDD to detect and report on various indicators of reliability in the hopes of anticipating failures.

# S.M.A.R.T. Settings

### Steps:

1. Enter the S.M.A.R.T Settings interface.

Menu > Maintenance > HDD Detect

2. Select the HDD to view its S.M.A.R.T information list, as shown in Figure 13. 23.



Figure 13. 23 S.M.A.R.T Settings Interface

The related information of the S.M.A.R.T. is shown on the interface.

You can choose the self-test types as Short Test, Expanded Test or the Conveyance Test.

Click the start button to start the S.M.A.R.T. HDD self-evaluation.





If you want to use the HDD even when the S.M.A.R.T. checking is failed, you can check the checkbox of the **Continue to use the disk when self-evaluation is failed** item.

### **Bad Sector Detection**

# Steps:

- 1. Click the Bad Sector Detection tab.
- 2. Select the HDD No. in the dropdown list you want to configure, and choose All Detection or Key Area

Detection as the detection type.

3. Click the **Detect** button to start the detection.

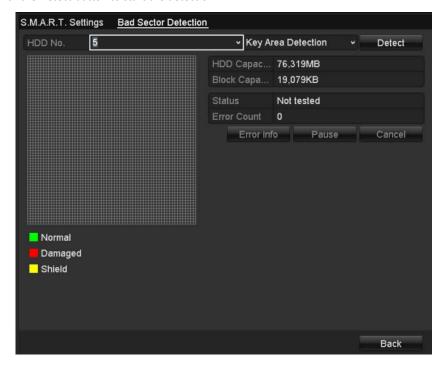


Figure 13. 24 Bad Sector Detection

And you can click  $\mbox{\it Error info}$  button to see the detailed damage information.

And you can also pause/resume or cancel the detection.

# 13.9 Configuring HDD Error Alarms

# Purpose:

You can configure the HDD error alarms when the HDD status is *Uninitialized* or *Abnormal*.

#### Steps:

- Enter the Exception interface.
   Menu > Configuration > Exceptions
- 2. Select the Exception Type to HDD Error from the dropdown list.
- 3. Click the checkbox(s) below to select the HDD error alarm type (s), as shown in Figure 13. 25.



The alarm type can be selected to: Audible Warning, Notify Surveillance Center, Send Email and Trigger Alarm Output. Please refer to *Chapter Setting Alarm Response Actions*.

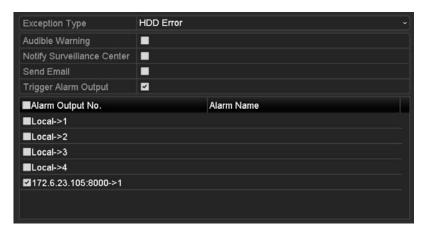


Figure 13. 25 Configure HDD Error Alarm

- **4.** When the Trigger Alarm Output is selected, you can also select the alarm output to be triggered from the list below.
- 5. Click the Apply button to save the settings

# **Chapter 14 Camera Settings**

# 14.1 Configuring OSD Settings

# Purpose:

You can configure the OSD (On-screen Display) settings for the camera, including date /time, camera name, etc.

#### Steps

- 1. Enter the OSD Configuration interface.
  - Menu > Camera > OSD
- 2. Select the camera to configure OSD settings.
- 3. Edit the Camera Name in the text field.
- 4. Configure the Display Name, Display Date and Display Week by clicking the checkbox.
- 5. Select the Date Format, Time Format and Display Mode.



Figure 14. 1 OSD Configuration Interface

- 6. You can use the mouse to click and drag the text frame on the preview window to adjust the OSD position.
- 7. Click the **Apply** button to apply the settings.

# 14.2 Configuring Privacy Mask

# Purpose:

You are allowed to configure the four-sided privacy mask zones that cannot be viewed by the operator. The privacy mask can prevent certain surveillance areas to be viewed or recorded.

# Steps:

- Enter the Privacy Mask Settings interface.
   Menu > Camera > Privacy Mask
- 2. Select the camera to set privacy mask.
- 3. Click the checkbox of Enable Privacy Mask to enable this feature.



Figure 14. 2 Privacy Mask Settings Interface

4. Use the mouse to draw a zone on the window. The zones will be marked with different frame colors.



Up to 4 privacy masks zones can be configured and the size of each area can be adjusted.

**5.** The configured privacy mask zones on the window can be cleared by clicking the corresponding Clear Zone1-4 icons on the right side of the window, or click **Clear All** to clear all zones.



Figure 14. 3 Set Privacy Mask Area

6. Click the Apply button to save the settings.

# **14.3 Configuring Video Parameters**

# Purpose:

You can customize the image parameters including the brightness, contrast, saturation, image rotate and mirror for the live view and recording effect.

# Steps:

1. Enter the Image Settings interface.

Menu > Camera > Image



Figure 14. 4 Image Settings Interface

- 2. Select the camera to set image parameters.
- 3. Adjust the slider or click on the up/down arrow to set the value of the brightness, contrast or saturation.
- **4.** Configure the other image parameters according to your needs, like Wide Dynamic, Day/Night Switch, Digital Noise Reduction, and Exposure Time.



- The parameters must be supported by the connected IP camera.
- The image parameters adjustment can affect both the live view and the recording quality.
- 5. Click the **Apply** button to save the settings.

# Chapter 15 NVR Management and Maintenance

# **15.1 Viewing System Information**

# Steps:

- Enter the System Information interface.
   Menu >Maintenance>System Info
- **2.** You can click the **Device Info, Camera, Record, Alarm, Network** and **HDD** tabs to view the system information of the device.



Figure 15. 1 Device Information Interface



You can add the device to your mobile client software (NVMS7000) via scanning the QR Code.

# 15.2 Searching & Exporting Log Files

# Purpose:

The operation, alarm, exception and information of the NVR can be stored in log files, which can be viewed and exported at any time.

# Steps:

**1.** Enter the Log Search interface.

Menu > Maintenance > Log Information



Figure 15. 2 Log Search Interface

- 2. Set the log search conditions to refine your search, including the Start Time, End Time, Major Type and Minor Type.
- 3. Click the Search button to start search log files.
- 4. The matched log files will be displayed on the list shown below.



Figure 15. 3 Log Search Results

Up to 2000 log files can be displayed each time.

5. You can click the button of each log or double click it to view its detailed information, as shown in Figure 15. 4. And you can also click the button to view the related video files if available.

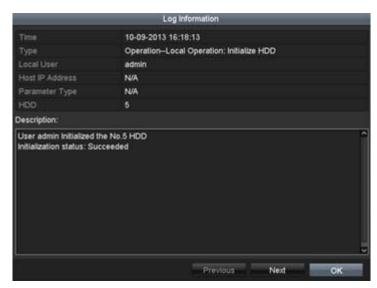


Figure 15. 4 Log Details

If you want to export the log files, click the Export button to enter the Export menu, as shown in Figure 15.
 4 Log Details.

You can also click **Export All** on the Log Search interface (Figure 15.2) to enter the Export interface (Figure 15.5), and all the system logs will be exported to the backup device.

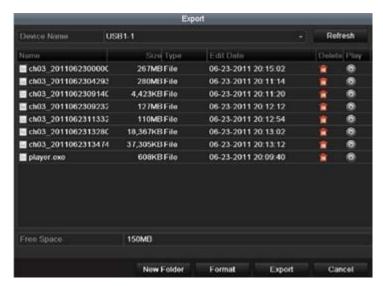


Figure 15. 5 Export Log Files

- 7. Select the backup device from the dropdown list of **Device Name**.
- **8.** Select the format of the log files to be exported. Up to 9 formats are selectable.
- 9. Click the Export to export the log files to the selected backup device.
  You can click the New Folder button to create new folder in the backup device, or click the Format button to format the backup device before log export.



Please connect the backup device to NVR before operating log export.

# 15.3 Importing/Exporting IP Camera Info

# Purpose:

The information of added IP camera can be generated into an excel file and exported to the local device for backup, including the IP address, manage port, password of admin, etc. And the exported file can be edited on your PC, like adding or deleting the content, and copy the setting to other devices by importing the excel file to it.

# Steps:

- Enter the camera management interface.
   Menu > Camera > IP Camera Import/Export
- 2. Click the IP Camera Import/Export tab, the content of detected plugged external device appears.
- 3. Click the Export button to export configuration files to the selected local backup device.
- **4.** To import a configuration file, select the file from the selected backup device and click the **Import** button. After the importing process is completed, you must reboot the NVR.

# 15.4 Importing/Exporting Configuration Files

# Purpose:

The configuration files of the NVR can be exported to local device for backup; and the configuration files of one NVR can be imported to multiple NVR devices if they are to be configured with the same parameters.

# Steps:

1. Enter the Import/Export Configuration File interface.

Menu > Maintenance > Import/Export

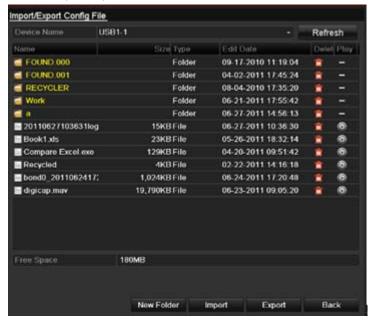


Figure 15. 6 Import/Export Configuration File

- 2. Click the Export button to export configuration files to the selected local backup device.
- **3.** To import a configuration file, select the file from the selected backup device and click the **Import** button. After the import process is completed, you must reboot the NVR.



After having finished the import of configuration files, the device will reboot automatically.

# 15.5 Upgrading System

# Purpose:

The firmware on your NVR can be upgraded by local backup device or remote FTP server.

# 15.5.1 Upgrading by Local Backup Device

# Steps:

- 1. Connect your NVR with a local backup device where the update firmware file is located.
- 2. Enter the Upgrade interface.
  - Menu > Maintenance > Upgrade
- 3. Click the Local Upgrade tab to enter the local upgrade menu.
- 4. Select the update file from the backup device.
- 5. Click the Upgrade button to start upgrading.
- 6. After the upgrading is complete, reboot the NVR to activate the new firmware.

# 15.5.2 Upgrading by FTP

# Before you start:

Ensure the network connection of the PC (running FTP server) and the device is valid and correct. Run the FTP server on the PC and copy the firmware into the corresponding directory of your PC.

# Steps:

- Enter the Upgrade interface.
   Menu >Maintenance>Upgrade
- 2. Click the FTP tab to enter the local upgrade interface, as shown in Figure 15. 7.



Figure 15. 7 FTP Upgrade Interface

- 3. Enter the FTP Server Address in the text field.
- 4. Click the Upgrade button to start upgrading.
- 5. After the upgrading is complete, reboot the NVR to activate the new firmware.

# 15.6 Restoring Default Settings

# Steps:

1. Enter the Default interface.

Menu > Maintenance > Default

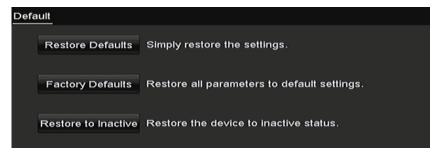


Figure 15. 8 Restore Defaults

**2.** Select the restoring type from the following three options.

**Restore Defaults:** Restore all parameters, except the network (including IP address, subnet mask, gateway, MTU, NIC working mode, default route, server port, etc.) and user account parameters, to the factory default settings.

Factory Defaults: Restore all parameters to the factory default settings.

Restore to Inactive: Restore the device to the inactive status.

3. Click the OK button to restore the default settings.



The device will reboot automatically after restoring to the default settings.

# **Chapter 16 Others**

# 16.1 Configuring General Settings

# Purpose:

You can configure the BNC output standard, VGA output resolution, mouse pointer speed through the Menu > Configuration > General interface.

### Steps:

- Enter the General Settings interface.
   Menu > Configuration > General
- 2. Select the General tab.

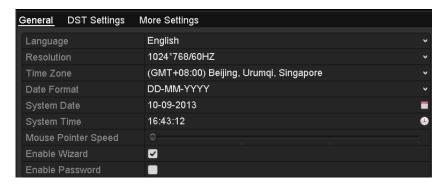


Figure 16. 1 General Settings Interface

- 3. Configure the following settings:
  - Language: The default language used is English.
  - Resolution: You can configure the VGA, HDMI 1, HDMI 2 resolution. And up to 4K (4096 × 2160)
    resolution is selectable for the HDMI 2 output.
  - Time Zone: Select the time zone.
  - Date Format: Select the date format.
  - System Date: Select the system date.
  - **System Time:** Select the system time.
  - Mouse Pointer Speed: Set the speed of mouse pointer; 4 levels are configurable.
  - Enable Wizard: Enable/disable the Wizard when the device starts up.
  - Enable Password: Enable/disable the use of the login password.
- 4. Click the **Apply** button to save the settings.

# **16.2 Configuring DST Settings**

# Steps:

- 1. Enter the General Settings interface.
  - Menu >Configuration>General
- 2. Choose DST Settings tab.

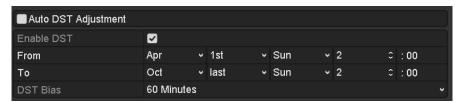


Figure 16. 2 DST Settings Interface

You can check the checkbox before the Auto DST Adjustment item.

Or you can manually check the Enable DST checkbox, and then you choose the date of the DST period.

# **16.3 Configuring More Settings**

# Steps:

- Enter the General Settings interface.
   Menu >Configuration>General
- 2. Click the More Settings tab to enter the More Settings interface.



Figure 16. 3 More Settings Interface

- 3. Configure the following settings:
  - Device Name: Edit the name of NVR.
  - Device No.: Edit the serial number of NVR. The Device No. can be set in the range of 1~255, and the
    default No. is 255. The number is used for the remote and keyboard control.
  - Auto Logout: Set timeout time for menu inactivity. E.g., when the timeout time is set to 5 Minutes, then
    the system will exit from the current operation menu to live view screen after 5 minutes of menu
    inactivity.
  - Enable HDMI 1 and VGA Simultaneous Output: By default, the video outputs from HDMI 1 and VGA
    interfaces can be operated separately. You can set the simultaneous output for the HDMI 1 and VGA by
    checking the checkbox of the option.
  - Menu Output Mode: You can select the menu to be displayed on selected output. When the Auto
    option is selected and all outputs are connected, the device will detect and set the HDMI 1 as the menu
    output. For details, refer to Table 3. 2 Main and Auxiliary Output Priority Principle.
- 4. Click the **Apply** button to save the settings.

# **16.4 Managing User Accounts**

# Purpose:

There is a default account in the NVR: Administrator. The Administrator user name is admin and the password is set when you start the device for the first time. The Administrator has the permission to add and delete user and configure user parameters.

# 16.4.1 Adding a User

# Steps:

1. Enter the User Management interface.

Menu >Configuration>User



Figure 16. 4 User Management Interface

2. Click the Add button to enter the Add User interface.

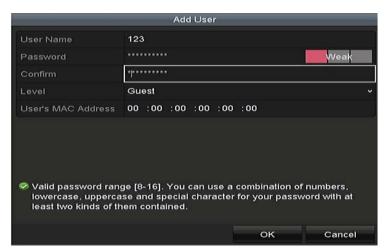


Figure 16. 5 Add User Menu

Enter the information for new user, including User Name, Password, Confirm, Level and User's MAC Address.

Password: Set the password for the user account.

A

STRONG PASSWORD RECOMMENDED—We highly recommend you create a strong password of

your own choosing (Using a minimum of 8 characters, including at least three of the following categories: upper case letters, lower case letters, numbers, and special characters.) in order to increase the security of your product. And we recommend you reset your password regularly, especially in the high security system, resetting the password monthly or weekly can better protect your product.

Level: Set the user level to Operator or Guest. Different user levels have different operating permission.

- Operator: The Operator user level has permission of Two-way Audio in Remote Configuration and all
  operating permission in Camera Configuration by default.
- Guest: The Guest user has no permission of Two-way Audio in Remote Configuration and only has the local/remote playback in the Camera Configuration by default.

**User's MAC Address:** The MAC address of the remote PC which logs onto the NVR. If it is configured and enabled, it only allows the remote user with this MAC address to access the NVR.

**4.** Click the **OK** button to save the settings and go back to the User Management interface. The added new user will be displayed on the list, as shown in Figure 16. 6.

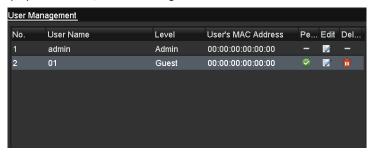


Figure 16. 6 Added User Listed in User Management Interface

5. Select the user from the list and then click the icon to enter the Permission settings interface, as shown in Figure 16. 7.

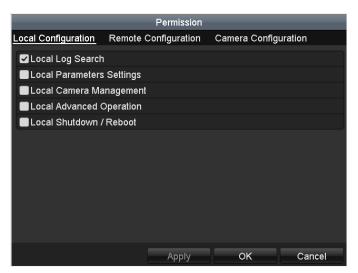


Figure 16. 7 User Permission Settings Interface

**6.** Set the operating permission of Local Configuration, Remote Configuration and Camera Configuration for the user.

### **Local Configuration**

- Local Log Search: Searching and viewing logs and system information of NVR.
- Local Parameters Settings: Configuring parameters, restoring factory default parameters and importing/exporting configuration files.
- Local Camera Management: The adding, deleting and editing of IP cameras.
- Local Advanced Operation: Operating HDD management (initializing HDD, setting HDD property), upgrading system firmware, clearing I/O alarm output.
- Local Shutdown/Reboot: Shutting down or rebooting the NVR.

### **Remote Configuration**

- Remote Log Search: Remotely viewing logs that are saved on the NVR.
- Remote Parameters Settings: Remotely configuring parameters, restoring factory default parameters and importing/exporting configuration files.
- Remote Camera Management: Remote adding, deleting and editing of the IP cameras.
- Remote Serial Port Control: Configuring settings for RS-232 and RS-485 ports.
- Remote Video Output Control: Sending remote button control signal.
- Two-Way Audio: Realizing two-way radio between the remote client and the NVR.
- Remote Alarm Control: Remotely arming (notify alarm and exception message to the remote client) and controlling the alarm output.
- Remote Advanced Operation: Remotely operating HDD management (initializing HDD, setting HDD property), upgrading system firmware, clearing I/O alarm output.
- Remote Shutdown/Reboot: Remotely shutting down or rebooting the NVR.

### **Camera Configuration**

- Remote Live View: Remotely viewing live video of the selected camera (s).
- Local Manual Operation: Locally starting/stopping manual recording and alarm output of the selected camera (s).
- Remote Manual Operation: Remotely starting/stopping manual recording and alarm output of the selected camera (s).
- Local Playback: Locally playing back recorded files of the selected camera (s).
- Remote Playback: Remotely playing back recorded files of the selected camera (s).
- Local PTZ Control: Locally controlling PTZ movement of the selected camera (s).
- Remote PTZ Control: Remotely controlling PTZ movement of the selected camera (s).
- Local Video Export: Locally exporting recorded files of the selected camera (s).
- $\textbf{7.} \ \, \text{Click the } \textbf{OK} \text{ button to save the settings and exit interface}.$



Only the *admin* user account has the permission of restoring factory default parameters.

# 16.4.2 Deleting a User

### Steps:

- 1. Enter the User Management interface.
  - Menu >Configuration>User
- 2. Select the user to be deleted from the list, as shown in Figure 16. 8.

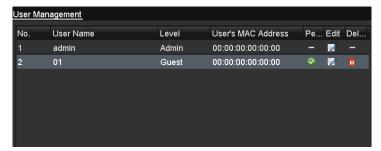


Figure 16. 8 User List

3. Click the icon to delete the selected user account.

# 16.4.3 Editing a User

For the added user accounts, you can edit the parameters.

#### Steps:

- **1.** Enter the User Management interface.
  - Menu > Configuration > User
- 2. Select the user to be edited from the list, as shown in Figure 16. 8.
- 3. Click the icon to enter the Edit User interface, as shown in Figure 16. 10.



Figure 16. 9 Edit User (Operator/Guest)

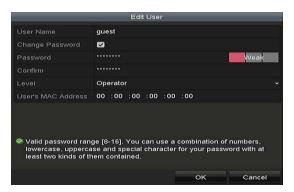


Figure 16. 10 Edit User (admin)

- 4. Edit the password for the user
  - Operator and Guest

You can edit the user information, including user name, password, permission level and MAC address.

Check the checkbox of **Change Password** if you want to change the password, and input the new password in the text field of **Password** and **Confirm**. A strong password is recommended.

### • Admin

You are only allowed to edit the password and MAC address. Check the checkbox of **Change Password** if you want to change the password, and the input the correct old password, and the new password in the text field of **Password** and **Confirm**.



**STRONG PASSWORD RECOMMENDED**—We highly recommend you create a strong password of your own choosing (Using a minimum of 8 characters, including at least three of the following categories: upper case letters, lower case letters, numbers, and special characters.) in order to increase the security of your product. And we recommend you reset your password regularly, especially in the high security system, resetting the password monthly or weekly can better protect your product.

- 5. Edit the unlock pattern for the admin user account.
  - 1) Check the checkbox of **Enable Unlock Pattern** to enable the use of unlock pattern when logging in to the device.
  - 2) Use the mouse to draw a pattern among the 9 dots on the screen. Release the mouse when the pattern is done.



Please refer to Chapter 2.3.1 Configuring the Unlock Pattern for detailed instructions.

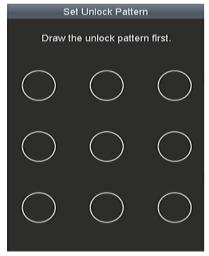


Figure 16. 11 Set Unlock Patter for Admin User

- **6.** Click the **OK** button to save the settings and exit the menu.
- 7. For the **Operator** or **Guest** user account, you can also click the icon on te user management interface to edit the permission.

# **Chapter 17 Appendix**

# 17.1 Glossary

- **Dual Stream:** Dual stream is a technology used to record high resolution video locally while transmitting a lower resolution stream over the network. The two streams are generated by the DVR, with the main stream having a maximum resolution of 4CIF and the sub-stream having a maximum resolution of CIF.
- **HDD:** Acronym for Hard Disk Drive. A storage medium which stores digitally encoded data on platters with magnetic surfaces.
- **DHCP:** Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) is a network application protocol used by devices (DHCP clients) to obtain configuration information for operation in an Internet Protocol network.
- HTTP: Acronym for Hypertext Transfer Protocol. A protocol to transfer hypertext request and information between servers and browsers over a network
- DDNS: Dynamic DNS is a method, protocol, or network service that provides the capability for a
  networked device, such as a router or computer system using the Internet Protocol Suite, to notify a
  domain name server to change, in real time (ad-hoc) the active DNS configuration of its configured
  hostnames, addresses or other information stored in DNS.
- Hybrid DVR: A hybrid DVR is a combination of a DVR and NVR.
- NTP: Acronym for Network Time Protocol. A protocol designed to synchronize the clocks of computers over a network.
- NTSC: Acronym for National Television System Committee. NTSC is an analog television standard used in such countries as the United States and Japan. Each frame of an NTSC signal contains 525 scan lines at 60Hz.
- NVR: Acronym for Network Video Recorder. An NVR can be a PC-based or embedded system used for centralized management and storage for IP cameras, IP Domes and other DVRs.
- PAL: Acronym for Phase Alternating Line. PAL is also another video standard used in broadcast televisions systems in large parts of the world. PAL signal contains 625 scan lines at 50Hz.
- **PTZ:** Acronym for Pan, Tilt, Zoom. PTZ cameras are motor driven systems that allow the camera to pan left and right, tilt up and down and zoom in and out.
- USB: Acronym for Universal Serial Bus. USB is a plug-and-play serial bus standard to interface devices to a host computer.

# 17.2 Troubleshooting

No image displayed on the monitor after starting up normally.

### **Possible Reasons**

- a) No VGA or HDMI connections.
- b) Connection cable is damaged.

c)Input mode of the monitor is incorrect.

### Steps

1. Verify the device is connected with the monitor via HDMI or VGA cable.

If not, please connect the device with the monitor and reboot.

2. Verify the connection cable is good.

If there is still no image display on the monitor after rebooting, please check if the connection cable is good, and change a cable to connect again.

3. Verify Input mode of the monitor is correct.

Please check the input mode of the monitor matches with the output mode of the device (e.g. if the output mode of NVR is HDMI output, then the input mode of monitor must be the HDMI input). And if not, please modify the input mode of monitor.

4. Check if the fault is solved by the step 1 to step 3.

If it is solved, finish the process.

If not, please contact the engineer to do the further process.

There is an audible warning sound "Di-Di-Di-DiDi" after a new bought NVR starts up.

# Possible Reasons

- a) No HDD is installed in the device.
- b) The installed HDD has not been initialized.

c)The installed HDD is not compatible with the NVR or is broken-down.

### Steps

- 1. Verify at least one HDD is installed in the NVR.
  - 1) If not, please install the compatible HDD.



Please refer to the "Quick Operation Guide" for the HDD installation steps.

- 2) If you don't want to install a HDD, select "Menu>Configuration > Exceptions", and uncheck the Audible Warning checkbox of "HDD Error".
- 2. Verify the HDD is initialized.
  - 1) Select "Menu>HDD>General".
  - 2) If the status of the HDD is "Uninitialized", please check the checkbox of corresponding HDD and click the "Init" button.
- 3. Verify the HDD is detected or is in good condition.
  - 1) Select "Menu>HDD>General".
  - If the HDD is not detected or the status is "Abnormal", please replace the dedicated HDD according to the requirement.
- **4.** Check if the fault is solved by the step 1 to step 3.

If it is solved, finish the process.

If not, please contact the engineer to do the further process.

 The status of the added IP camera displays as "Disconnected" when it is connected through Private Protocol. Select "Menu>Camera>Camera>IP Camera" to get the camera status.

#### Possible Reasons

- a) Network failure, and the NVR and IP camera lost connections.
- b) The configured parameters are incorrect when adding the IP camera.
- c)Insufficient bandwidth.

### Steps

- 1. Verify the network is connected.
  - 1) Connect the NVR and PC with the RS-232 cable.
  - Open the Super Terminal software, and execute the ping command. Input "ping IP" (e.g. ping 172.6.22.131).



Simultaneously press **Ctrl** and **C** to exit the ping command.

If there exists return information and the time value is little, the network is normal.

- 2. Verify the configuration parameters are correct.
  - 1) Select "Menu>Camera>Camera>IP Camera".
  - 2) Verify the following parameters are the same with those of the connected IP devices, including IP address, protocol, management port, user name and password.
- 3. Verify the whether the bandwidth is enough.
  - 1) Select "Menu > Maintenance > Net Detect > Network Stat.".
  - 2) Check the usage of the access bandwidth, and see if the total bandwidth has reached its limit.
- 4. Check if the fault is solved by the step 1 to step 3.

If it is solved, finish the process.

If not, please contact the engineer to do the further process.

The IP camera frequently goes online and offline and the status of it displays as "Disconnected".

# **Possible Reasons**

- a) The IP camera and the NVR versions are not compatible.
- b) Unstable power supply of IP camera.
- c)Unstable network between IP camera and NVR.
- d) Limited flow by the switch connected with IP camera and NVR.

# Steps

- 1. Verify the IP camera and the NVR versions are compatible.
  - 1) Enter the IP camera Management interface "Menu > Camera > Camera > IP Camera", and view the firmware version of connected IP camera.
  - 2) Enter the System Info interface "Menu>Maintenance>System Info>Device Info", and view the firmware version of NVR.
- 2. Verify power supply of IP camera is stable.
  - 1) Verify the power indicator is normal.
  - 2) When the IP camera is offline, please try the ping command on PC to check if the PC connects with the IP camera.
- 3. Verify the network between IP camera and NVR is stable.
  - 1) When the IP camera is offline, connect PC and NVR with the RS-232 cable.
  - Open the Super Terminal, use the ping command and keep sending large data packages to the connected IP camera, and check if there exists packet loss.



Simultaneously press Ctrl and C to exit the ping command.

Example: Input ping 172.6.22.131 - I 1472 - f.

4. Verify the switch is not flow control.

Check the brand, model of the switch connecting IP camera and NVR, and contact with the manufacturer of the switch to check if it has the function of flow control. If so, please turn it down.

5. Check if the fault is solved by the step 1 to step 4.

If it is solved, finish the process.

If not, please contact the engineer to do the further process.

No monitor connected with the NVR locally and when you manage the IP camera to connect with the
device by web browser remotely, of which the status displays as Connected. And then you connect the
device with the monitor via VGA or HDMI interface and reboot the device, there is black screen with the
mouse cursor.

Connect the NVR with the monitor before startup via VGA or HDMI interface, and manage the IP camera to connect with the device locally or remotely, the status of IP camera displays as Connect. And then connect the device with the CVBS, and there is black screen either.

#### Possible Reasons:

After connecting the IP camera to the NVR, the image is output via the main spot interface by default.

### Steps:

- 1. Enable the output channel.
- Select "Menu > Configuration > Live View > View", and select video output interface in the drop-down list and configure the window you want to view.



- The view settings can only be configured by the local operation of NVR.
- Different camera orders and window-division modes can be set for different output interfaces separately, and digits like "D1" and "D2" stands for the channel number, and "X" means the selected window has no image output.
- **3.** Check if the fault is solved by the above steps.

If it is solved, finish the process.

If not, please contact the engineer to do the further process.

Live view stuck when video output locally.

# Possible Reasons:

- a) Poor network between NVR and IP camera, and there exists packet loss during the transmission.
- b) The frame rate has not reached the real-time frame rate.

### Steps:

- 1. Verify the network between NVR and IP camera is connected.
  - 1) When image is stuck, connect the RS-232 ports on PC and the rear panel of NVR with the RS-232 cable.
  - 2) Open the Super Terminal, and execute the command of "ping 192.168.0.0 –l 1472 –f" (the IP address may change according to the real condition), and check if there exists packet loss.



Simultaneously press **Ctrl** and **C** to exit the ping command.

**2.** Verify the frame rate is real-time frame rate.

Select "Menu > Record > Parameters > Record", and set the Frame rate to Full Frame.

**3.** Check if the fault is solved by the above steps.

If it is solved, finish the process.

If not, please contact the engineer to do the further process.

- Live view stuck when video output remotely via the Internet Explorer or platform software.
   Possible Reasons:
  - a)Poor network between NVR and IP camera, and there exists packet loss during the transmission.
  - b)Poor network between NVR and PC, and there exists packet loss during the transmission.
  - c) The performances of hardware are not good enough, including CPU, memory, etc.

### Steps:

- 1. Verify the network between NVR and IP camera is connected.
  - 1) When image is stuck, connect the RS-232 ports on PC and the rear panel of NVR with the RS-232 cable
  - 2) Open the Super Terminal, and execute the command of "ping 192.168.0.0 I 1472 f" (the IP address may change according to the real condition), and check if there exists packet loss.



Simultaneously press Ctrl and C to exit the ping command.

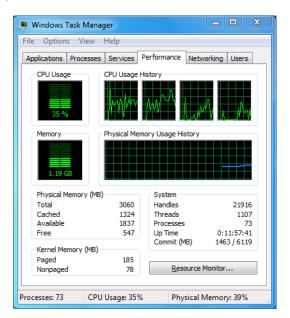
- 2. Verify the network between NVR and PC is connected.
  - 1) Open the cmd window in the Start menu, or you can press "windows+R" shortcut key to open it.
  - 2) Use the ping command to send large packet to the NVR, execute the command of "ping 192.168.0.0 –I 1472 –f" (the IP address may change according to the real condition), and check if there exists packet loss.



Simultaneously press  ${\bf Ctrl}$  and  ${\bf C}$  to exit the ping command.

**3.** Verify the hardware of the PC is good enough.

Simultaneously press **Ctrl**, **Alt** and **Delete** to enter the windows task management interface, as shown in the following figure.



Windows task management interface

• Select the "Performance" tab; check the status of the CPU and Memory.

- If the resource is not enough, please end some unnecessary processes.
- **4.** Check if the fault is solved by the above steps.

If it is solved, finish the process.

If not, please contact the engineer to do the further process.

 When using the NVR to get the live view audio, there is no sound or there is too much noise, or the volume is too low.

### Possible Reasons:

- a) Cable between the pickup and IP camera is not connected well; impedance mismatches or incompatible.
- b) The stream type is not set as "Video & Audio".
- c)The encoding standard is not supported with NVR.

### Steps:

 Verify the cable between the pickup and IP camera is connected well; impedance matches and compatible.

Log in the IP camera directly, and turn the audio on, check if the sound is normal. If not, please contact the manufacturer of the IP camera.

2. Verify the setting parameters are correct.

Select "Menu > Record > Parameters > Record", and set the Stream Type as "Audio & Video".

3. Verify the audio encoding standard of the IP camera is supported by the NVR.

NVR supports G722.1 and G711 standards, and if the encoding parameter of the input audio is not one of the previous two standards, you can log in the IP camera to configure it to the supported standard.

**4.** Check if the fault is solved by the above steps.

If it is solved, finish the process.

If not, please contact the engineer to do the further process.

The image gets stuck when NVR is playing back by single or multi-channel.

### Possible Reasons:

- a) Poor network between NVR and IP camera, and there exists packet loss during the transmission.
- b) The frame rate is not the real-time frame rate.
- c)The NVR supports up to 16-channel synchronize playback at the resolution of 4CIF, if you want a 16-channel synchronize playback at the resolution of 720p, the frame extracting may occur, which leads to a slight stuck.

### Steps:

- 1. Verify the network between NVR and IP camera is connected.
  - 1) When image is stuck, connect the RS-232 ports on PC and the rear panel of NVR with the RS-232 cable.
  - 2) Open the Super Terminal, and execute the command of "ping 192.168.0.0 –l 1472 –f" (the IP address may change according to the real condition), and check if there exists packet loss.



Simultaneously press the Ctrl and C to exit the ping command.

2. Verify the frame rate is real-time frame rate.

Select "Menu > Record > Parameters > Record", and set the Frame Rate to "Full Frame".

3. Verify the hardware can afford the playback.

Reduce the channel number of playback.

Select "Menu > Record > Encoding > Record", and set the resolution and bitrate to a lower level.

4. Reduce the number of local playback channel.

Select "Menu > Playback", and uncheck the checkbox of unnecessary channels.

**5.** Check if the fault is solved by the above steps.

If it is solved, finish the process.

If not, please contact the engineer to do the further process.

• No record file found in the NVR local HDD, and prompt "No record file found".

### Possible Reasons:

- a) The time setting of system is incorrect.
- b) The search condition is incorrect.
- c)The HDD is error or not detected.

# Steps:

1. Verify the system time setting is correct.

Select "Menu > Configuration > General > General", and verify the "Device Time" is correct.

**2.** Verify the search condition is correct.

Select "Playback", and verify the channel and time are correct.

**3.** Verify the HDD status is normal.

Select "Menu > HDD > General" to view the HDD status, and verify the HDD is detected and can be read and written normally.

**4.** Check if the fault is solved by the above steps.

If it is solved, finish the process.

If not, please contact the engineer to do the further process.